



WordPress Editors' Guide

A complete guide to Editors' functions in WordPress



Username or Email Address

Password

Remember Me

Log In

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Quick Start

Login

The login form is a white rectangular box with a thin border. At the top, it features the Hubsitebuilder logo and tagline. Below the logo, there are two input fields: "Username or Email Address" and "Password". Below the "Password" field, there is a checkbox labeled "Remember Me" and a blue "Log In" button.

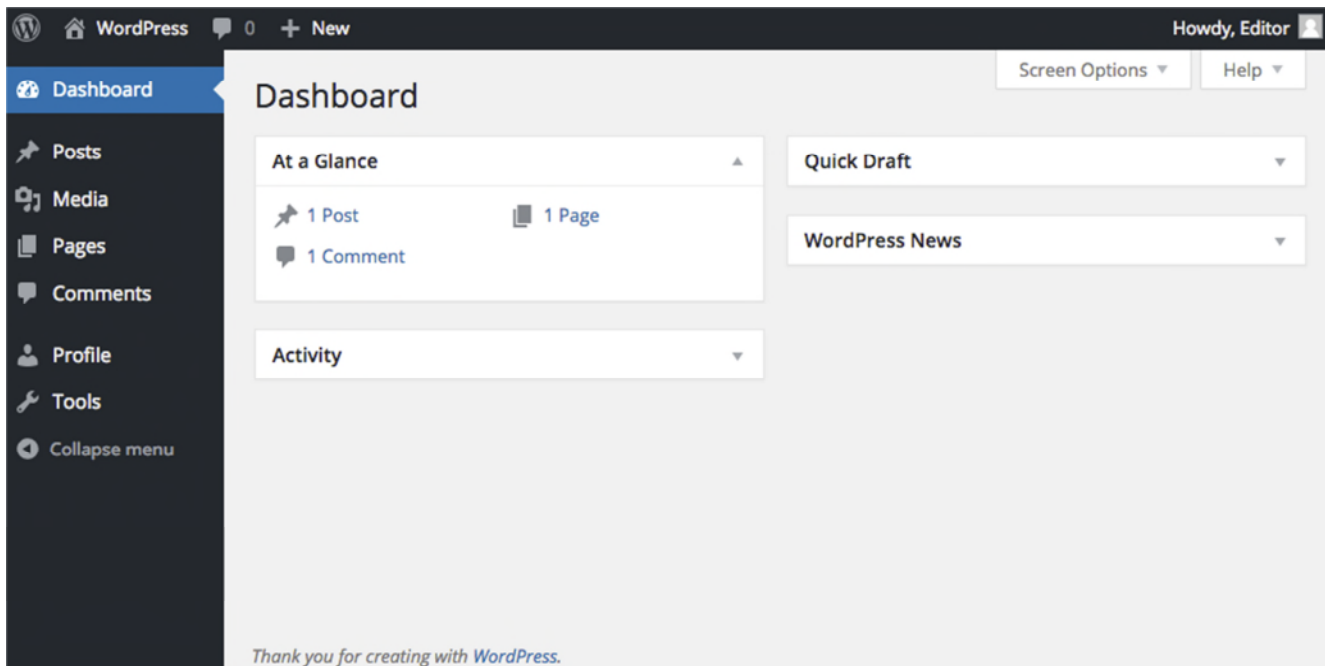
Username or Email Address

Password

Remember Me

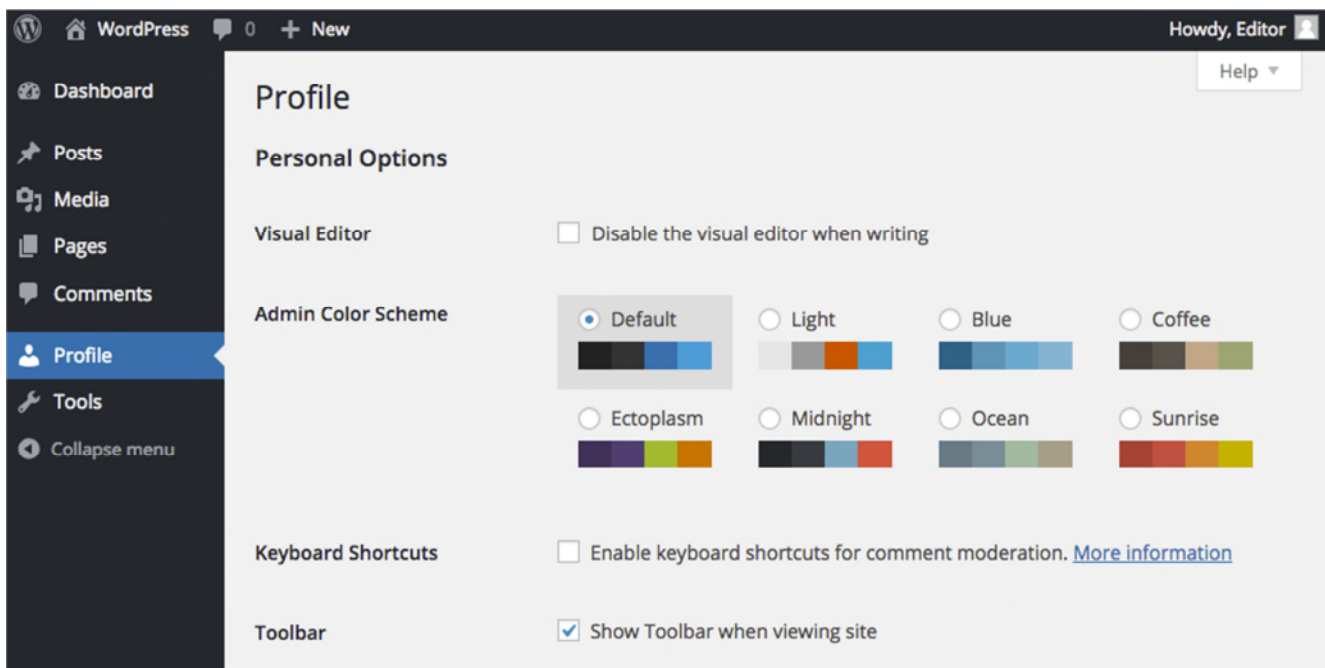
Enter your **Username** or **Email** and **Password** as supplied by your web developer or IT Department to log in to the administration system.

Once you're in you will see the **Dashboard**:



The first thing you need to do is change your password to something more meaningful that you can remember. Click on **Profile** towards the left hand menu.

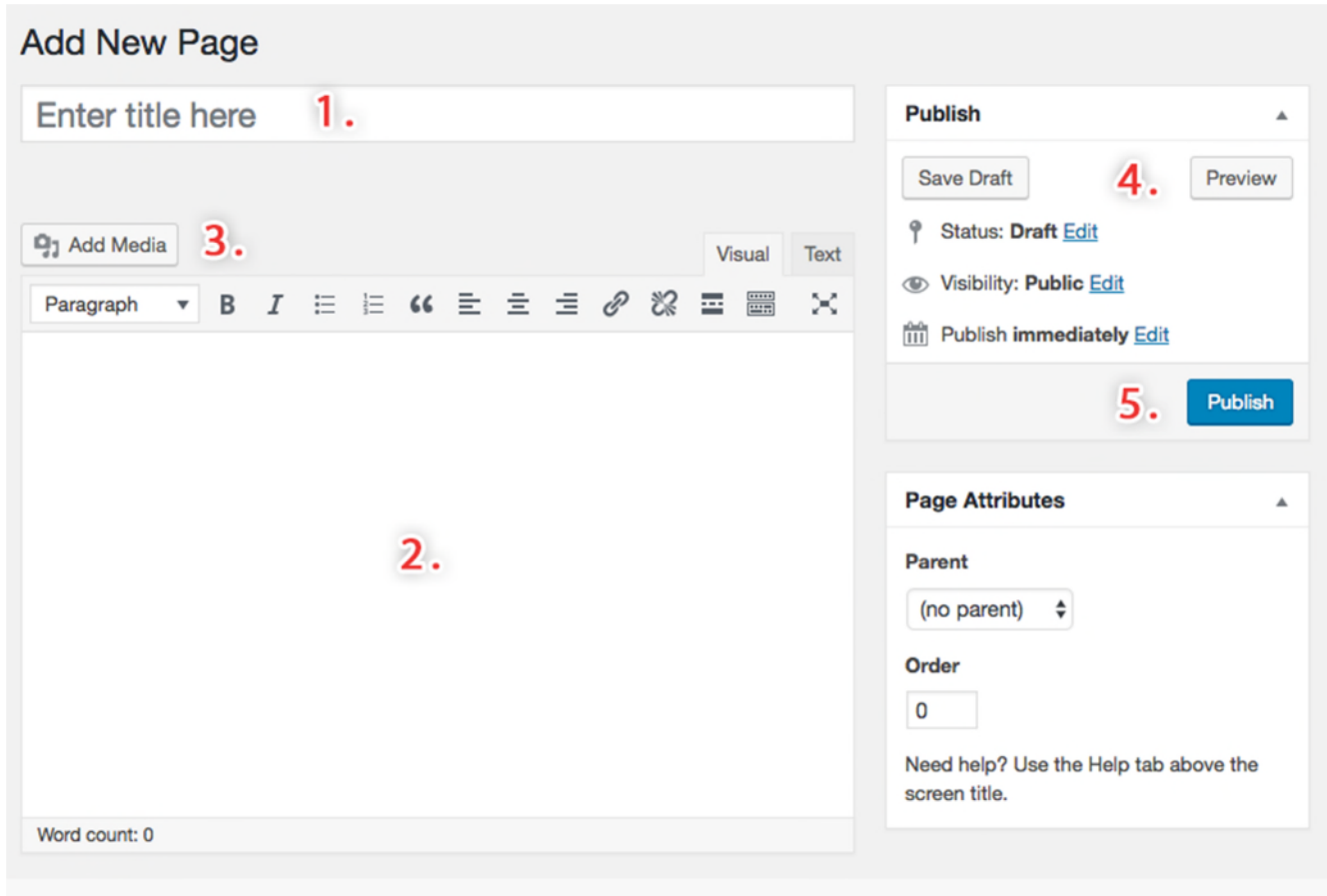
Profile



Here you can update any of your personal information, including your password, which is found at the bottom of this page. Click on the **Update Profile** button when you're done.

Now it's time to add some content or edit some existing content. If you are unsure whether you should be using **Pages** or **Posts**, read **Pages vs. Posts** in the Content section.

Edit/Add New Pages



1. The first field you need to fill in is the page title.
2. Then use the visual editor to enter the content for your page.



Hint: Click on the **Full Screen** button:

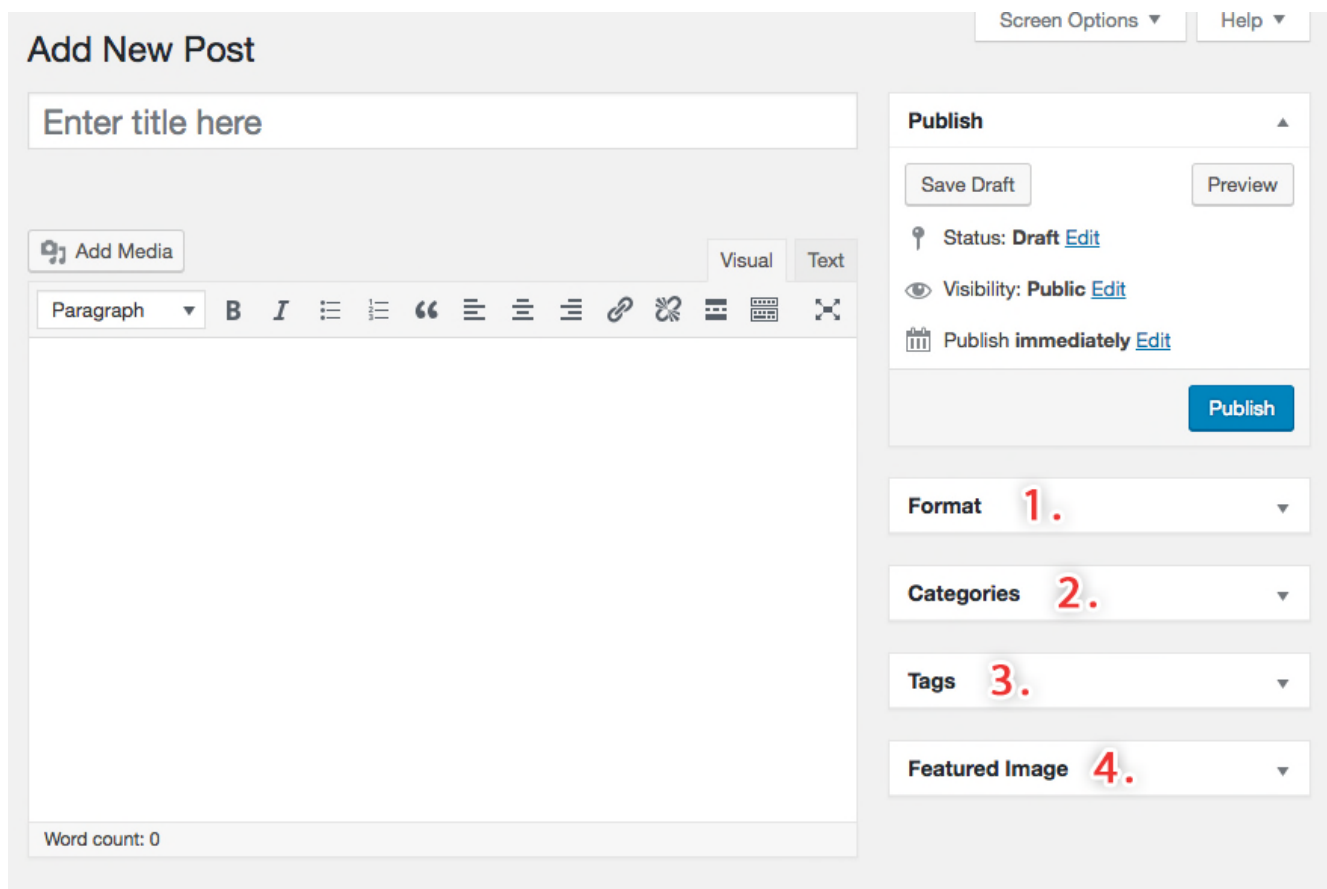


This allows you to edit your page in full screen mode, giving you greater control over your work area.

NB: Learn more about the *Full Screen Mode* or *Distraction-Free Writing Mode* at *The Editor* section in the next few chapters of the manual.

3. **Add Media** allows you to add media such as images, audio and video and assign titles and descriptions to media files. For more detailed information about this process, read the Media section in the Editors Guide.
4. When you are happy with your page, click on the **Preview** button found at the top right corner of the **Publish** module on the right hand side of the page. This will give a real life preview of how your page will look on your website.
5. Once you're happy for your page to go public, click on the **Publish** button at the bottom of the **Publish** module. If you are editing an existing page this button is called **Update**.

Edit/Add New Posts



Add New Post

Screen Options ▾ Help ▾

Enter title here

Add Media

Visual Text

Paragraph **B** *I* [List] [List] [Quote] [List] [List] [List] [Link] [Image] [Table] [Table] [Table]

Word count: 0

Publish ▾

Save Draft Preview

Status: **Draft** [Edit](#)

Visibility: **Public** [Edit](#)

Publish **immediately** [Edit](#)

Publish

Format **1.** ▾

Categories **2.** ▾

Tags **3.** ▾

Featured Image **4.** ▾

Adding or Editing **Posts** functions much the same as **Pages**, however there are some additional information you need to enter.



1. You can change the presentation of your posts by setting up Format.
2. You will also need to assign the post to a category which will affect where and when the post appears on the website.
3. On the right hand side underneath the Categories module you can add Tags to your post. Tags are like keywords that visitors may use to search for related articles. For example, adding the tag "wedding" to a catering article and a photography article may help your visitors find related content on your website.
4. There is also an option to add a Featured Image to your post.

You can **preview and edit** posts in the same way as you do for pages. When you want to publish or save your changes click on the **Publish** or **Update** button.

Editors Guide

Welcome to the administration system that manages all of the content for your website. You have been made an Editor within the system, which means you have been granted access to create new content and edit existing content. This guide will walk you through the steps involved.

The first task you have to do is to log in to the system so you can make changes or add content.

Login

By now, you should have been given a **username** or **email** and a **password** by your developer or IT department.

The login screen looks like this:



Username or Email Address

Password

Remember Me

Simply type your **username or email** into the field labeled “**Username**” and then click in the field labeled “**Password**” and enter your **password**.



Hint: You can also use the “**tab**” key on the keyboard to move into the “**Password**” field and make it active.

Take care to make sure the details you enter into both of these fields exactly match the details you have been supplied. The **username** is **usually** case-sensitive (meaning that uppercase and lowercase letters are different) and the **password** is **always** case-sensitive.

You can place a tick in the box labeled “**Remember Me**” and the system will attempt to remember you to save you having to enter these details next time.



Technical: These details will be stored in the system memory until you empty your internet browser's memory or clear your history. It doesn't matter if you don't understand this all, what is important is that if you tick this box it can save you time in the future.

Once you entered the correct details, click on the "**Log In**" button, or hit the "**enter**" key on your keyboard.

If you have forgotten your **password** click on the text that reads "**Lost your password?**" and you will be taken to this screen:



Please enter your username or email address.
You will receive a link to create a new password
via email.

Username or E-mail:

Get New Password

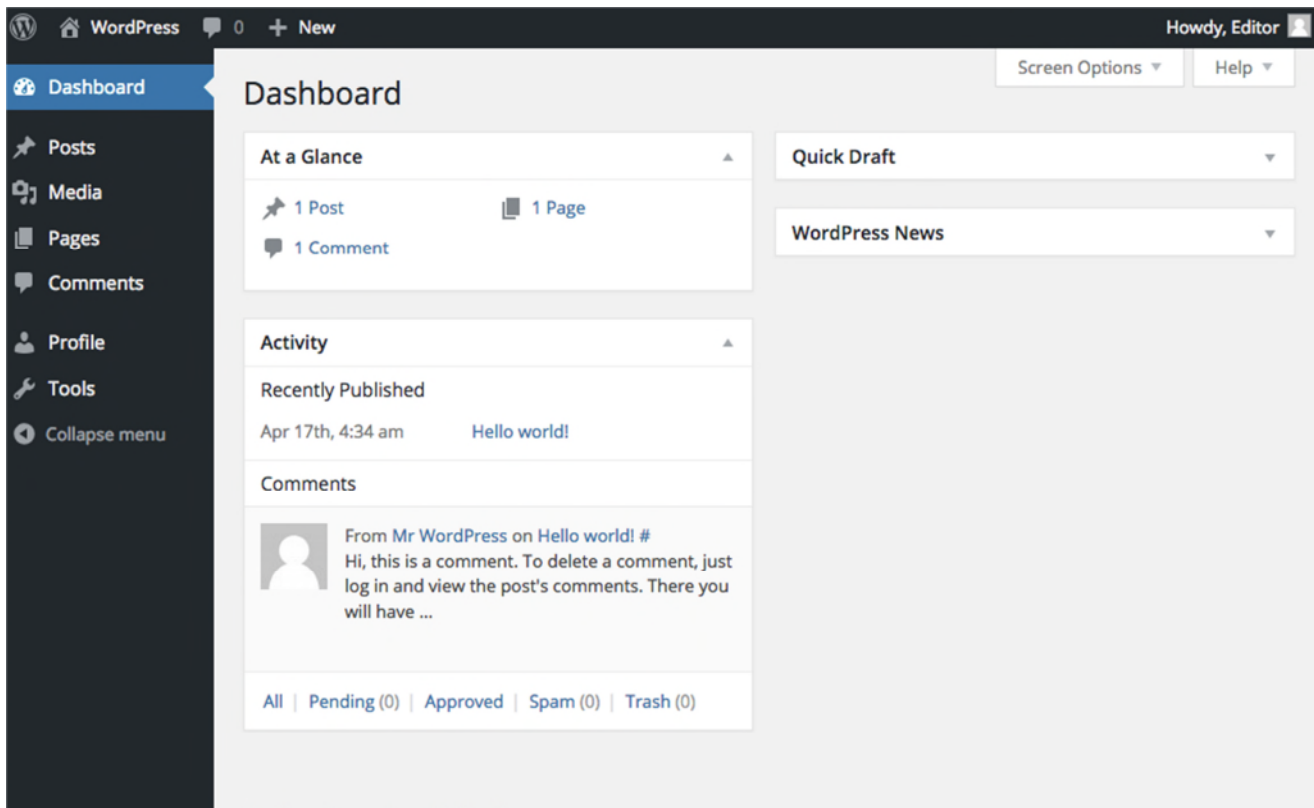
Type your **username** or **email** address into the field and click on the "**Get New Password**" button. A new **password** will be emailed to you.

Once you have your new **password**, login.

When you have logged in you will be taken to **The Dashboard**.

The Dashboard

The Dashboard screen, also considered the **home page** of the admin system, looks like this:



The Admin Window Explained

The Dashboard, along with all of the screens you will come across in the admin system, consists of the following four key elements:

- The Header
- The Sidebar
- The Editor
- The Footer

The Header

The header looks like this:



The header provides you with:

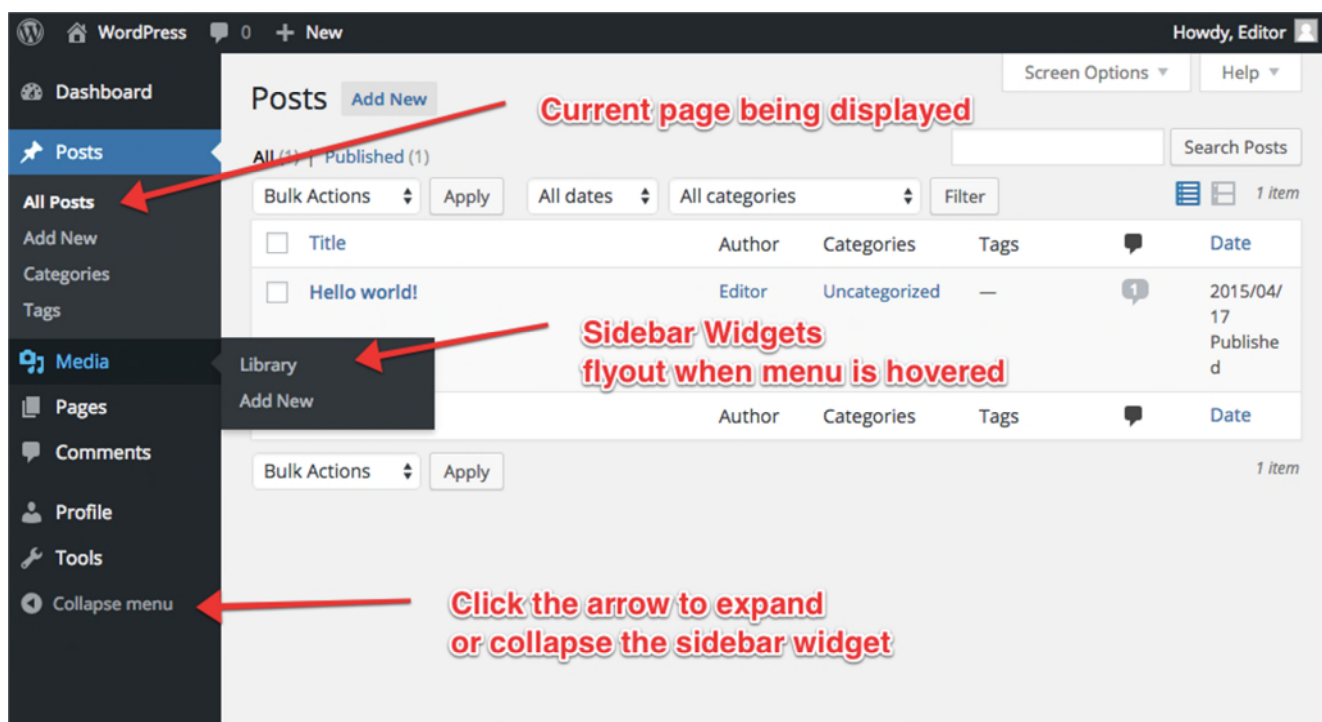
- A drop down list at:
 - **WordPress Logo** – that links you to WordPress information, documentation, forums and feedbacks.

- To **visit** your website
 - For Adding New **Post, Media, Link** and **Page**
 - To the user currently logged – where in you can view his/her **avatar** if its available, **role** and a link to **Log Out** of the system
- And a link to the **Edit Comment** page.

These features will be explained in more detail later on.

The Sidebar

The sidebar looks like this:



The sidebar provides you with a comprehensive list of **tools** that allow us to perform **functions** in the admin system. Each set of tools is grouped into what we call "**widgets**".



Hint: Widgets like **Posts, Media, Links** and **Pages** has a drop down arrow in the top-right corner, which allows you to expand or collapse the widget.

You can also expand or collapse the entire sidebar by clicking on the **Collapse Menu**, which appears as the last link on the sidebar.

	This is useful for saving space on your screen.
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In order from top to bottom, our widgets are:

- The Dashboard
- Posts
 - All Posts
 - Add New
 - Categories
 - Tags
- Media
 - Library
 - Add New

Keyboard Shortcuts

You can create headings and lists without having to use the editor toolbar. For a heading all you have to do is simply type in the editor:

This is a sample heading

This will create a heading one (the largest heading). To create a subheading, for example a heading two, just type:

This is also a sample heading

To create other headings type

heading three

heading four

heading five

To create a numbered list all you need to do is type:

1. first item

2. second item

3. third item

The editor will automatically change this to be a numbered list.

To create a bullet list simply type:

*** first item**

*** second item**

*** third item**

The editor will automatically change this to be a bulleted list.

- Pages
 - All Pages
 - Add New
- Comments

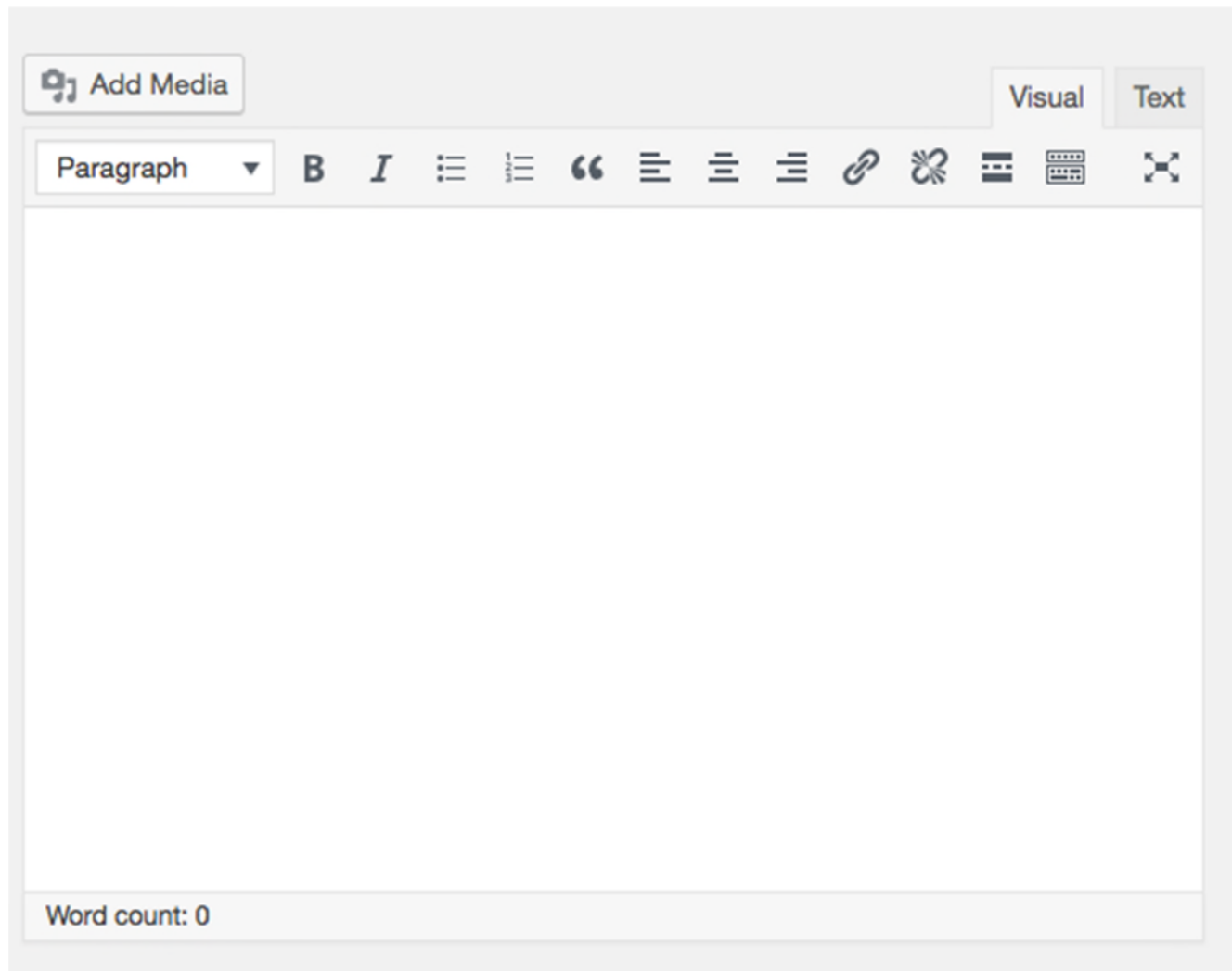
Profile

- Tools

Each of these tools will be explained in more detail later on.

The Editor

The editor looks like this:



The editor is where you add new content or change existing content in your website. The **modules** in the editor change according to which tool you are using from the sidebar.

On the dashboard screen there are seven modules:

In order from top to bottom, our modules are:

- Right Now
- Recent Comments
- Incoming Links
- Quick **Links**
- WordPress Blogs and

- Other WordPress News

Each of these modules will be explained in more detail later on.



Hint: Many modules within the admin system can be picked up and moved around in order for you to better manage your work area.

To move a module position, move the mouse over the grey bar at the top of the module until the mouse becomes a cross with arrows like this:



Then hold down the mouse button and move the module to its new location.

If a module is unable to be moved or cannot be moved to the location you chose, it will automatically return to its original position.

Modules can also be expanded and collapsed by clicking on the down arrow in the top-right corner of each module

In the top-right corner of the editor you will find two buttons:

- Screen Options, and
- Help

If you click on the **Screen Options** button a module will slide open allowing you to hide or show any of the modules in the editor. This gives you greater control over your work area.

Clicking on the **Help** button will slide open the Help module and provide tips for the screen you are in.



Technical: This help module is designed more for developers and the IT department so more than likely you will not need it. All the help you need should be right here in this user's guide.

The Footer

The footer looks like this:

Thank you for creating with WordPress.

The footer contains a link to the WordPress website and the version number of WordPress you are running. The footer also provides a visual cue for you that you are at the end of the page.

Dashboard Modules

At a Glance

The first module on the dashboard screen is called "**At a glance**" and provides you with a snapshot of the content in your website.

In the example there is **1 Post**, **5 Pages**, as well as **2 Comments**.

We'll cover each of these in more detail later on.

You'll notice that the information in this module also links to the relevant sections of the admin system. For example: **1 Page** links to the "**Edit Pages**" screen. This provides easy navigation between admin sections.



Technical: Themes, widgets and version upgrades are tasks assigned to administrators. As an editor, you are not able to make these changes.



Activity

The **Activity** module shows the most recent posts and pages that were published and also recent comments made by visitors to your website. If you position the mouse over a comment, a menu appears underneath it with the following options:

- Unapprove**
- Reply**
- Edit**
- Spam**
- Trash**

There is also a **All** link to the Comments screen in the admin system where you can view all the comments that have been made.

We'll cover Comments in more detail later on.

Comments may not necessarily be enabled on your website. If they are not enabled then just ignore the **Recent Comments** module.

Quick Draft

The **Quick Draft** module allows you to quick note down any ideas you have for a post directly on the dashboard.

This will make sense once you have read the Add New Post section. Just know that this is a handy tool for quickly jotting down ideas while they are fresh and before you lose your train of thought.

WordPress News

The **WordPress News** displays recent entries by WordPress developers about the general ongoing evolution of the WordPress platform. This may or may not interest you.

For day-to-day use, you could safely turn off the **WordPress Blog** and **Other WordPress News** modules by clicking on the **Screen Options** button in the top-right corner and un-ticking the appropriate boxes.

Admin Bar

If you enable the admin bar in your profile you will see the **Admin Bar** as a solid black bar that appears at the top of the page. The admin bar can be switched on or off on the “live” website in your profile settings.



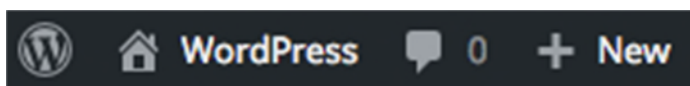
Starting from the left, the admin bar contains a small **WordPress logo** drop down menu, which contains links to **WordPress updates**, **WordPress site**, **documentation**, **support forums** and **feedbacks**. Then, a link to the **dashboard**, a link to **Edit Comments** and **Add New** dropdown menu for **Post**, **Media**, **Link** and **Page**.

Across the right most part of the admin bar contains a **small picture** (avatar) of whoever is logged into the site. Following the avatar is the **username** of the person logged in and **Search** icon that toggles to being the **Search box** once clicked.

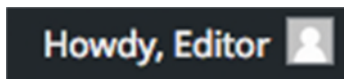
The username is a dropdown list, which consists of:

- Edit My Profile** - a link to Profile page.
- Log Out** - a quick way to log out your admin control.

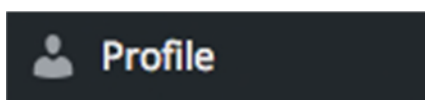
The Admin Bar's left panel looks like this:



The right side of the Admin Bar looks like this:

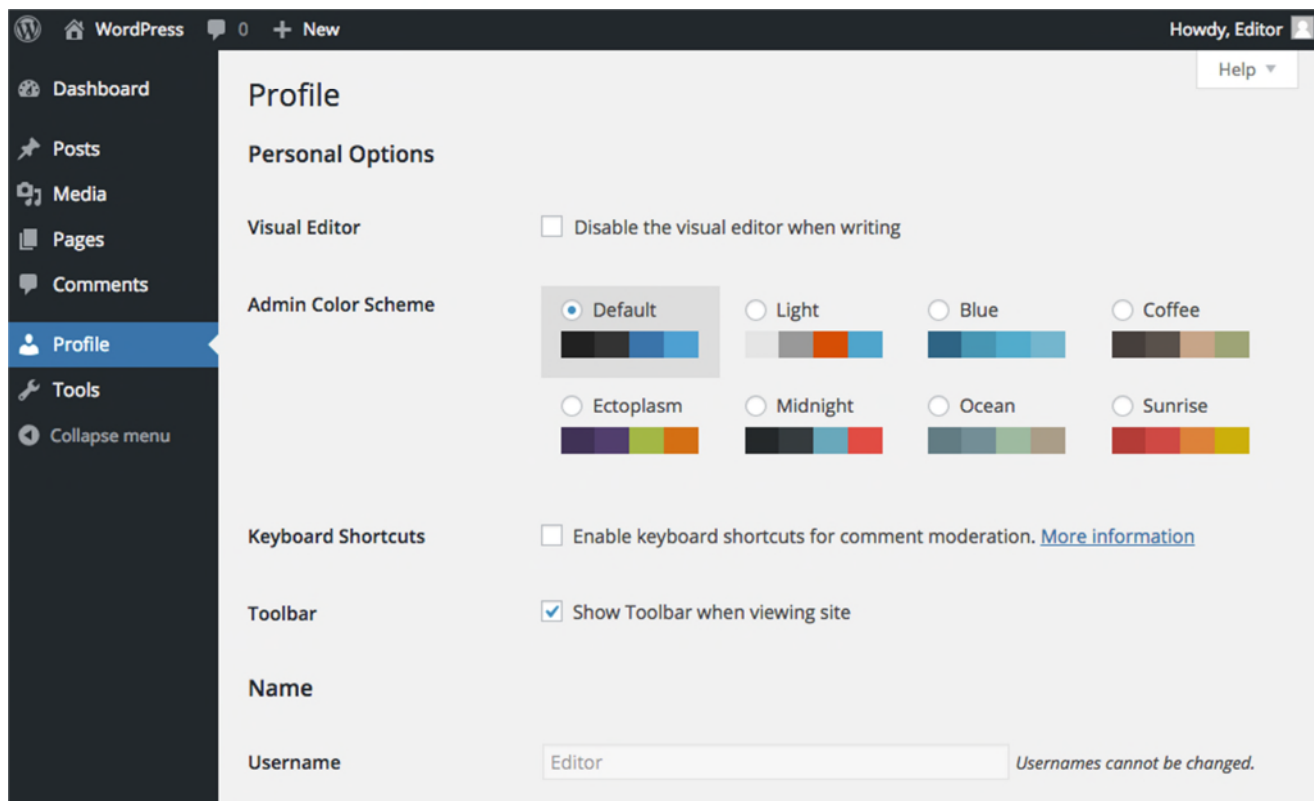


Profile



You can access your profile by clicking on the **Profile** widget in the sidebar or clicking on your username next to the word "**Howdy**" in the header. This "Howdy" reference is a way of letting you know that you are logged in under your username. Some admin systems may have multiple users logged in at once so this is a useful tool for making sure you are logged in correctly.


The Profile screen looks like this:



In the Profile screen you can change your personal options, name and contact information.

Personal Options

The **Visual Editor** is what you will use when writing or editing posts and pages in the website. Disabling the visual editor means you will only be able to write posts and pages using html and will have no visual representation of the content you're working with.

	<p>Caution: It is recommended that you do not tick this box unless you are an experienced html programmer and are familiar with WordPress.</p>
---	--

The **Admin Color Scheme** allows you to change the color scheme of the admin system to your preference.

Keyboard Shortcuts allow you to navigate and perform functions in the comments screen. This is useful if you receive a large number of comments from visitors to your site. If you do not have comments enabled please ignore the following paragraph.



Briefly, if the keyboard shortcuts box is ticked you can move up and down through your list of comments by using the keys "k" and "j" respectively. Once a comment is selected (as shown by a light blue background) you can use the following commands on the keyboard:

- a** – approves the comment
- s** – marks the comment as spam
- d** – deletes the comment
- u** – unapproves the comment
- r** – replies to the comment, and
- q** – allows for a quick edit of the comment

More information is available at the official documentation for WordPress:

http://codex.wordpress.org/Keyboard_Shortcuts

Name

Your username is set when you are established as a user in the system by the administrator and cannot be changed. You can change your **first name**, **last name** and **nickname** as well as how your name will be displayed on the website. Depending on how your website has been designed, your name may be displayed as an author of posts or pages that you have contributed. The option labeled "**Display name publicly as**" is where you can determine how you want your name displayed to the public.

Contact Info

Your email address is required and is entered when the administrator establishes you as a user in the system. If your email address is incorrect or changes, update it here. You can also enter more optional personal information like your website address, AIM (AOL Instant Messenger) name, Yahoo Instant Messenger name and Yabber/Google Talk name as well as a brief biography. Some of this information may be shown publicly on your website depending on how it has been setup.

NB: If you are unsure about any of this, consult with your web developer or IT department.

If you have been assigned a password that you did not set, you can change your password here to one that you will remember. Measure the strength of your password with the strength indicator. Maintaining a strong password is important to make sure you are the only person logging in and making changes under your username.



Caution: Strong passwords are at least seven characters long and contain a combination of upper and lower case letters as well as numbers and symbols such as !@#”?\$/%^&*()

When you have made all of your changes, click on the “**Update Profile**” button and all of your personal profile details will be updated in the system.

Content

Pages Vs Posts

The admin system provides two ways of creating content for your website:

- A **page**, or
- A **post**.

To determine which is the best option for your content, you need to first understand the difference between the two.

Page

A page includes an overall structure for presenting information on your website. For example: a page will include the **header**, (top part of the page usually containing a logo and navigation menu), a section for the main **content** of the page and a **footer** (the bottom part of the page usually containing some legal information, copyright notices and other links). A page may also include a **sidebar** on the left or right hand side containing links to other sections of the site

Pages are not generally updated or changed on a regular basis, however some of the content on a page, including posts, may be updated regularly.

Think of a page as you would if you were reading a newspaper. The one page can be broken up into many different sections for a feature article, related stories and advertisements.

Pages are generally accessed by the main navigation menu on your website.

Examples of pages on your website might include **About Us, Contact Details, Mission Statement, Products and Services and Legal Information.**

Post

Considering the newspaper model, a post can be thought of as essentially one article. It is written and published at a given point in time about a particular subject in a specific **category** and posted on a certain page. The sports page, for example may contain several posts from the sports category.

Posts are primarily written as part of a blog (web based log of events - or journal). However posts have multiple functions and using them creatively can give you greater control over the management of your websites content.

Posts belong to one or more categories and can be sorted and displayed in all sorts of ways on your website.

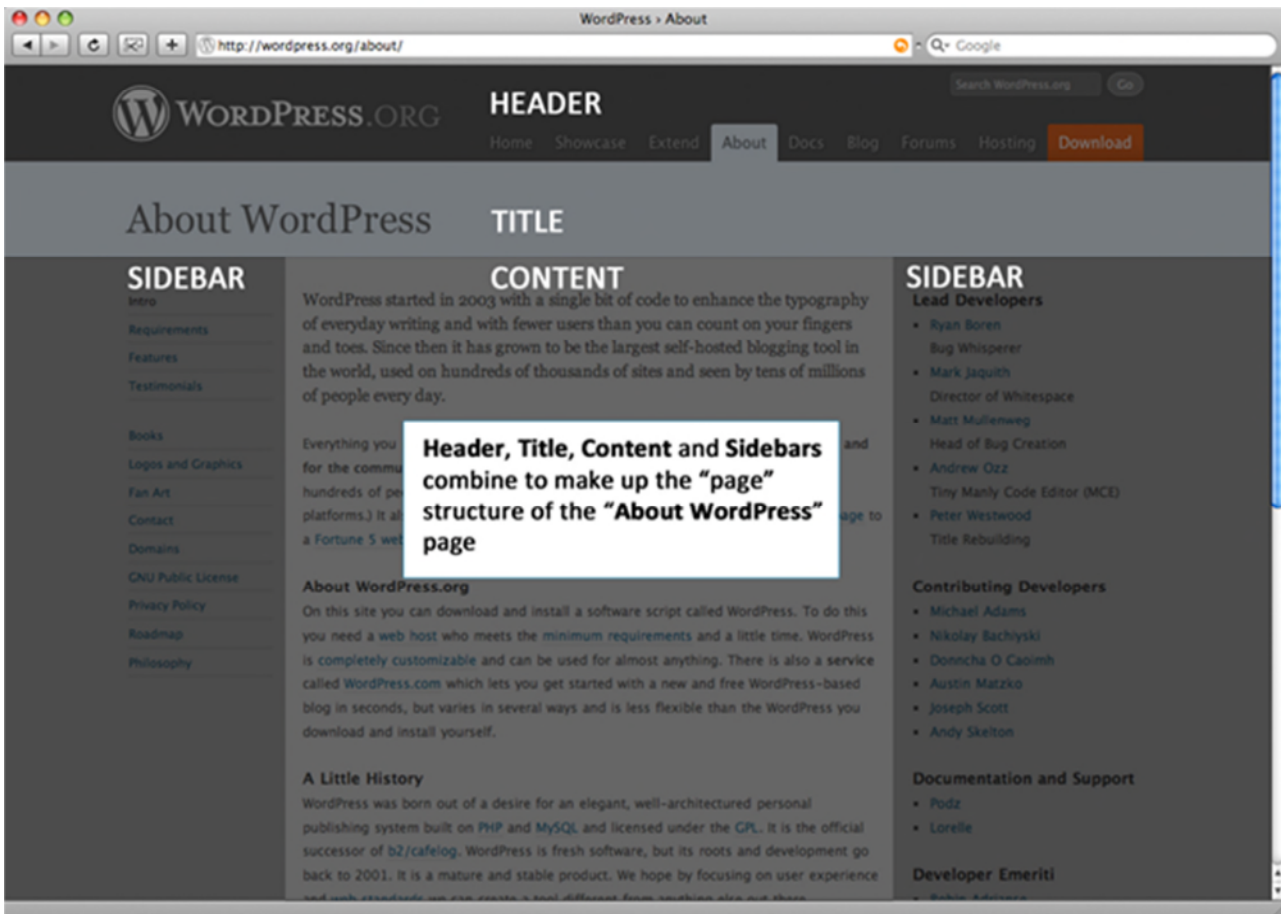
Examples of posts on your website might include **press releases**, **product fact sheets**, **general news articles** and **blog entries**.



Technical: Posts can live on pages – in the main content area. Pages cannot live on posts.

The following screenshots may help to explain the difference between a page and a post.

A page:



A post:



If you are updating your site or adding content on a regular basis, it is more than likely you will be using posts.

NB: If you are still unsure about whether or not to use a page or a post for your content, consult your web developer or IT department.

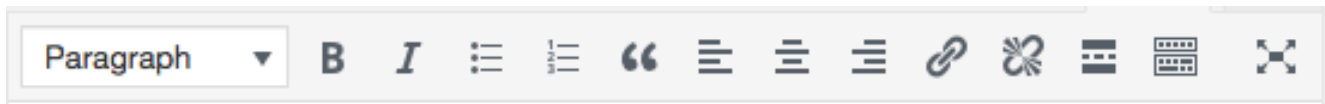
Now that you have an understanding of the difference between a page and a post, let's look at how to edit existing content or add new content.












We're going to start off easy by editing an existing page to get you familiar with the tools you need to use.

The Editor

The Toolbar

Above **The Editor** rectangle there is a **toolbar** containing common tools for formatting your content. Similar to some word processing programs like Microsoft Word, the standard tools are, from left to right:



- | | |
|---|--|
|  | Bold – to make text bold . |
|  | Italic – to put text in <i>italics</i> . |
|  | Strikethrough – to mark text as deleted |
|  | Bullet List – also known as an unordered list: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><input type="checkbox"/> This is an item in a bulleted list<input type="checkbox"/> This is a second bulleted item. |
|  | Numbered List – also known as an ordered list: <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. This is an item in a numbered list2. This is a second item in a numbered list. |
|  | Blockquote – used for quoting somebody in an article. |
|  | Horizontal line – adds a horizontal line that can separate content. |
|  | Justify left – align the text in the paragraph left. |
|  | Justify Center – align the text in the center. |
|  | Justify Right – align the text right. |
|  | Link – insert a link to another webpage (also called a hyperlink). |



Unlink – remove the hyperlink.



Insert 'More' Tag – this splits the page into two parts. This may result in your website displaying the content *before* the 'More' tag and placing a “read more” link for users to click through and read the full page



Fullscreen – this allows you to edit your page in full screen mode, giving you greater control over your work area.

NB: See below to learn more about the **Fullscreen** mode

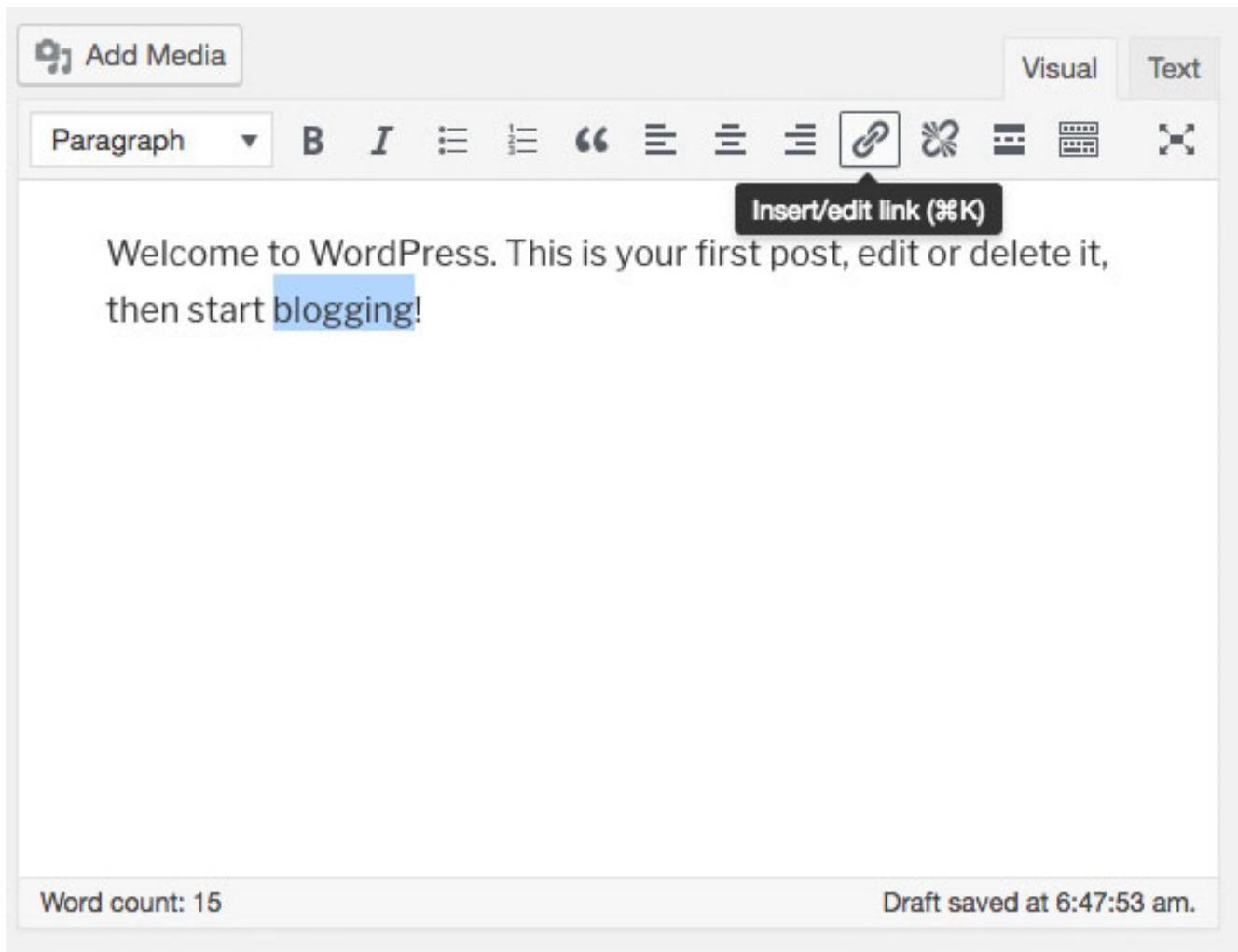


Toggle Toolbar – this button turns on or off the extra buttons available on the toolbar.

Insert/Edit Link

To add a link to your page or post, highlight the word that you want to make the link.

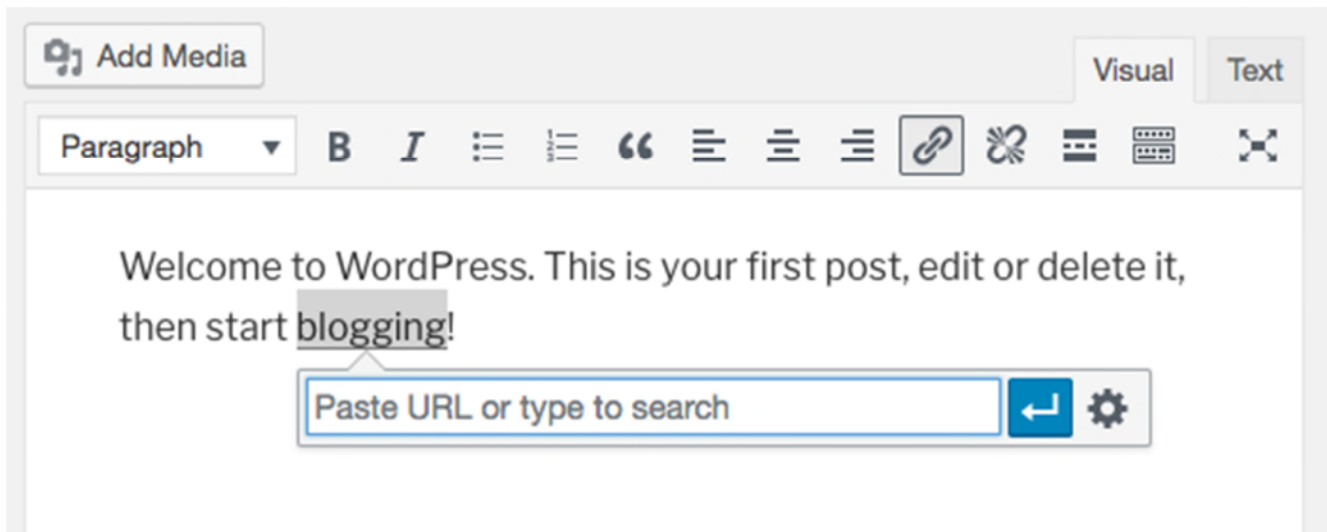
Then click on the insert/edit link button.



A pop up window will appear allowing you to edit your hyperlink according to what page or site you want to link to.

Type the URL of the external site your want to link to and click the apply button to create the link.

If you want to link to a page or a post on your own website, type the name of the page and post and a drop down will appear which lists the matching pages. Click the relevant page or post and then click the apply button to create the link.



Click on the link options button will open a popup window.

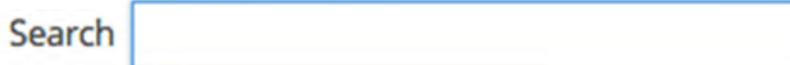
URL is where you enter the address of the website or page where you want to link to.

Title is the title of the link. Users will see this when the hover their mouse over the link.



If you want to link to an existing page or post in your site you have two options. One is to **search** for the title of the page or post,

Or link to existing content ▲



Or choose a page from the list of **recent** pages or posts that is automatically displayed at the bottom of the pop up window.

Sample Page

PAGE

Hello world!

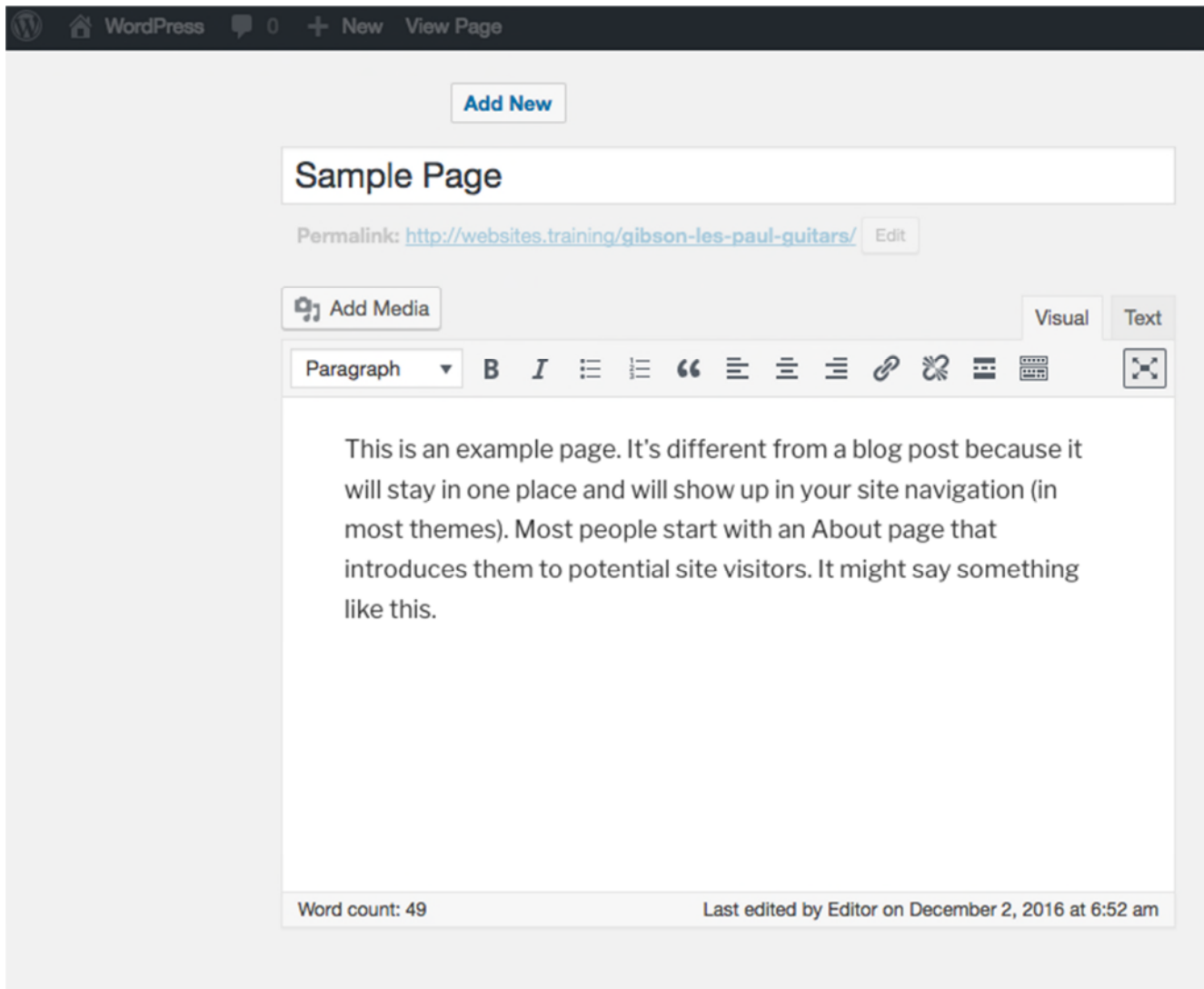
2014/07/14

Using the search box or choosing one of the recent pages or posts will generate the URL and title for your link.

Once satisfied with your changes click the **Add Link** button.

Fullscreen or Distraction-Free Writing Mode

Clicking the **Fullscreen** icon at the formatting tool will change your WordPress admin page to look like this:



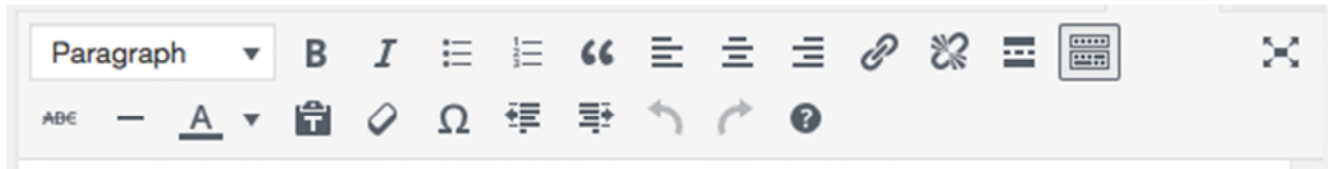
The screenshot shows the WordPress admin interface in fullscreen mode. At the top, there is a dark navigation bar with the WordPress logo, a home icon, the text 'WordPress', a comment icon with '0', a plus icon, and the text 'New View Page'. Below this is a light gray header area with an 'Add New' button. The main content area features a title field containing 'Sample Page' and a permalink field with the URL 'http://websites.training/gibson-les-paul-guitars/' and an 'Edit' button. Below the permalink is an 'Add Media' button. The formatting toolbar includes a dropdown menu set to 'Paragraph', and icons for bold (B), italic (I), bulleted list, numbered list, quote, indent left, indent right, link, unlink, table, and a fullscreen icon (a square with four arrows pointing outwards). The text area contains the following paragraph: 'This is an example page. It's different from a blog post because it will stay in one place and will show up in your site navigation (in most themes). Most people start with an About page that introduces them to potential site visitors. It might say something like this.' At the bottom of the editor, there is a footer with 'Word count: 49' on the left and 'Last edited by Editor on December 2, 2016 at 6:52 am' on the right.

To view the sidebars, simply move the mouse out of the editor area and it will appear.

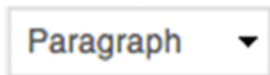
Distraction-Free writing will remain on till you unclick the button. This means that if you add a new page, as soon as you start writing you will be in distraction-free writing mode.

The Kitchen Sink

With the kitchen sink button turned on the toolbar looks like this:



The following tools are now available to you, from left to right:



Format – this option formats the selected text as a paragraph, address, preformatted, heading or sub-heading.



Underline – to underline text.



Justified – to justify text both left and right.



Text Color – to change the color of the text.



Paste Plain Text – when clicked this button will remove the formatting from any text that is about to be pasted.

NB: It is advisable to use this button if you are copying text from a text editor like **notepad** or **Microsoft Word** as the system will format the text into correct html for your website. Avoid pasting text directly into **The Editor**.



Remove Formatting – remove all formatting from the selected text.



Custom Character – this button will open a pop up dialog box allowing you to insert custom characters such as diacritics for words like café and façade as well as various currency and legal symbols.

Special character x

&	"	€	£	¥	©	®	™	%	μ	·	•	...	'	"	§	¶	β	<	>	«	»	'		
'	"	"	,	"	<	>	≤	≥	-	—	-	□	!	"	ı	¿	^	˘	°	-	±	÷	/	
×	¹	²	³	¼	½	¾	ƒ	∫	Σ	∞	√	~	≈	≠	=	€	£	∞	Π	∧	v	∩	∪	
∪	∩	v	∩	∪	∩	∪	∩	∪	∩	∪	∩	∪	∩	∪	∩	∪	∩	∪	∩	∪	∩	∪	∩	
È	É	Ì	Í	Î	Ï	Ñ	Ò	Ó	Ô	Õ	Ö	Ø	Œ	Š	Ù	Ú	Û	Ü	Ý	ÿ	ƒ	à	á	
â	ã	ä	å	æ	ç	è	é	ê	ë	ì	í	î	ï	ð	ñ	ò	ó	ô	õ	ö	ø	œ	š	ù
ú	û	ü	ý	ÿ	Α	Β	Γ	Δ	Ε	Ζ	Η	Θ	Ι	Κ	Λ	Μ	Ν	Ξ	Ο	Π	Ρ	Σ	Τ	
Υ	Φ	Χ	Ψ	Ω	α	β	γ	δ	ε	ζ	η	θ	ι	κ	λ	μ	ν	ξ	ο	π	ρ	σ	τ	
υ	φ	χ	ψ	ω	κ	ω	ϣ	Υ	ϕ	ς	←	↑	→	↓	↔	↵	⇐	⇑	⇒	⇓	↔	∴	∵	
ϵ	ς	Ϸ	ϸ	Ϲ	⊥	·	Γ	Γ	Λ	Λ	<	>	◊	♣	♣	♥	♦							

É

Close

Simply click on the symbol to insert into your page.



Outdent – removes the indent from the start of a line in a paragraph.



Indent – indents the start of a line in a paragraph.



Undo – this reverses, or “**un-does**” the last thing you did in **The Editor**. If you hit the undo button more than once it will undo your previous actions in reverse order.

NB: You cannot undo an action once you have **Updated** the page or **Saved** it as a draft



Redo – this reverses the undo, or “**re-does**” the last thing you un-did in **The Editor**. So if you hit the undo button by mistake you can re-do with this button.



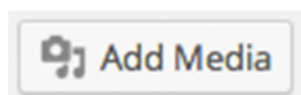
Help – this button open a pop up dialog box with some more information on the functions of the **Visual Editor**

NB: Your web developer or IT department may have installed additional buttons on your toolbar to the ones listed above. If this is the case, consult them for explanations.

Use the tools available to you in the toolbar to design your page the way you want it.

Add Media

Directly above the toolbar there are four buttons that allow you to **add media** to your page.



These functions are covered later in the Media section. However, there may be an image already in your page that you want to **edit**.

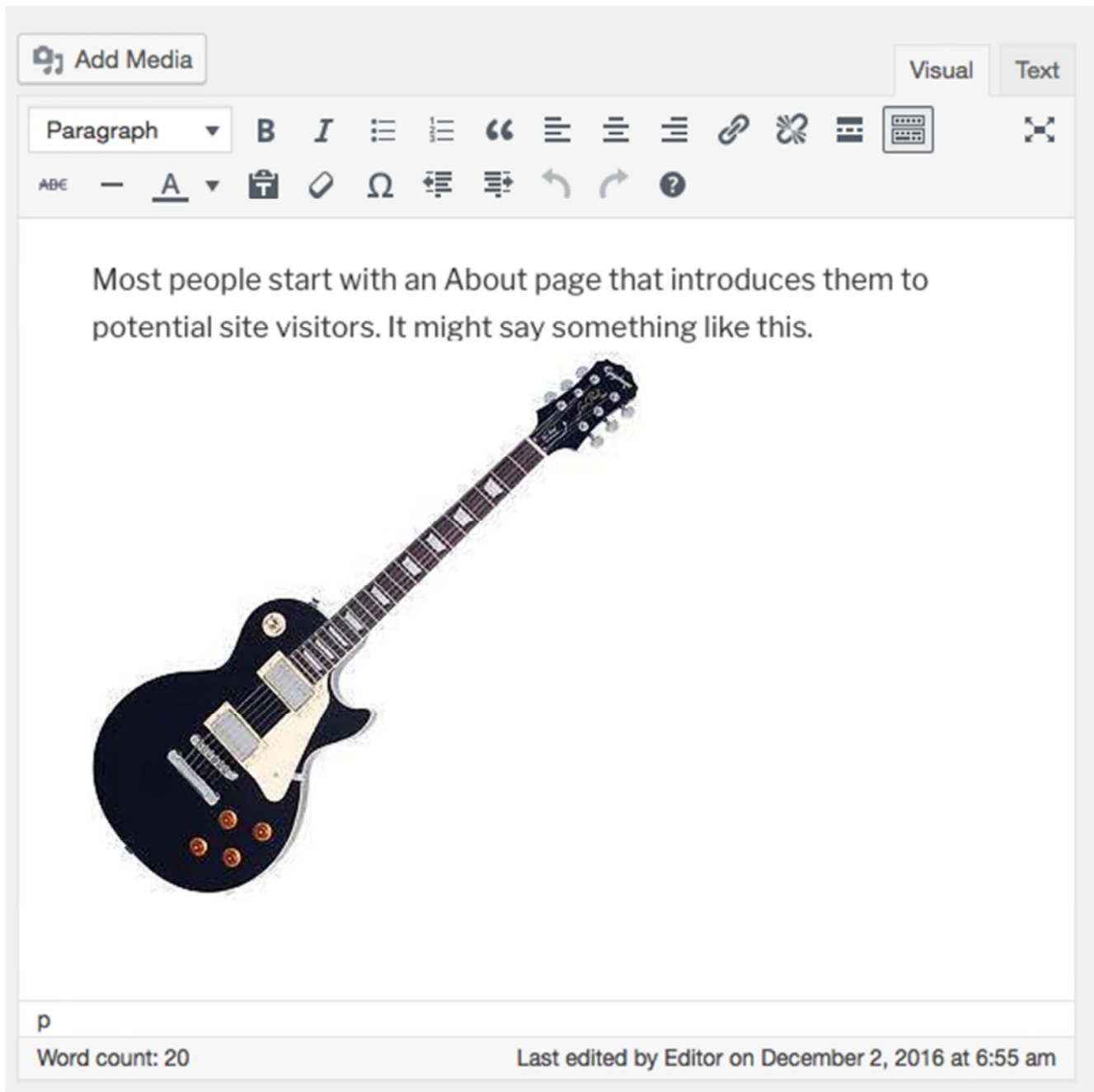


Technical: This help module is designed more for developers and the IT department so more than likely you will not need it. All the help you need should be right here in this user's guide.

Other media like **video**, **audio** and **pdf** files cannot be edited once they are inserted into a page, they must be deleted and re-inserted.

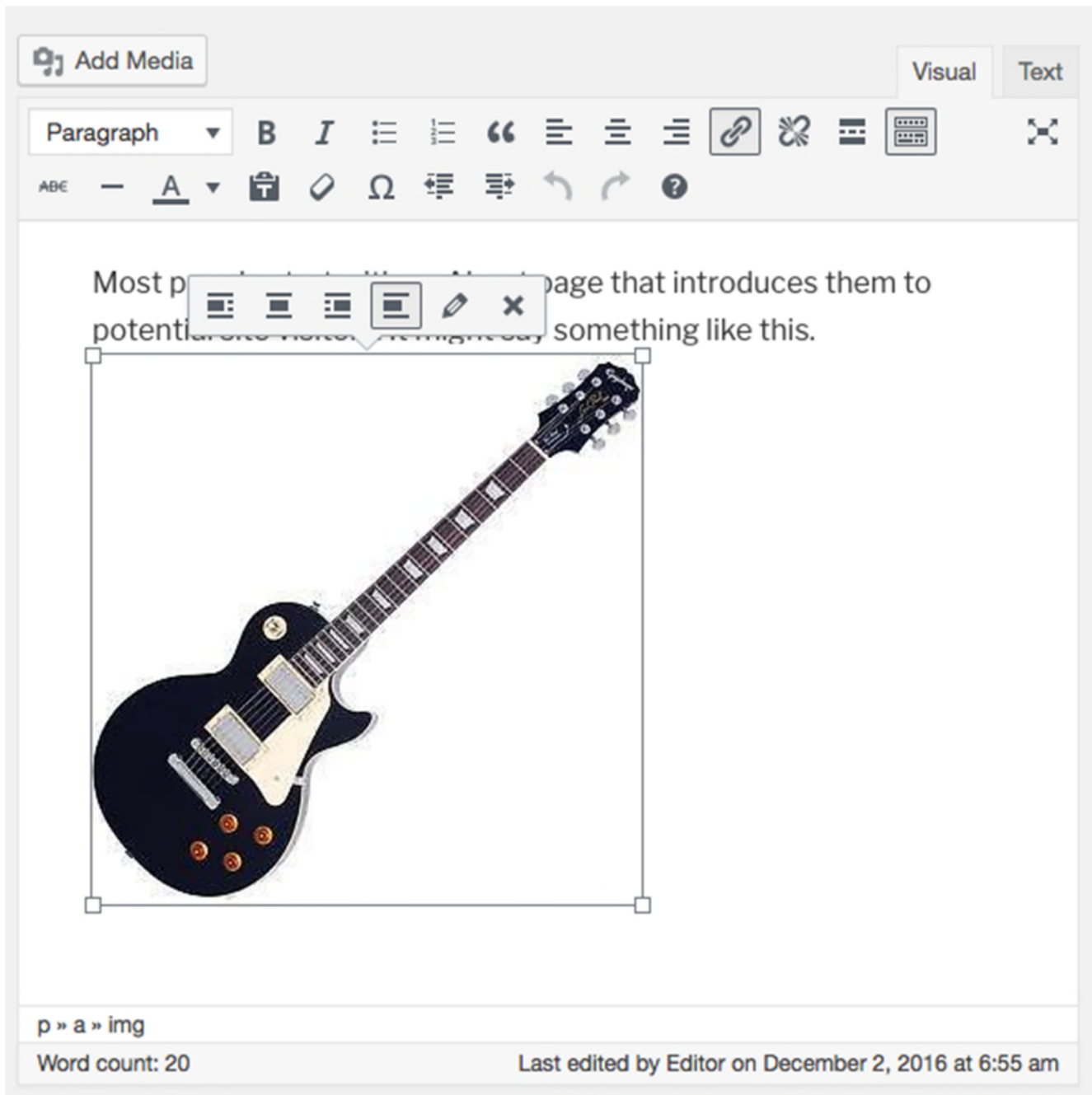
Edit Image

You can edit images to change the way they appear on your page.



The screenshot shows the Hubsitebuilder editor interface. At the top left is an 'Add Media' button. On the right are 'Visual' and 'Text' tabs. Below these is a rich text editor toolbar with options for Paragraph, Bold (B), Italic (I), Bulleted List, Numbered List, Quote, Indent Left, Indent Right, Link, Unlink, Table, and a grid icon. A second row of icons includes ABC, font size, text color, background color, link, unlink, undo, redo, and help. The main content area contains a paragraph of text and a black electric guitar image. At the bottom, a status bar shows 'p', 'Word count: 20', and 'Last edited by Editor on December 2, 2016 at 6:55 am'.

To edit an image, click on the image to reveal the **Edit Image** and **Delete Image** buttons:



To resize the image simple grab one of the handles and drag the image to the desired size. The aspect ratio will remain intact.

The **Delete Image** button will delete the image from the page immediately.

The **Edit Image** button will open the following pop up dialog box:

Image Details ✕

Caption

Alternative Text


DISPLAY SETTINGS

Align

Size

Link To

ADVANCED OPTIONS ▼



Edit the alignment by choosing **None**, **Left**, **Center** or **Right**. You can also change the **Title**, **Alternate Text**, **Caption** and **Link URL** of the image.

There are more detailed settings under the **Advanced Settings** tab that may affect the way your image is displayed on your website.

NB: You should consult your web developer or IT department about whether or not to use these settings.

When you are happy with your settings, click the **Update** button or choose the **Cancel** button to cancel your changes.



Keyboard Shortcuts

You can create headings and lists without having to use the editor toolbar. For a heading all you have to do is simply type in the editor:

This is a sample heading

This will create a heading one (the largest heading). To create a subheading, for example a heading two, just type:

This is also a sample heading

To create other headings type

heading three

heading four

heading five

To create a numbered list all you need to do is type:

1. first item

2. second item

3. third item

The editor will automatically change this to be a numbered list.

To create a bullet list simply type:

*** first item**

*** second item**

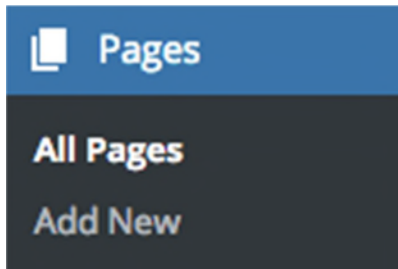
*** third item**

The editor will automatically change this to be a bulleted list.

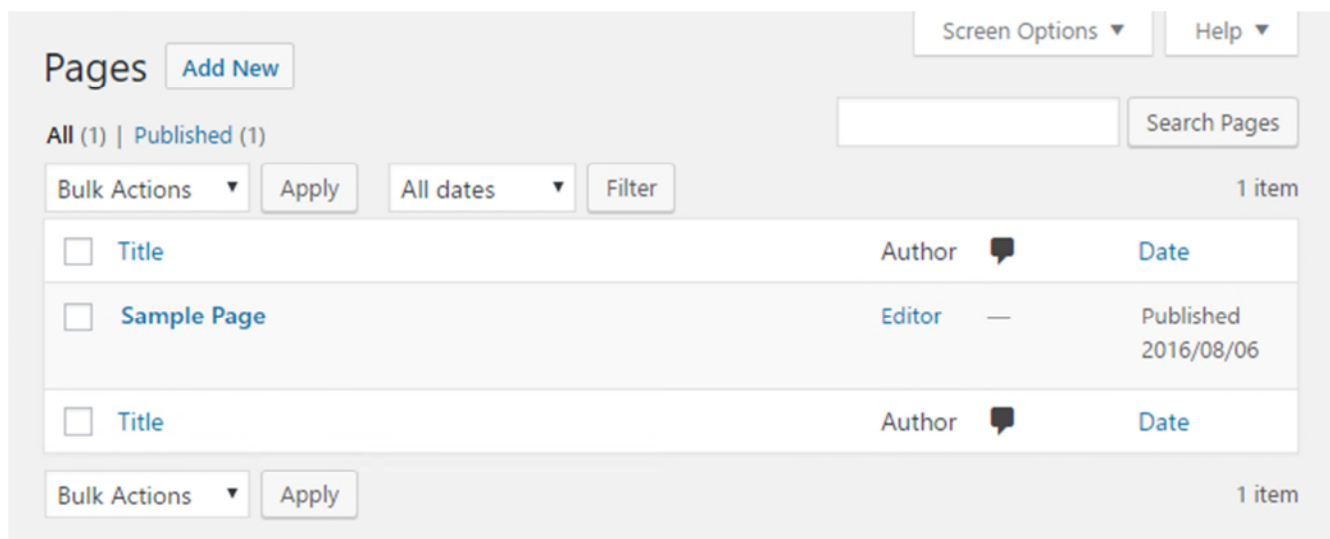
Pages

Pages

You can access the **Pages** screen by hovering your mouse over **Pages** widget choosing **All Pages** from the fly out sub menus that will appear.



The **Pages** screen looks like this:



At the top of the Pages screen, you will find two sub-headings directly underneath the page title:

- All** (total number of pages) and
- Published** (number of pages actually published on the website)

Depending on the content already in your system there may be more sub-headings including:

- Pending Review** (number of pages pending review)
- Draft** (number of draft pages waiting to be published) and



- Private** (number of pages published but not visible to the public)

These sub-headings give you a snapshot of the status of the pages in your system and will make more sense as you move through this section.

To the right of these sub-headings and underneath the **screen options** and **help** buttons you will find a **search** tool. This is useful for searching through all of your pages for a specific word or phrase if you have forgotten where it is.

Directly beneath the sub-headings you will find a **Bulk Actions** drop down menu. This menu allows you to **edit** or **move to trash** multiple pages at once. The edit function allows

you to change the **parent**, **template**, **comments**, **status** or **pings** of multiple pages at once while the move to trash option allows you to move multiple pages to the trash bin at once.

Across this **Bulk Actions** drop down menu is counter for number of pages that you already have.

The edit options will make more sense as you move through this section.

If you choose to move multiple pages to the trash at once a **Trash** link will appear next to the **All** link. The **Trash** link is where you can find all the items that you have deleted in the past 30 days.

To select a page for a bulk action simply place a tick in the box to the left of the page's name. Placing a tick in the box next to the word "**Title**" at the top of the list of pages will select all pages in the list at once. Once your pages are selected, choose an action from the **Bulk Actions** drop down menu and click on the **Apply** button.

To the immediate right of the **Bulk Actions** menu is the **Filter Menu** for filtering the pages that you wish to display, categorized from the month your WordPress blog was created. By default, it is set to display all pages from all dates.

Underneath the **Bulk Actions** drop down you will find a table listing all the pages in your website. The columns in the table are, from left to right:

- The select tick box** (to select or deselect a page for editing or deleting)
- Title** (the title of the page)
- Author** (the author of the page)
- Comments**

- Date** (the date the page was published on the website)

Clicking on the **title** of the page will take you to **Edit Page** screen as described in the next section. Clicking on the **author** will filter the list of pages in the table to pages written only by that **author**.

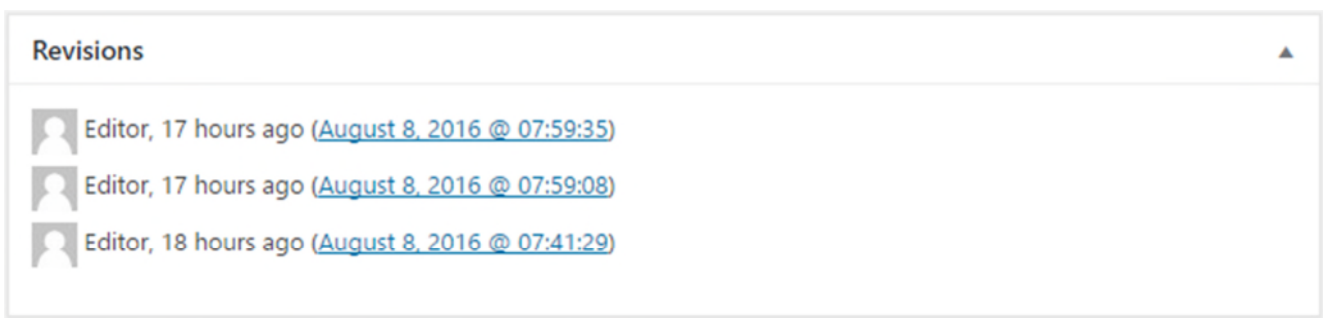
At the bottom of the list there is another **Bulk Actions** drop down menu that functions exactly like the one at the top. This is useful if you have a large number of pages in the list and need to scroll down to view them.

If you place the mouse over a page title, a menu appears underneath it with the following options:

- Edit**
- Quick Edit**
- Trash**, and
- View**

Quick Edit, Trash and Post Revisions

What happens when you decide you need to go back and retrieve that version of the page you edited three days ago, or three weeks, or three months? On the edit post screen, there is a revisions box, which lists a different version of the posts in the system. Click on the version of the post you want to review.



On the compare revisions screen, you can use the timeline slider to compare the changes of the post over time. You can also use the “next” and “previous” buttons to move through the timeline. The red box on the left, indicates what was changed in the previous version and the green box on the right shows the new changes in the latest version.

Previous

Next



Revision by editor
38 mins ago (28 Nov @ 5:25)


Restore This Revision

Title

Sample Page

Sample Page

Content

```
This is a sample WordPress page.<a href="http://localhost/vum_wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2013/06/gibson-les-paul.jpg"> | <p><b>Technical:</b> At the top right corner you will find two tabs <b>Visual</b> and <b>HTML</b>. The <b>Visual Editor</b>, (an option we set earlier under <b>Profile</b>) provides you with a visual representation of the content you're working with. The <b>HTML Editor</b> allows you to manipulate the content using <b>HyperText Markup Language</b> - the language that websites are built on.</p> |
|  | <p><b>Caution:</b> It is recommended to use the <b>Visual Editor</b> unless you are an experienced HTML programmer</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

To edit or add text, simply type.


### Word Count

Underneath The Editor you will find a bar that contains some additional information about your page.

On the left hand side is the **Word Count**: a count of the words in your page.

On the right hand side, you will find some information about when the page was last edited or saved and by whom.

At the bottom right corner of this bar is a resize handle that you can drag down or up in order to resize **The Editor**, giving you greater control over your work area.


|                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                         |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  | <p><b>Hint:</b> The following sections may also be visible on the screen depending what has been hidden on the screen options menu.</p> |
|                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                         |

### Custom Fields

Below **The Editor** is the **Custom Fields** section. This gives you the opportunity to add custom fields to your pages for greater control over sorting and displaying information on your website.

For example: you could add a custom field called “**Hierarchy**” to your page and give it a value of “**1**”. Your web developer could then use this custom field in your **theme** to re-arrange the order of pages in a sitemap, for instance.

To add a custom field to a page simply enter the name of the custom field in the Name field and the value for this page in the Value field and then click on the Add Custom Field button.

|                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  | <p><b>Hint:</b> Once a custom field has been added to the system you can then choose to add that custom field to any other page by selecting it from the drop down list that will appear in the <b>name</b> field.</p> |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

**NB:** You should consult your web developer or IT department about whether or not to use **Custom Fields**

## Discussion

The discussion section allows you to choose whether or not the page is open to discussion by visitors to your website. You have two options:

1. Allow **Comments**, and
2. Allow **Pings**

Allowing comments will allow visitors to leave a comment on your page. Allowing pings will allow visitors to link to your page from their own page and will appear in your comments section as a link.

**Comments** and **Pings** may or may not be enabled on your site, so setting these options here may have no effect on the way your site looks and behaves.

**NB:** You should consult your web developer or IT department about whether or not to your site is enabled for **Comments** and/or **Pings**.

## Page Slug

A **Page Slug** is a nice way to edit the page URL. By default, it was set to be your page title separated by hyphen.

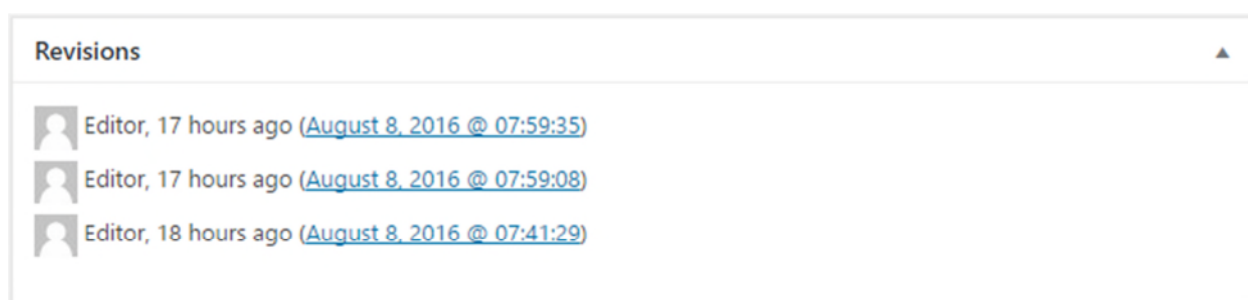
**NB:** You should consult your web developer or IT department about whether or not to edit your **Page Slug**.

## Page Author

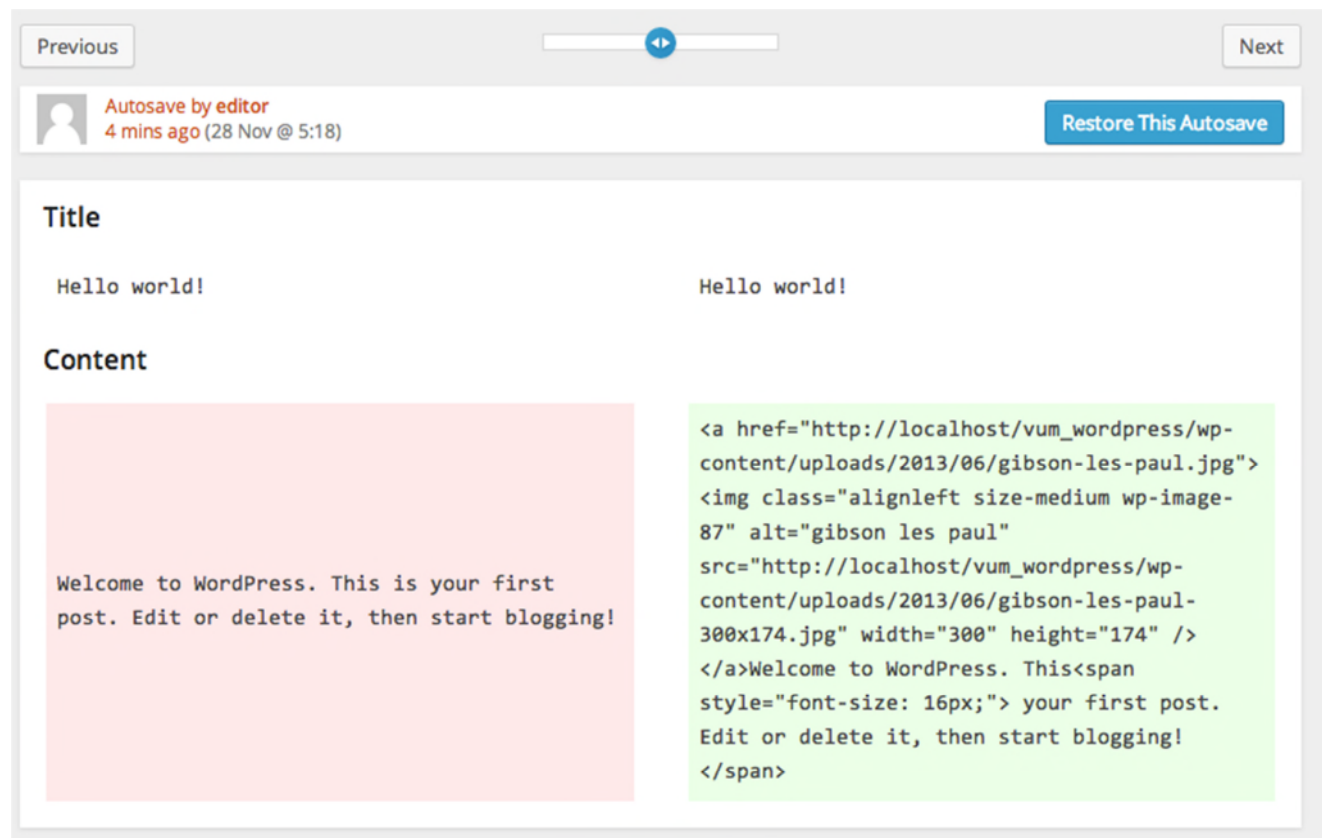
The **Page Author** drop down list allows you to choose the author of the page. This may be handy if your website is designed to display archives of content by specific people in your organization.

## Page Revisions

The **Page Revisions** section shows you when this page has been revised and by whom. Clicking on a revision's date will show you the page, as it existed at that point in time, using the basic html viewer, **not** the visual viewer. This is useful if you have made some changes and updated the page but decide you want to go back to where you were earlier on.



Underneath the page content you now have the option to **compare revisions** by selecting the left hand radio button of one and the right hand radio button of another in the page revisions list and clicking on the **Compare Revisions** button.



The screenshot shows the WordPress 'Compare Revisions' interface. At the top, there are 'Previous' and 'Next' buttons, and a slider to navigate between revisions. Below this, an 'Autosave by editor' notification is shown, indicating a save from 4 minutes ago on 28 Nov at 5:18, with a 'Restore This Autosave' button. The main content area is split into two columns: the left column shows the older revision, and the right column shows the newer revision. The 'Title' field for both is 'Hello world!'. The 'Content' field of the older revision (left) is highlighted in pink and contains the text: 'Welcome to WordPress. This is your first post. Edit or delete it, then start blogging!'. The 'Content' field of the newer revision (right) is highlighted in green and contains the same text but with an image tag inserted: '<a href="http://localhost/vum\_wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2013/06/gibson-les-paul.jpg"></a>Welcome to WordPress. This<span style="font-size: 16px;"> your first post. Edit or delete it, then start blogging!</span>'. The differences between the two versions are highlighted in the newer revision's content.

The **older** revision is shown on the left and the **newer** revision on the right. The differences will be **highlighted** so you can easily decide which version you want to use.

Once you have decided which version to use, identify the revision by its **date and time stamp** and then choose "**Restore**" next to the revision in the **Page Revisions** list below to restore that revision as the page. This revision then becomes the updated page replacing the current version, which then becomes the first revision in the **Page Revisions** list, so you'll never lose a version of the page.

### **Publish**

One of your best friends in the admin system is the "**Preview**" button. This button allows you to preview changes before you publish them for the public to see. The preview button will show you exactly what the page will look like by opening a new window of your browser and displaying your changes. At this point, the public cannot see your work.

You can preview your changes and make more alterations for as long as you like without the public ever seeing your changes as long as you don't hit the "**Update Page**" button. Once you

click the "**Update Page**" button your changes will be published on your website for the rest of the world to enjoy.

Underneath the Preview button there is some information about your page and who has access to it online.

Clicking on the **Edit** link next to "Status : **Published**" will give you a drop down list with three options:

- Published** (for the world to see)
- Pending Review** (for a colleague to review before publishing)
- Draft** (for you to keep working on before publishing)

Clicking on the **Edit** link next to "**Visibility : Public**" will give you a drop down list with three options:

- Public** (for the world to see)
- Password protected** (at which point you will need to enter a password and only those with the password will be able to view it on the website)
- Private** (only visible in the admin system)

The **publish** date option allows you to choose when the page is to be published. If you choose a time in the future, the page will not be visible on your site until that time.

Once you are happy with your settings, click on the "**Update Page**" button to save your changes.



**Hint:** The "**Update Page**" button may change to "**Publish**" depending on the status of your page

### Trash A Page

To delete a page, click on the "**Move to Trash**" link to the left of the "**Update**" button. That page will be moved to the **Trash** link located next to the **All** link.

You can **undo** the deletion of the page by clicking the link that will appear above after you click the Move to Trash button.



Pages [Add New](#) Screen Options ▾ Help ▾

All (1) | [Published \(1\)](#) | [Trash \(1\)](#) Search Pages

Bulk Actions ▾ Apply All dates ▾ Filter 1 item

| <input type="checkbox"/> | Title                                                                                                                           | Author | Date                    |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <a href="#">Sample Page</a><br><a href="#">Edit</a>   <a href="#">Quick Edit</a>   <a href="#">Trash</a>   <a href="#">View</a> | Editor | Published<br>2016/08/06 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Title                                                                                                                           | Author | Date                    |

Bulk Actions ▾ Apply 1 item



**Caution:** Once a page has been moved to **Trash**, you can recover it (see Next link below).

### Restore Or Delete A Page

If a **Trash** link exists, located next to the **All** link, you may want to click on it to locate all the pages that you have deleted for the past 30 days.

Hover your mouse over to the title of the **page** that you want to delete or restore, and a sub-menu of options will appear below.

Choose **Restore** to recover your deleted page or choose **Delete Permanently** to delete the page forever.

Pages [Add New](#) Screen Options ▾ Help ▾

All (0) | Trash (1) Search Pages

Bulk Actions ▾ Apply All dates ▾ Filter Empty Trash 1 item

| <input type="checkbox"/> | Title                                                                       | Author | Date                        |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-----------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Sample Page<br><a href="#">Restore</a>   <a href="#">Delete Permanently</a> | Editor | Last Modified<br>2016/08/06 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Title<br><a href="#">Delete this item permanently</a>                       | Author | Date                        |

Bulk Actions ▾ Apply Empty Trash 1 item



**Caution:** WordPress will empty the trash every 30 days.

### Attributes

You can change the following additional page attributes in this section:

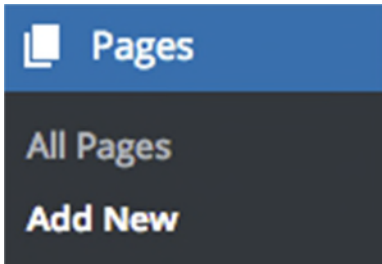
- Parent
  - If there are multiple pages in your system, you can assign a page as the parent for this page. This page then becomes a sub-page or child of the parent. For example: Design, might be a sub-page of the page Services. In this case you would make Services the parent for the page Design.
- Template
  - You can assign a template for each page based on how your website has been developed.
- Order
  - You can change the order of the pages in your website hierarchy which may affect the way they are displayed in your navigation menu.

**NB:** You should consult your web developer or IT Department before changing any of these attributes.

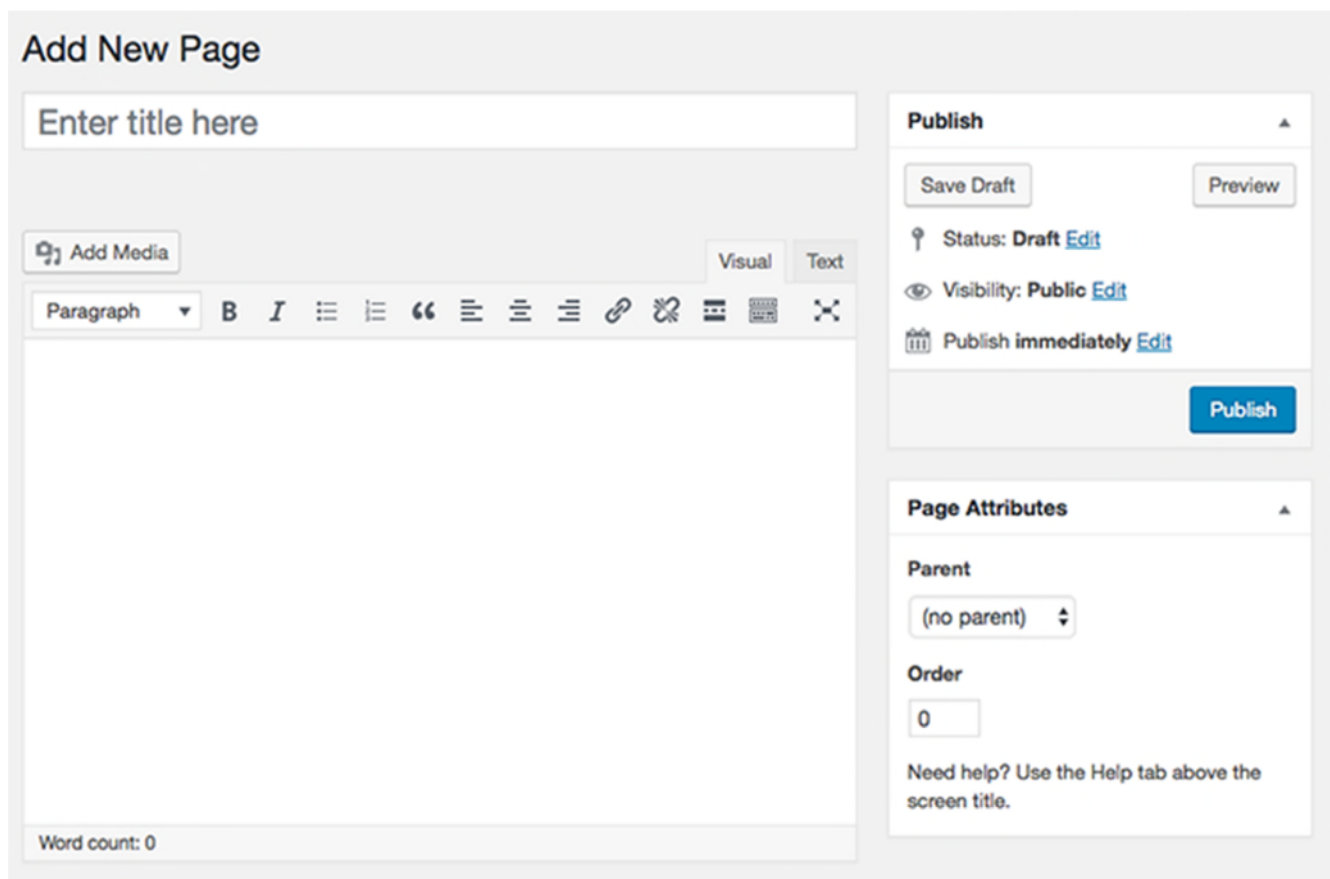
To save your changes, click on the **Update Page** button.

## Add New Page

You can access the **Add New Page** screen by choosing **Add New** from the **Pages** widget in the sidebar.



The **Add New Page** screen looks like this:



This screen functions exactly like the **Edit Page** screen with the exception that the "**Update Page**" button is now the "**Publish**" button because the page has never been published. Once the page is published this button will become the "**Update Page**" button.

There is no content on a new page so you are free to be creative and design your own page from scratch.



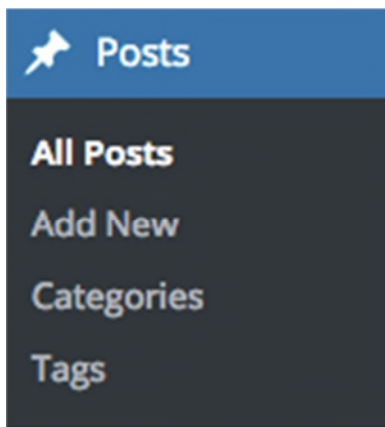
**Hint:** It's a good idea to plan your page on paper or in an application you are familiar with, like **Microsoft Word** for example, before entering the content into the admin system.

## Posts

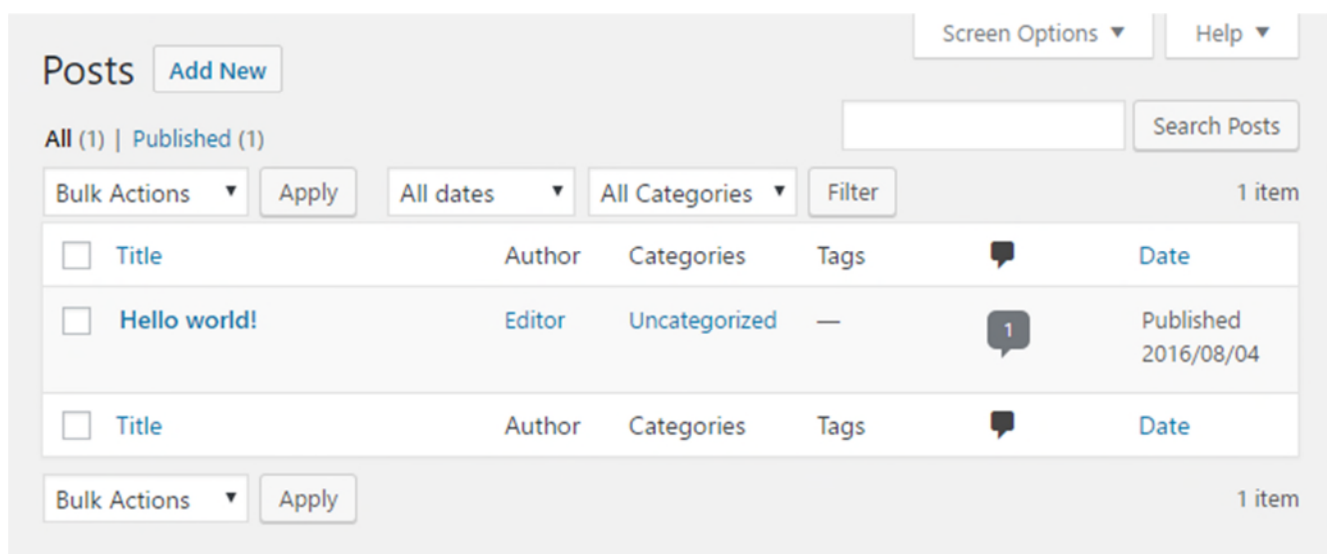
### Posts

Please read the **Pages** and **Add New Page** sections before continuing with this section.

You can access the **Posts** screen by choosing **All Posts** from the **Posts** widget in the sidebar



The **Posts** screen looks like this:



Posts [Add New](#) Screen Options ▾ Help ▾

All (1) | Published (1)  [Search Posts](#)

[Bulk Actions ▾](#) [Apply](#) [All dates ▾](#) [All Categories ▾](#) [Filter](#) 1 item

| <input type="checkbox"/> | Title                        | Author | Categories    | Tags |  | Date                    |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------|---------------|------|--|-------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <a href="#">Hello world!</a> | Editor | Uncategorized | —    |  | Published<br>2016/08/04 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Title                        | Author | Categories    | Tags |  | Date                    |

[Bulk Actions ▾](#) [Apply](#) 1 item



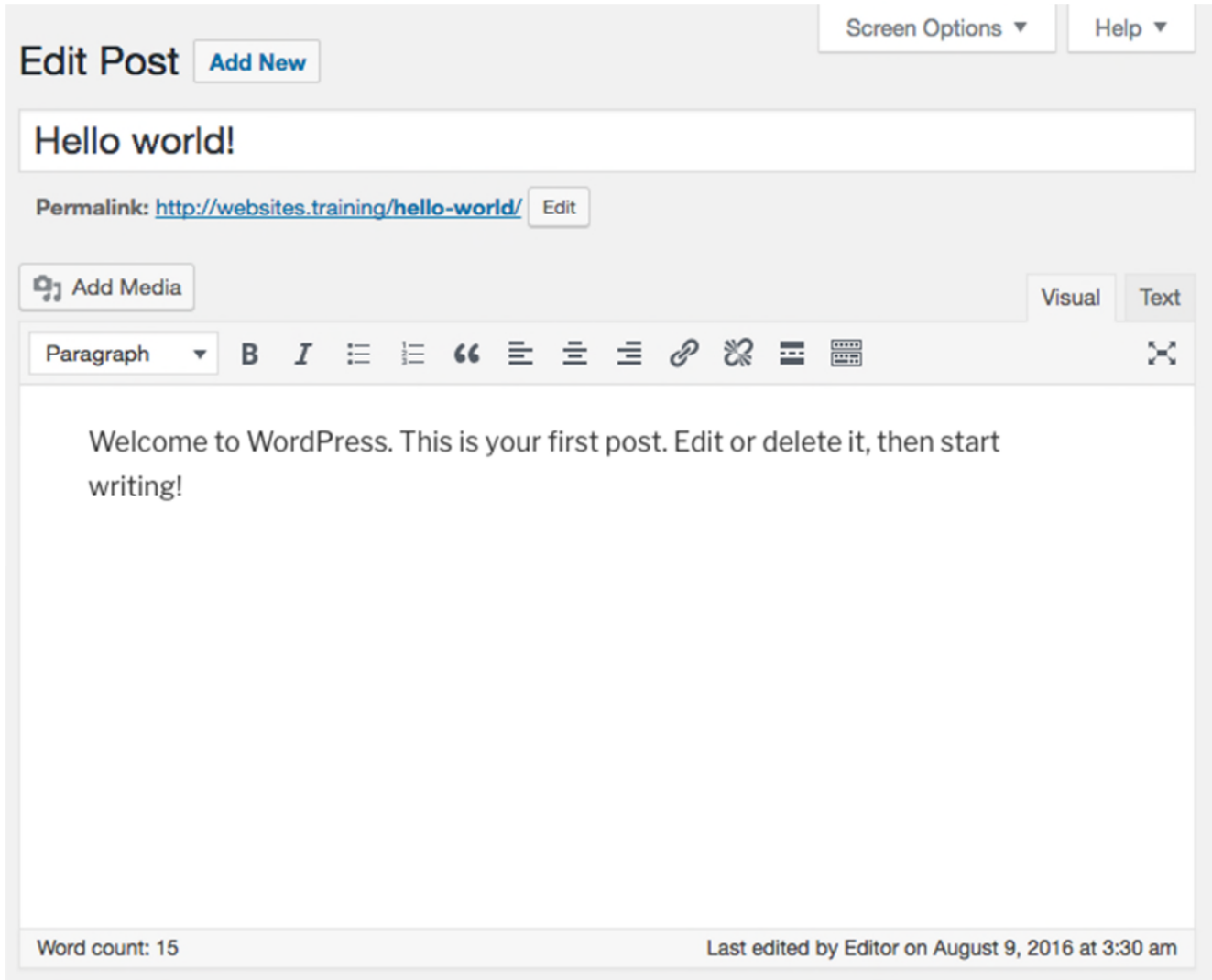
This screen functions exactly like the **Pages** screen with the following additions:

- Next to the **Bulk Actions** menu there are two filter options that allow you view posts according to either date or category. Simply choose your desired option from the drop down menu and click on the **Filter** button. This is useful if you have many posts in the system and gives you greater control over your work area.
- On the far right of the filter options there are two buttons allowing you to view posts in **List View** (the default setting) or **Excerpt View**. **Excerpt View** displays an excerpt of each post giving you more information about your content so you can make an accurate decision about the post you wish to edit. Next to it is the **Total number** of posts that you already created.
- In the list of posts that are available to edit you will also notice two additional columns, Categories and Tags. These will be explained in greater detail later on.

As in the **Pages** screen, clicking on the post **title** will take you to the **Post** screen as described in the next section. Clicking on the **author** will filter the posts in the list to posts written only by that **author**. Clicking on the **category** will filter the posts in the table to posts belonging only to that **category**. Clicking on a **tag** will filter the posts in the table to posts assigned that **tag**.

### **Edit Post**

The **Edit Post** screen looks like this:











Edit Post [Add New](#) Screen Options ▾ Help ▾

Hello world!

Permalink: <http://websites.training/hello-world/> [Edit](#)

[Add Media](#) Visual Text

Paragraph **B** *I*        

Welcome to WordPress. This is your first post. Edit or delete it, then start writing!

Word count: 15 Last edited by Editor on August 9, 2016 at 3:30 am

This screen functions exactly like the **Edit Page** screen with the following additions:

- All references to **Page** are now to **Post**
- In the **Publish** section under the **Visibility** setting there is an option to **stick** the post to the front page of the website
- Instead of **Attributes** you will find **Format**, **Categories**, **Tags** and **Featured Image** on the right hand side underneath the **Publish** section.



As in the **Edit Pages** screen, clicking on the post **title** will take you to the **Post** screen as described in the next section. Clicking on the **author** will filter the posts in the list to posts written only by that **author**. Clicking on the **category** will filter the posts in the table to posts belonging only to that **category**. Clicking on a **tag** will filter the posts in the table to posts assigned that **tag**.

### The Excerpt

The **Excerpt** field is a summary of your post which may be used on your website to entice users to click through to read more. This is similar to splitting a page or post with the **more** tag, however the **excerpt** allows you to grab any section of the post and use it as a summary of the content, whereas the **more** tag just uses the content that comes before it. If you can not see the **excerpt** field then you must enable it in the screen options.

### Send Trackbacks

This field allows you to notify other blogs that you may have referenced in your post of your content. For example: if you have quoted an article written on another blog in your post you can enter the address of the other blog in this field and they will be notified of your post. This is useful for building incoming links to your site. If you enter more than one web address (or URL) separate them with a space.

**NB:** You should consult your web developer or IT Department before using **trackbacks**.

### Sticky Post


In the **Publish** section, under **Visibility**, there is an option to **stick** the post to the front page of the website. This means that this post is ranked as highly important and will always show on the front page of the website regardless of any other content being displayed. This functionality may or may not be utilized in the development of your site.


**NB:** You should consult your web developer or IT Department before using the **sticky post** function.


## Format


**Format** ▲


---


 Standard


 Aside


 Image

 Video

 Audio

 Quote

 Link

 Gallery

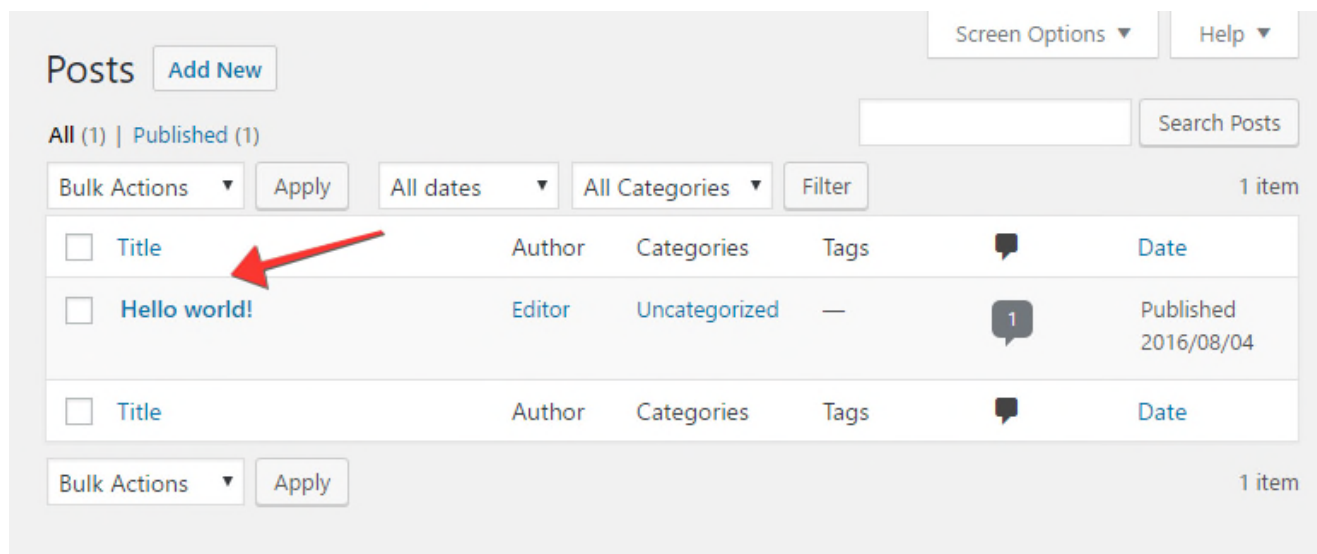
**Format**, or sometimes called **Post Format**, allows setting a post as a certain format. Some example formats are standards, aside, gallery, link, status, image and quote. This will allow themes to style these posts according to format.

Setting a post **format** will change the way posts are being displayed into the site.

For example if you set your post to have **aside** format, when you view the list of your posts on your actual website you will notice titles are gone.

Once you set up your post to have a definite format option. You will notice its post **format** is indicated next to the title of your post.





Posts [Add New](#) Screen Options ▾ Help ▾

All (1) | Published (1)  Search Posts

Bulk Actions ▾ Apply All dates ▾ All Categories ▾ Filter 1 item

| <input type="checkbox"/> | Title        | Author | Categories    | Tags |  | Date                    |
|--------------------------|--------------|--------|---------------|------|--|-------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Hello world! | Editor | Uncategorized | —    |  | Published<br>2016/08/04 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Title        | Author | Categories    | Tags |  | Date                    |

Bulk Actions ▾ Apply 1 item

**NB:** You should consult your web developer or IT Department before using **format**.

### Categories

Content on your website is more than likely divided up into several **categories** relating to subject matter. For example: a financial planner's website may be divided into the **categories**, "**shares**", "**superannuation**" and "**property**". Assigning a post to a **category** will determine where exactly on the website the post will be displayed.

To assign a post to a **category**, simply place a tick in the box next to the **category** name. You can assign a post to more than one **category**. If you do not assign a post to a **category** it will be assigned to the "**Uncategorized**" **category** by default.

To add a new **category**, click on the link that reads "+ **Add New Category**" and enter the name of the new category.

### Tags

**Tags** allow you to assign one or more **tags**, or keywords, to a post. If your website has been developed to display **tags** they can help your users navigate to other posts containing similar information or keywords. For example: a post about catering for a wedding may contain the keywords "**catering**" and "**wedding**". Clicking on the **tag** "**wedding**" may take the user to other posts assigned the **tag** "**wedding**" like booking a wedding photographer, or finding wedding cars.

To add a **tag** to a post, enter the tag in the **Add new tag** field and click on the **Add** button. The tag will appear below immediately with the heading **Tags used on this post**:

To remove a tag from a post, click on the "x" next to the tag in the list.

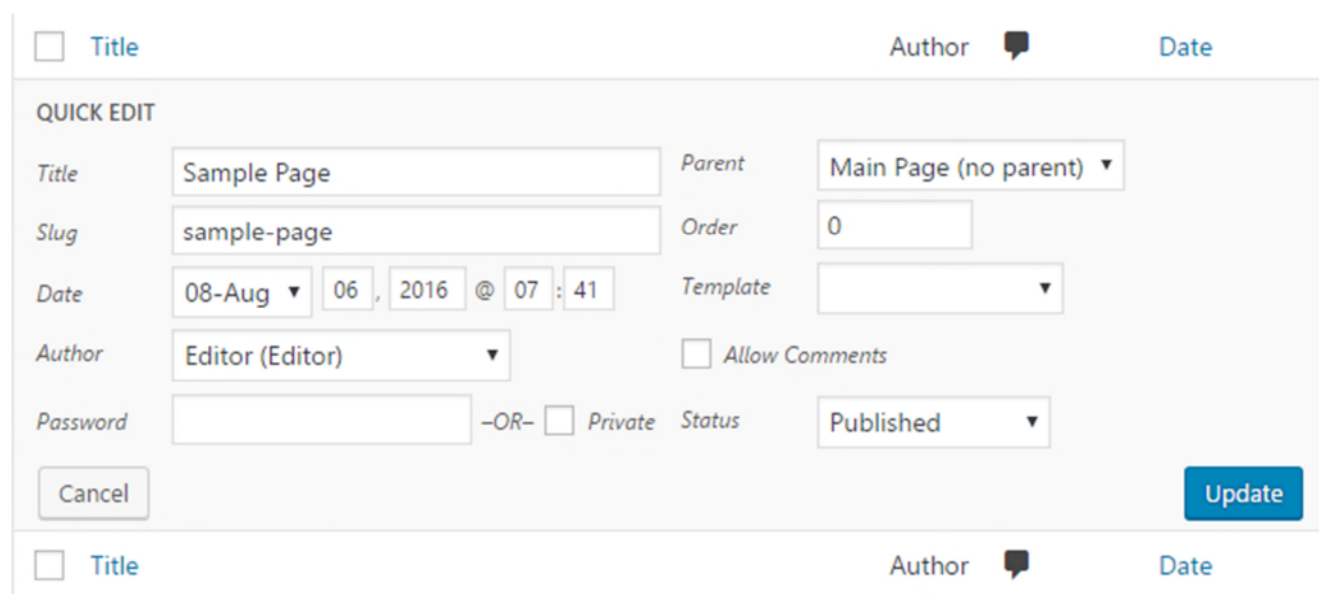
To choose from a list of the most widely used tags in the site, click on the link that reads “**Choose from the most popular tags**” and a list of tags will appear for you to choose from. Simply click on the tag(s) you want to use and they will automatically be linked to this post.

**NB:** You should consult your web developer or IT Department before using **tags**.

### Quick Edit

As previously detailed, placing the mouse over a page or post title in the **Edit Pages** or **Edit Posts** screen gives you the option to **Edit**, **Quick Edit**, **Delete** or **View** the page or post. We have covered the **Edit** option in length so now it's time to look at the other options available.

The **Quick Edit Page** screen looks like this:



The screenshot shows a 'QUICK EDIT' form for a page. The form is organized into two columns. The left column contains fields for 'Title' (Sample Page), 'Slug' (sample-page), 'Date' (08-Aug 06, 2016 @ 07:41), 'Author' (Editor (Editor)), 'Password', and a 'Private' checkbox. The right column contains fields for 'Parent' (Main Page (no parent)), 'Order' (0), 'Template', an 'Allow Comments' checkbox, and 'Status' (Published). At the bottom left is a 'Cancel' button, and at the bottom right is a blue 'Update' button. The form is framed by a header and footer containing 'Title', 'Author', and 'Date' labels.



From this screen you can make quick changes to the page without editing the actual content of the page.

On the left hand side you can change the **title**, the **slug**, the **date** of publication, the **author** and the **visibility**, that is whether or not the page is password protected or private.

On the right hand side you can edit the page **parent**, the **order** of the page in the main menu, the **template** assigned to the page as well as allowing or disallowing **comments** and/or **pings** and finally the publication **status** of the page.

You can cancel your changes at anytime by clicking on the Cancel button or you can save your changes by clicking on the **Update Page** button.

The **Quick Edit Post** screen looks like this:

| <input type="checkbox"/> Title        | Author                                                                                                                                                                  | Categories                                        | Tags                                                                                               |   | Date                                  |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| <b>QUICK EDIT</b>                     |                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                   |                                                                                                    |                                                                                      |                                       |
| Title                                 | <input type="text" value="Hello world!"/>                                                                                                                               | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Uncategorized | <input type="text"/>                                                                               |                                                                                      |                                       |
| Slug                                  | <input type="text" value="hello-world"/>                                                                                                                                |                                                   |                                                                                                    |                                                                                      |                                       |
| Date                                  | <input type="text" value="08-Aug"/> <input type="text" value="04"/> <input type="text" value="2016"/> <input type="text" value="03"/> : <input type="text" value="29"/> |                                                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow Comments <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow Pings |                                                                                      |                                       |
| Author                                | <input type="text" value="Editor (Editor)"/>                                                                                                                            |                                                   | Status <input type="text" value="Published"/>                                                      |                                                                                      |                                       |
| Password                              | <input type="text"/>                                                                                                                                                    |                                                   | <input type="checkbox"/> Make this post sticky                                                     |                                                                                      |                                       |
| -OR- <input type="checkbox"/> Private |                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                   |                                                                                                    |                                                                                      |                                       |
| <input type="button" value="Cancel"/> |                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                   |                                                                                                    |                                                                                      | <input type="button" value="Update"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Title        | Author                                                                                                                                                                  | Categories                                        | Tags                                                                                               |  | Date                                  |

From this screen you can make quick changes to the post without editing the actual content of the post.

On the left hand side you can change the **title**, the **slug**, the **date** of publication, the **author** and the **visibility**, that is whether or not the post is password protected or private.

On the right hand side you can edit the categories the post belongs to, the tags assigned to the post as well as allowing or disallowing **comments** and/or **pings** and finally the publication **status** of the post including whether or not the post is **sticky**.

You can cancel your changes at anytime by clicking on the **Cancel** button or you can save your changes by clicking on the **Update Page** button.

### Trash A Post

Clicking on the **Trash** option under any page or post title will allow you to move that certain page or post in a **Trash bin** and you could confirm this action soon as a confirmation message shows above saying that your page or post has been moved to trash with an **Undo** link.

Posts [Add New](#) Screen Options ▾ Help ▾

All (1) | Published (1) Search Posts

Bulk Actions ▾ Apply All dates ▾ All Categories ▾ Filter 1 item

| <input type="checkbox"/> | Title                                                                                                                   | Author | Categories    | Tags |  | Date                    |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|---------------|------|--|-------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <b>Hello world!</b><br><a href="#">Edit</a>   <a href="#">Quick Edit</a>   <a href="#">Trash</a>   <a href="#">View</a> | Editor | Uncategorized | —    |  | Published<br>2016/08/04 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Title                                                                                                                   | Author | Categories    | Tags |  | Date                    |

Bulk Actions ▾ Apply 1 item



**Hint:** Once a page or post has been moved to **Trash**, you can recover it back (see Next link below).

### Restore Or Delete A Post

If a **Trash** link exists, located next to the **All** link, you may want to click it to locate all the posts that you have deleted for the past 30 days.

Hover your mouse over to the title of the **post** that you want to delete or restore, and a sub menu of options will appear below.

Choose **Restore** to recover back your deleted post or choose **Delete Permanently** to delete the post forever.

Posts [Add New](#) Screen Options ▾ Help ▾

All (0) | Trash (1) Search Posts

Bulk Actions ▾ Apply All dates ▾ All Categories ▾ Filter Empty Trash 1 item

| <input type="checkbox"/> | Title                                                                        | Author | Categories    | Tags |  | Date                        |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|---------------|------|--|-----------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Hello world!<br><a href="#">Restore</a>   <a href="#">Delete Permanently</a> | Editor | Uncategorized | —    |  | Last Modified<br>2016/08/04 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Title                                                                        | Author | Categories    | Tags |  | Date                        |

Bulk Actions ▾ Apply Empty Trash 1 item






**Caution:** WordPress will empty the trash every 30 days.

### Post Revisions

What happens when you decide you need to go back and retrieve that version of the page you edited three days ago, or three weeks, or three months? On the edit post screen, there is a revisions box, which lists a different version of the posts in the system. Click on the version of the post you want to review.

**Revisions** ▲

-  editor, 1 min ago ([28 November, 2013 @ 5:25:42](#))
-  editor, 1 min ago ([28 November, 2013 @ 5:25:39](#))
-  editor, 4 months ago ([12 August, 2013 @ 22:41:54](#))

On the compare revisions screen, you can use the timeline slider to compare the changes of the post over time. You can also use the “next” and “previous” buttons to move through the timeline. The red box on the left, indicates what was changed in the previous version and the green box on the right shows the new changes in the latest version.



The screenshot shows the WordPress revision comparison interface. At the top, there are 'Previous' and 'Next' buttons, and a timeline slider with a double-headed arrow. Below this, a revision summary shows a user icon, the text 'Revision by editor', '38 mins ago (28 Nov @ 5:25)', and a 'Restore This Revision' button. The main content area is split into two columns. The left column is titled 'Title' and 'Content'. Under 'Title', it says 'Sample Page'. Under 'Content', it shows a code block with HTML for a link and an image: `This is a sample WordPress page.<a href="http://localhost/vum_wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2013/06/gibson-les-paul.jpg"></a>`. The right column is also titled 'Title' and 'Content'. Under 'Title', it says 'Sample Page'. Under 'Content', it shows a plain text block: 'This is a sample WordPress page.'

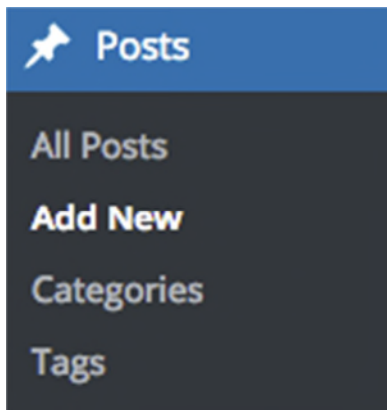
If you want to compare the difference between two specific revisions, tick the compare revisions check box and position the two markers on the timeline to specify the revisions that you wish to compare. To restore the post to a previous version, untick the compare revisions check box, move the marker along the timeline to the revision you want and then click the “restore” revisions and click the update button to save your changes.

### View

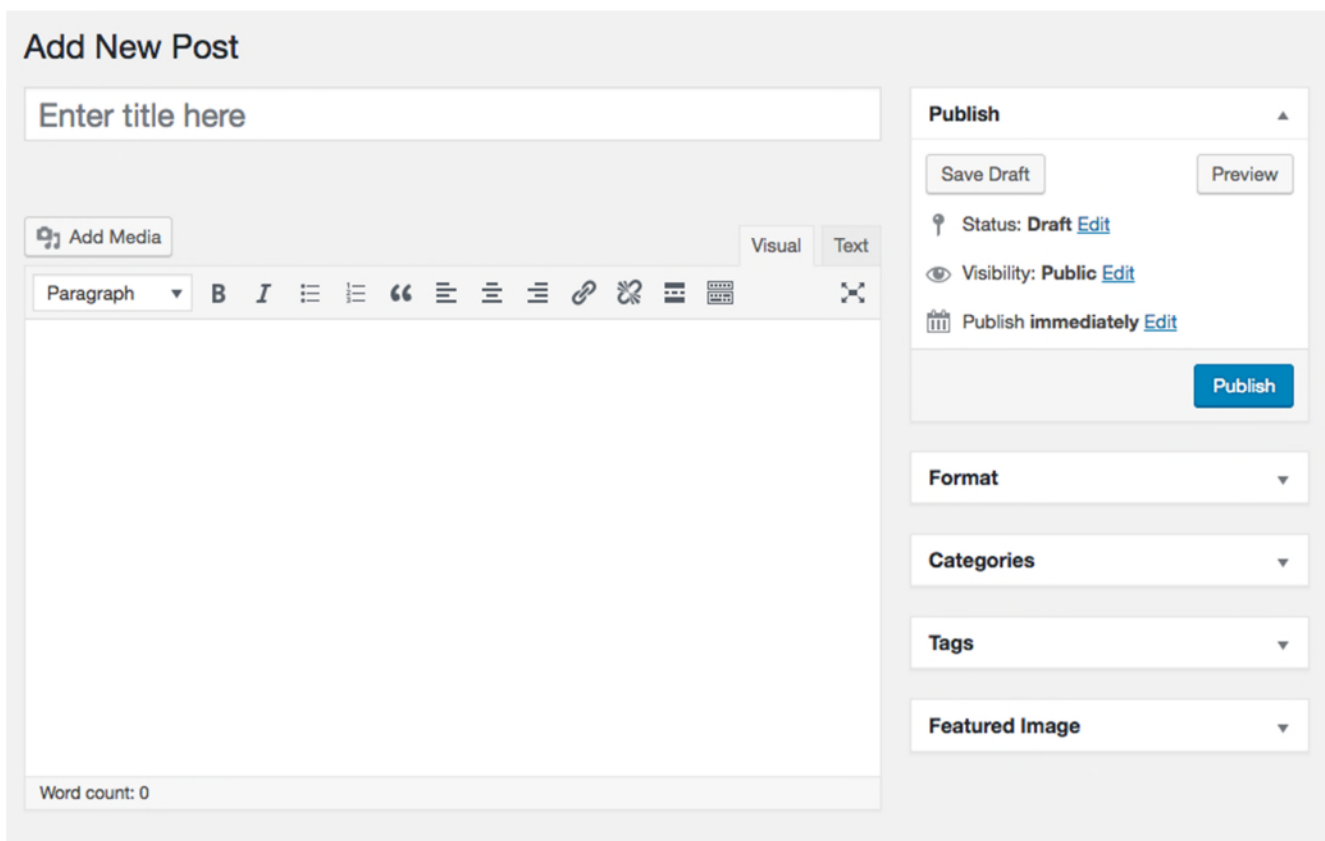
Clicking on the **View** option under a page or post title will take you to the page or post on your website so you can see how it appears to the rest of the world.

### Add New Post

You can access the **Add New Post** screen by choosing **Add New** from the **Posts** widget in the sidebar



The **Add New Post** screen looks like this:

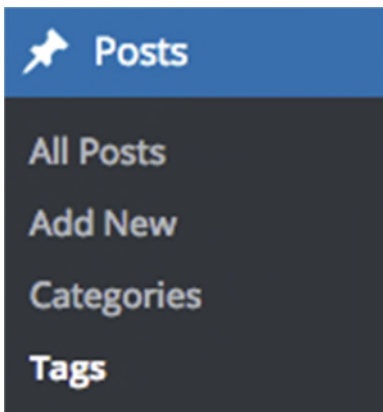


This screen functions are exactly like the **Edit Post** screen with the exception that the "**Update Post**" button is now the "**Publish**" button because the post has never been published. Once the post is published this button will become the "**Update Post**" button.

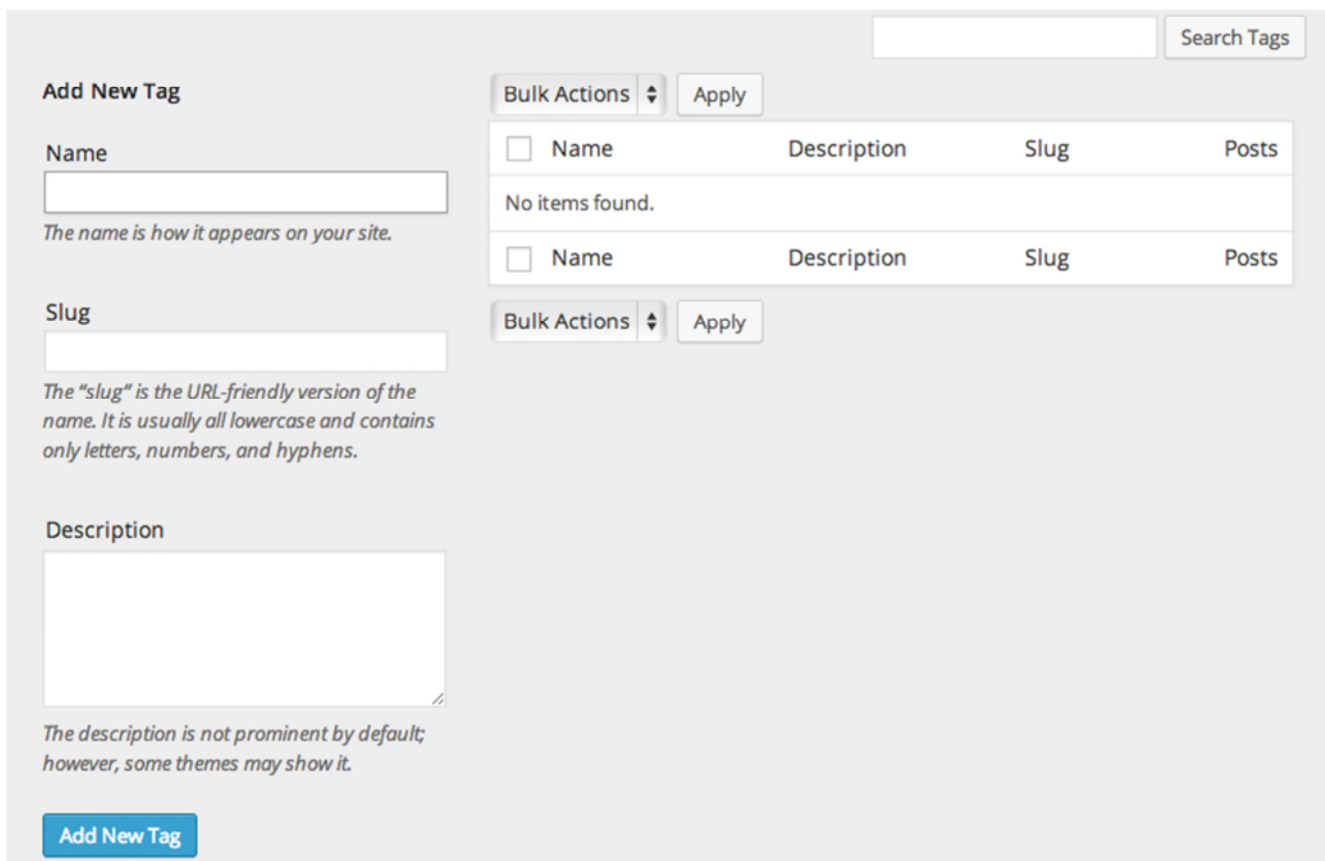
There is no content on a new post so you are free to be creative and design your own post from scratch.

## Tags

You can access the **Tags** screen by choosing **Tags** from the **Posts** widget in the sidebar



The **Tags** screen looks like this:



The screenshot shows the "Tags" management interface. On the left is the "Add New Tag" form with fields for "Name", "Slug", and "Description". The "Name" field has a tooltip: "The name is how it appears on your site." The "Slug" field has a tooltip: "The 'slug' is the URL-friendly version of the name. It is usually all lowercase and contains only letters, numbers, and hyphens." The "Description" field has a tooltip: "The description is not prominent by default; however, some themes may show it." A blue "Add New Tag" button is at the bottom left. On the right is a table of existing tags. At the top right is a search box labeled "Search Tags". Below it is a "Bulk Actions" dropdown and an "Apply" button. The table has columns for "Name", "Description", "Slug", and "Posts". The table content shows "No items found." Below the table is another "Bulk Actions" dropdown and "Apply" button.

| <input type="checkbox"/> | Name | Description | Slug | Posts |
|--------------------------|------|-------------|------|-------|
| No items found.          |      |             |      |       |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Name | Description | Slug | Posts |

Add New Tag section is at the top of the screen. To add a new tag enter the **Tag name** and **Tag slug** and click on the **Add Tag** button. The tag name can be the full name of the tag to be used, for example "**wedding**". The slug will be a search engine friendly version of the tag. If you do not enter the slug the system will automatically create one consisting of all lowercase words separated by a hyphen, for example "**wedding**".



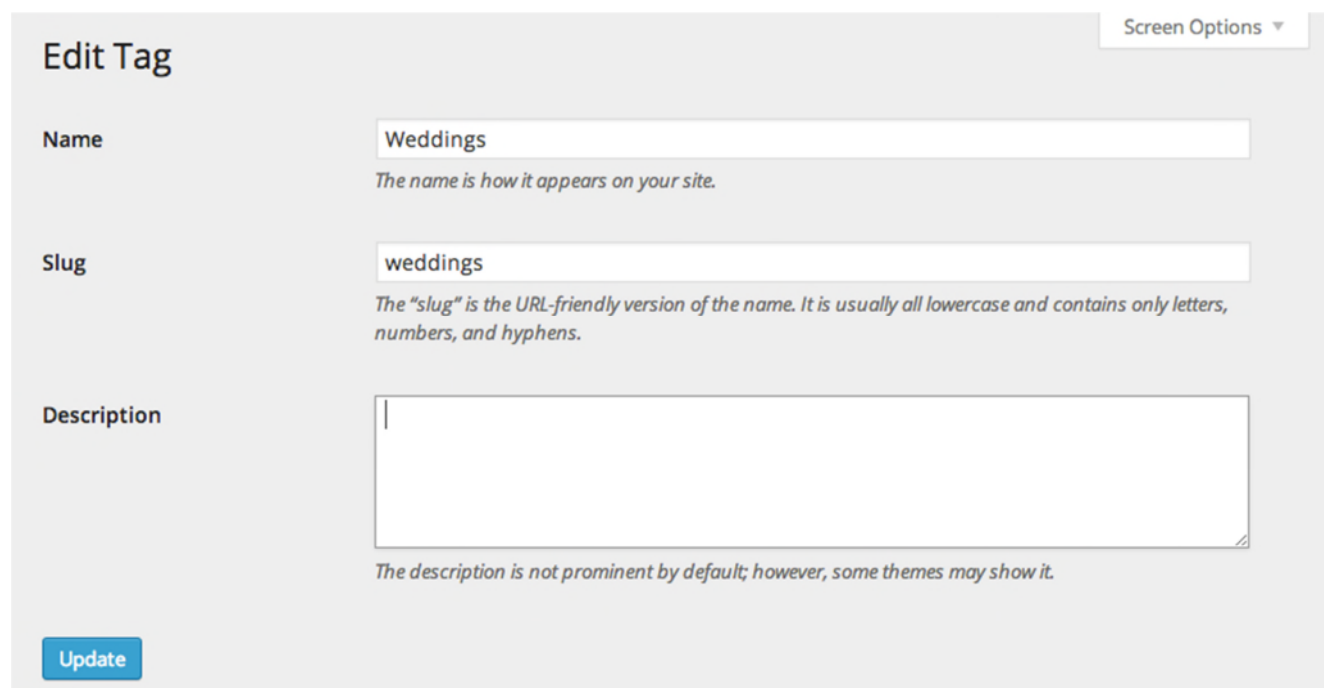
On the right of the screen is a table that lists all of the tags in the system. Clicking on the **tag name** will take you to the **edit tag** screen for that tag. Clicking on the number under **posts** will take you to the **Edit Post** screen with a list of posts assigned with this tag.

Placing the mouse over the name of a tag in the list displays a menu of options as previously explained.

The **Bulk Actions** menu functions as previously explained.

### Edit Tags

The Edit Tag screen looks like this:



**Edit Tag** Screen Options ▾

**Name**   
*The name is how it appears on your site.*

**Slug**   
*The "slug" is the URL-friendly version of the name. It is usually all lowercase and contains only letters, numbers, and hyphens.*

**Description**   
*The description is not prominent by default; however, some themes may show it.*

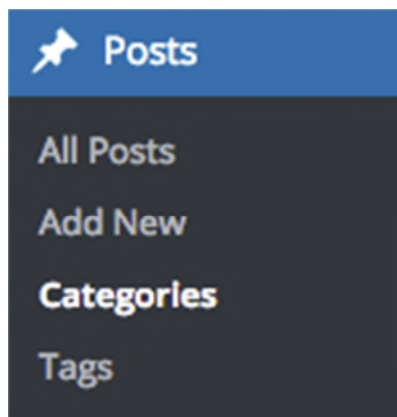
Simply edit the tag name and tag slug and click on the **Update Tag** button to make your changes.

### Quick Edit

**Quick Edit** allows you to edit the **name** and **slug** of the tag only.

### Categories

You can access the **Categories** screen by choosing **Categories** from the **Posts** widget in the sidebar



The **Categories** screen looks like this:

**Add New Category**

Name  
  
The name is how it appears on your site.

Slug  
  
The "slug" is the URL-friendly version of the name. It is usually all lowercase and contains only letters, numbers, and hyphens.

Parent  
  
Categories, unlike tags, can have a hierarchy. You might have a Jazz category, and under that have children categories for Bebop and Big Band. Totally optional.

Description  
  
The description is not prominent by default; however, some themes may show it.

[Add New Category](#)

Bulk Actions  1 item

| <input type="checkbox"/> Name | Description | Slug          | Posts |
|-------------------------------|-------------|---------------|-------|
| <a href="#">Uncategorized</a> |             | uncategorized | 1     |

Bulk Actions  1 item

Note:  
Deleting a category does not delete the posts in that category. Instead, posts that were only assigned to the deleted category are set to the category Uncategorized.

Directly beneath the popular categories list is the **Add a New Category** section. Popular Categories are listed at the top of the screen. Clicking on a category in the list will take you to the **Edit Categories** screen, which is described in the next section.

To add a new category enter the **Category Name** and **Category Slug**, choose a **Category Parent** from the drop down list, enter the **Description** for the category and click on the **Add Category** button.

The category name can be the full name of the category to be used, for example "**wedding**". The slug will be a search engine friendly version of the category. If you do not enter the slug

the system will automatically create one consisting of all lowercase words separated by a hyphen, for example "wedding".



**Hint:** Categories can have a hierarchy. For example, "Weddings" may be a parent category for the sub-categories of "catering", "photography" and "cars". If the category you are adding is a sub-category, choose the parent category from the drop down list.

On the right of the screen is a table that lists all of the categories in the system. Clicking on the **category name** will take you to the **edit category** screen for that category. Clicking on the number under **posts** will take you to the **Edit Post** screen with a list of posts assigned to this category.

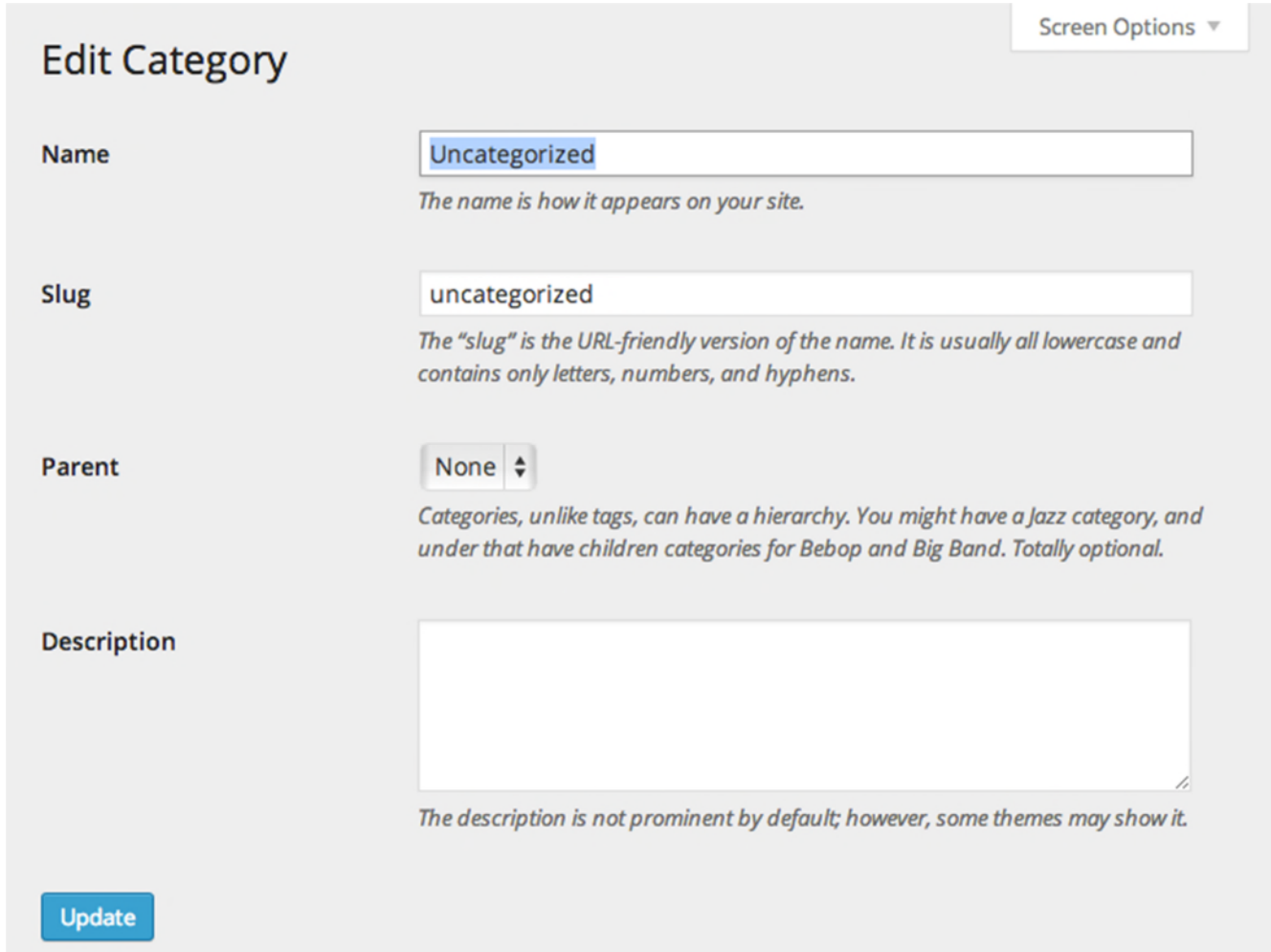
Placing the mouse over the name of a category in the list displays a menu of options as previously explained.

The **Bulk Actions** menu functions as previously explained in the Edit Pages section

You do not have access rights to use the **category to tag converter** so just ignore this option.

## Edit Category

The Edit Category screen looks like this:



The screenshot shows the 'Edit Category' screen in WordPress. At the top right, there is a 'Screen Options' dropdown menu. The main heading is 'Edit Category'. Below this, there are four sections for editing category details:

- Name:** A text input field containing 'Uncategorized'. Below it is a note: 'The name is how it appears on your site.'
- Slug:** A text input field containing 'uncategorized'. Below it is a note: 'The "slug" is the URL-friendly version of the name. It is usually all lowercase and contains only letters, numbers, and hyphens.'
- Parent:** A dropdown menu currently set to 'None'. Below it is a note: 'Categories, unlike tags, can have a hierarchy. You might have a Jazz category, and under that have children categories for Bebop and Big Band. Totally optional.'
- Description:** A large empty text area. Below it is a note: 'The description is not prominent by default; however, some themes may show it.'

At the bottom left, there is a blue 'Update' button.

Simply edit the category name, category slug, category parent and description and click on the **Update Category** button to make your changes.

## Quick Edit

**Quick Edit** allows you to edit the **name** and **slug** of the category only.

## Media

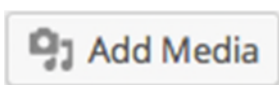
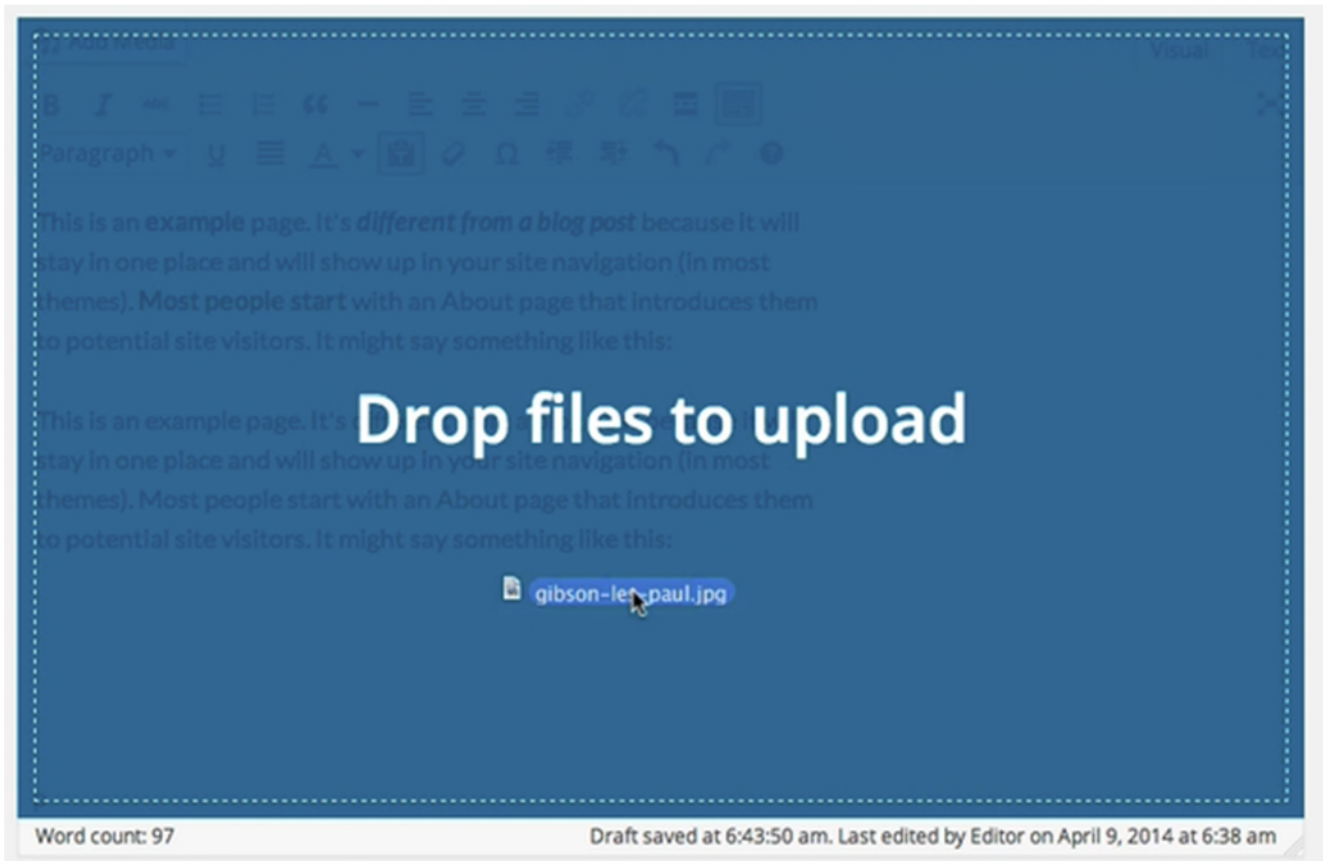
Adding media to your website can be done in one of two ways:

1. Directly into a page or post
2. Added to the **media library** and then added to a page or post

Firstly, let's look at adding media directly into a page or post.

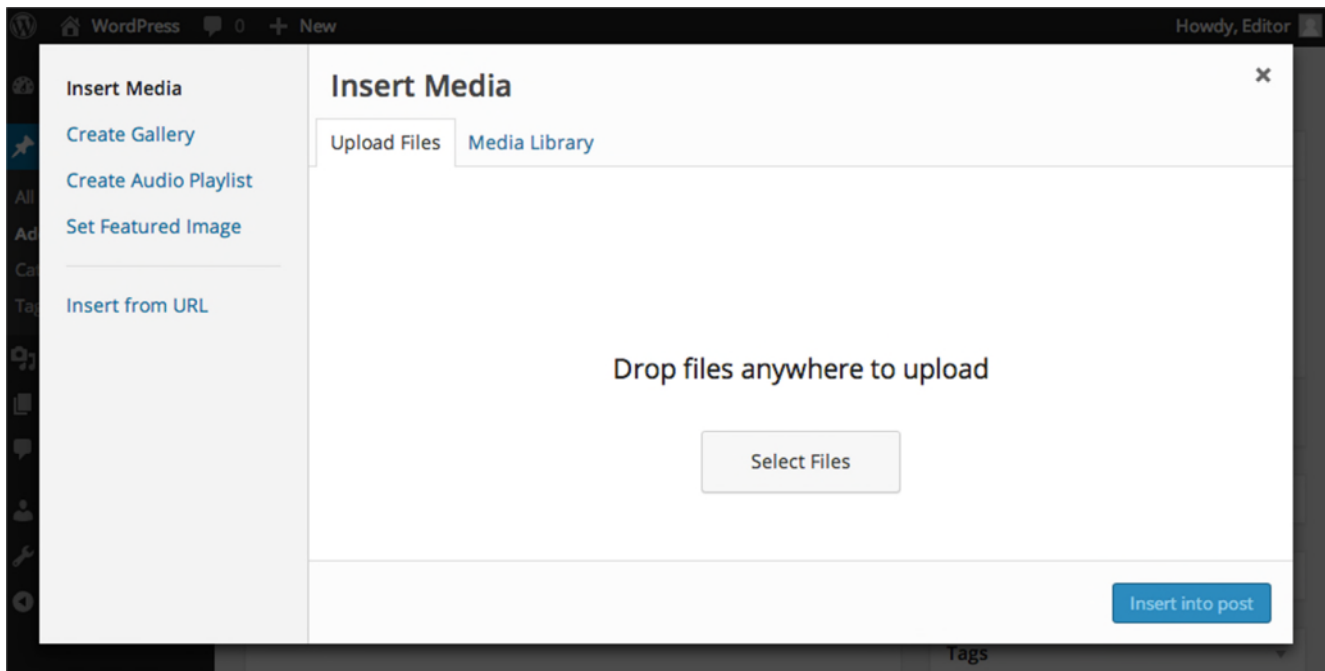
### Add Media Directly Into A Page Or Post.

If you want to add media into a page or post, the easiest way to do this is to simply drag an image from your desktop directly onto the editor.



### Add Media

Clicking on the add media button will open a pop up dialog box that looks like this:



There are three locations you can choose to add an image from.

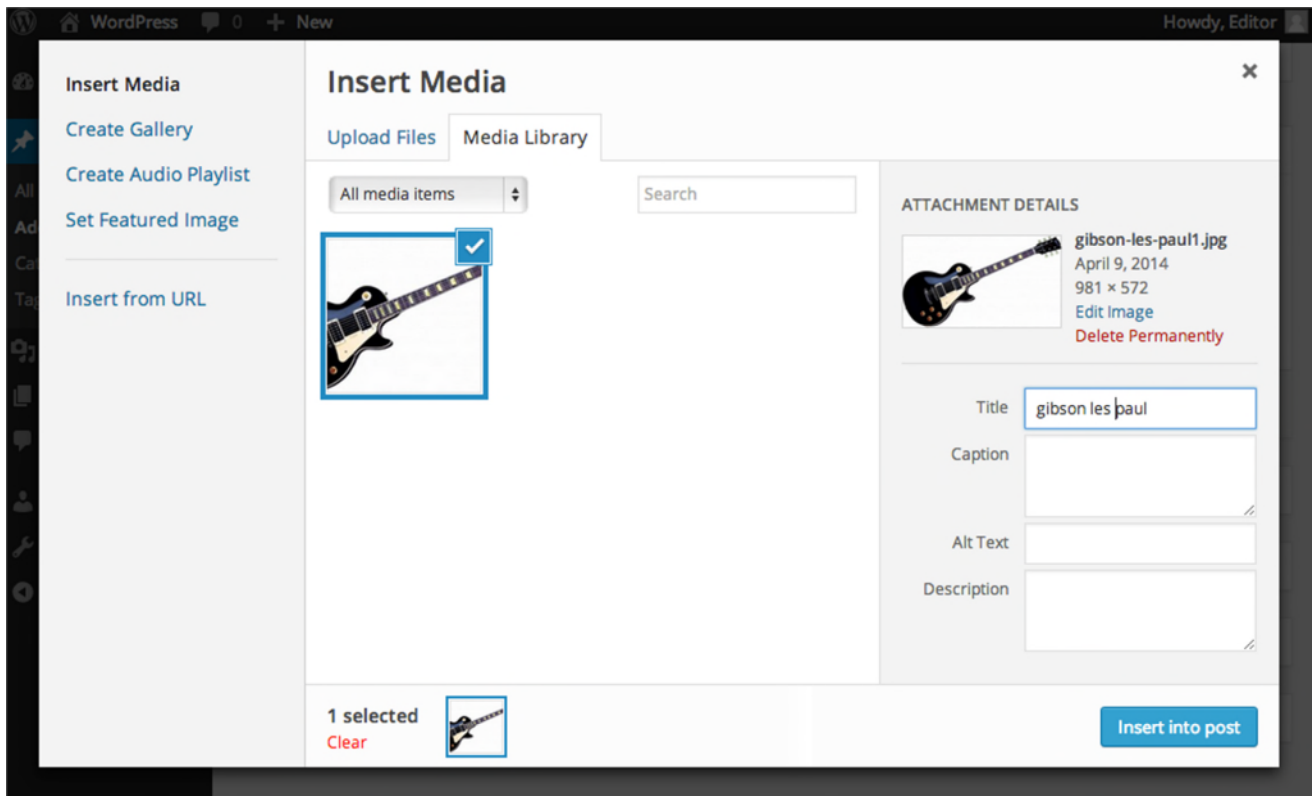
1. **From your computer**
2. Another webpage (**From URL**)
3. **Media Library**

Once you have added media to your page you can also add it to a gallery, which will display thumbnails of your media on the page and provide links to the individual files. This is handy if you're using multiple images on the one page for example. This is covered in greater detail in the Add Image To Gallery section.

#### **Add Image From Computer**

To add an image from your computer, you can either click on the **Select Files** button or drag the media inside the big dotted square.

After you have uploaded your images into the system you will be able to add titles and descriptions as well as set the size and alignment of the image on your page:



The uploader will now show you a thumbnail (small, cropped version) of the image you uploaded. Enter a **title** for your image as well as a **caption** and a **description**. Depending on the way your website has been developed, the caption and/or description may appear below the image on your page. Entering a title and caption for each image will help your webpage become more visible to search engines like Google and Yahoo!

If you want the image to link to another page, enter a URL in the **Link URL** field. You can also use the **File URL** button to have image link to itself (which will display the image on its own page) or the **Post URL** button to have the image link back to the same page we are already on. This may help people find your webpage who are searching the internet using an image search tool like Google Images for example.

The alignment setting allows you to align the image to the **left** of the text, in the **center** or to the **right**. Any of these settings will force the text to wrap around the image. A setting of **none** will place the image on its own line and the text will appear above and below it but not next to it.

The size of the image can also be set by choosing **thumbnail**, **medium**, **large** or **full size**. Be aware that choosing **thumbnail** may crop your image and display the center of your image so you may lose information towards the edges. The image will appear on your website very similar to the thumbnail that appears on this very screen.

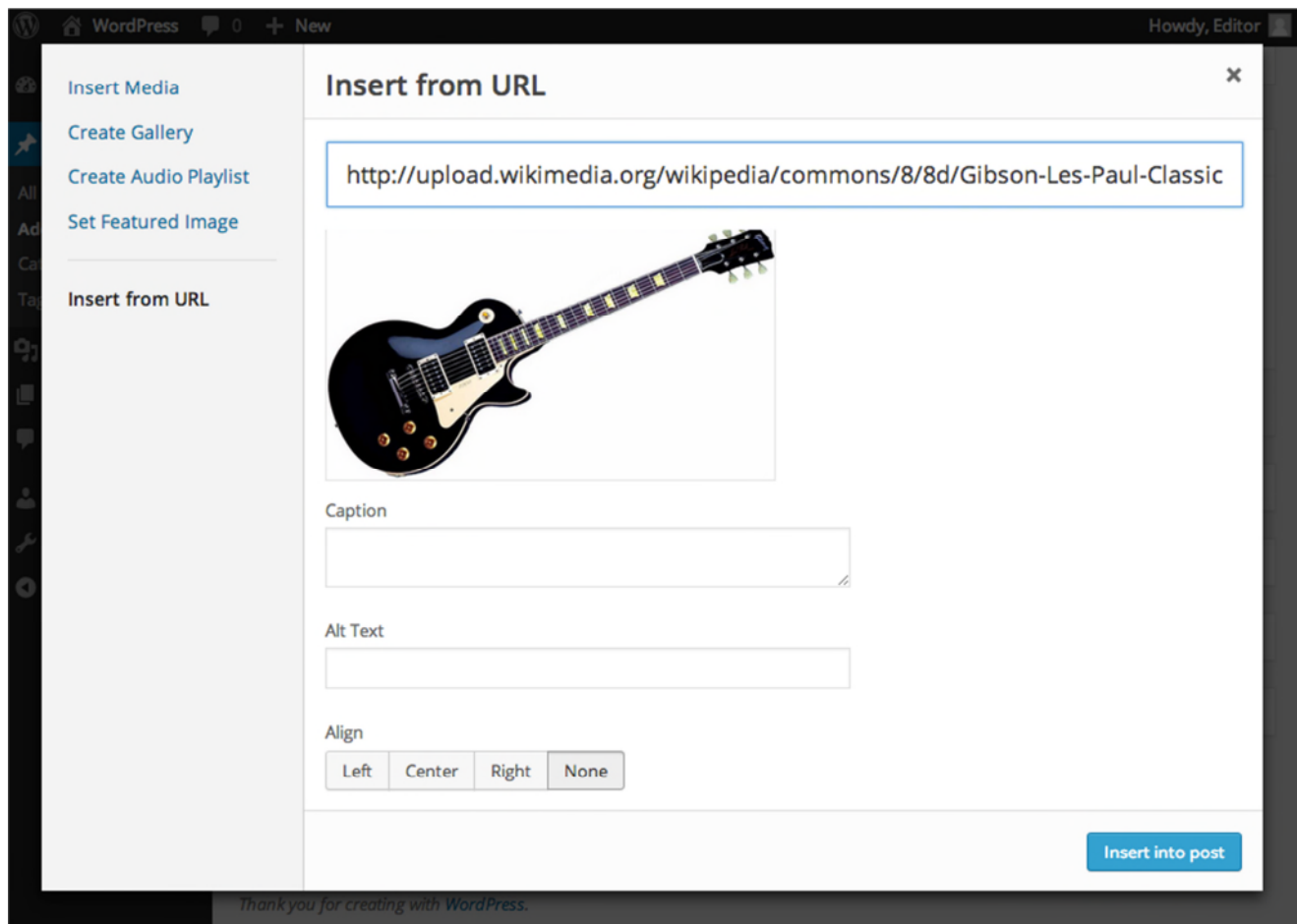
When you are happy with your settings, click on the **Insert into Post** button to insert the image into your page.



**Hint:** The **Add Media** functionality is identical for adding media to a **page** or a **post**.

### Add Media From URL

The Add Media From URL screen looks like this:



The screenshot shows the WordPress 'Insert from URL' dialog box. The URL field contains `http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/8/8d/Gibson-Les-Paul-Classic`. Below the URL field is a preview of a black Gibson Les Paul electric guitar. Underneath the preview are three text input fields: 'Caption', 'Alt Text', and 'Align'. The 'Align' field has four buttons: 'Left', 'Center', 'Right', and 'None'. At the bottom right of the dialog box is a blue 'Insert into post' button. The background shows the WordPress editor interface with a sidebar on the left containing options like 'Insert Media', 'Create Gallery', 'Create Audio Playlist', and 'Set Featured Image'. The top of the editor shows 'WordPress' and 'Howdy, Editor'.

To add media from a URL, enter the full URL into the **URL** field, the media title into the **Title** field and a caption into the **Image Caption** field.

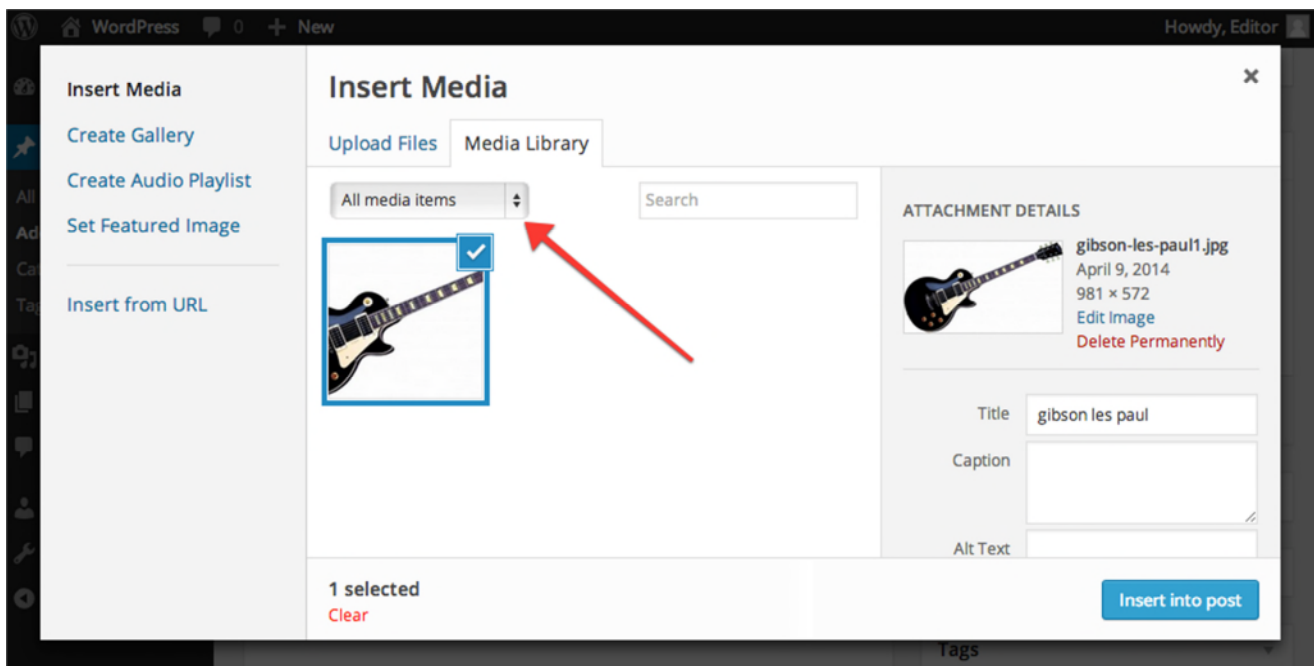


Then choose the alignment of the image as **None**, **Left**, **Center** or **Right** as previously explained.

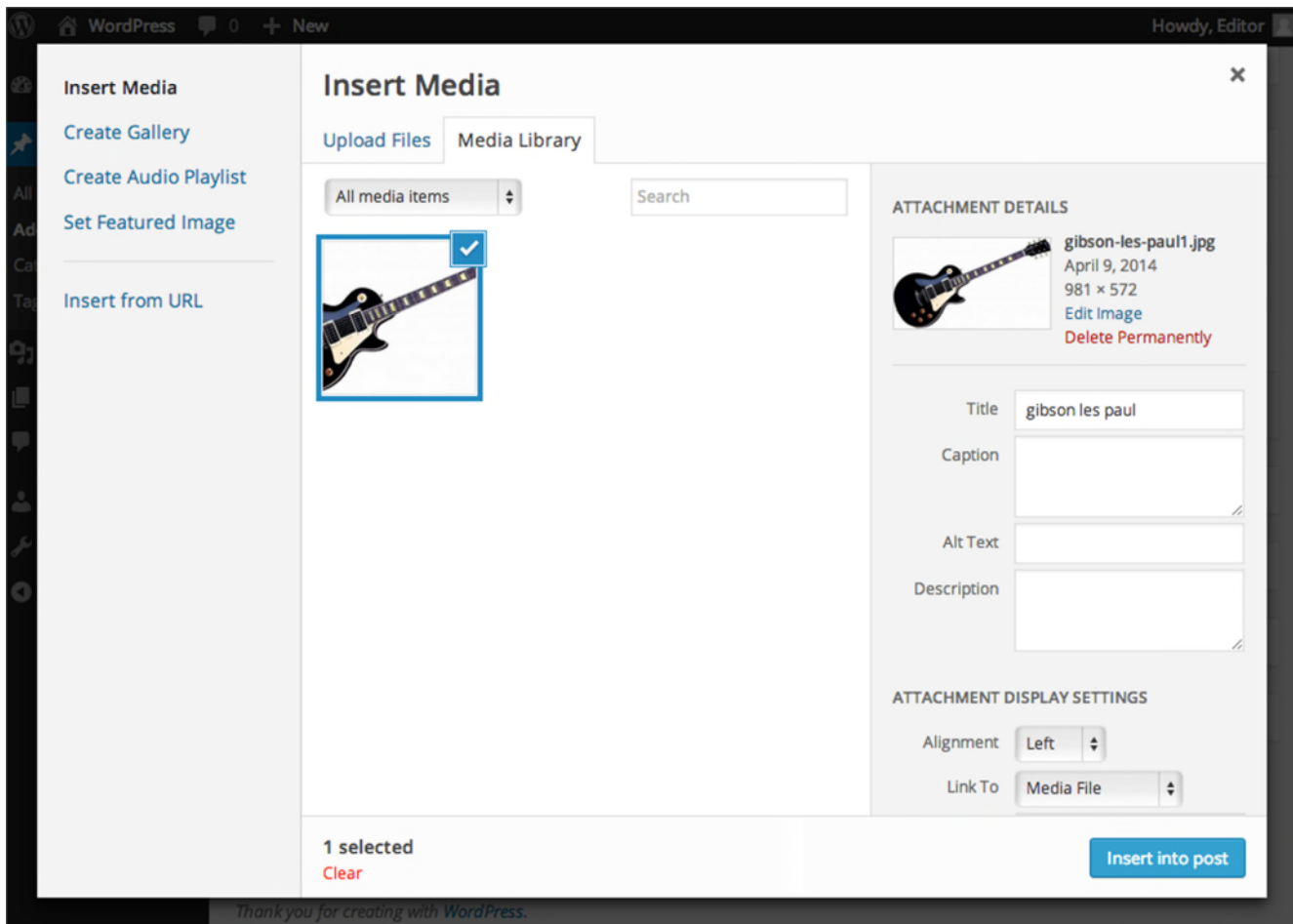
Finally choose a link for the image and click on the **Insert into Post** button.

### Add Media From Media Library

At the top right of this screen, a search bar allows you to search for specific media. At the top left your existing media is displayed by type, (**All**, **Image**, **Video**, **Audio**) to give you a quick reference as to how much media you have at your disposal.



Clicking on any image will bring up its properties to the right:

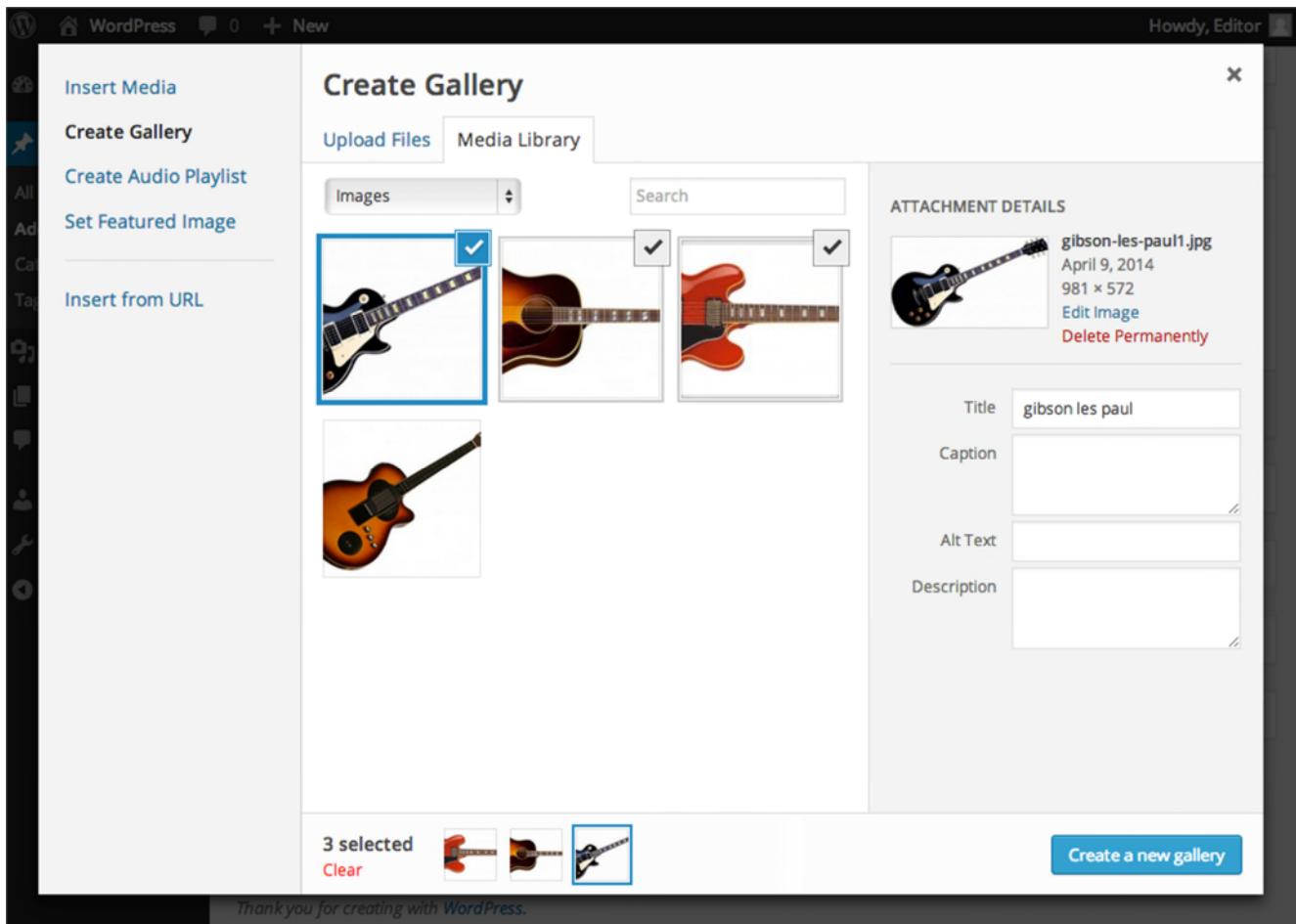


These options are identical to the options given when you **Add Media From Computer**. When you are happy with your settings, click on the **Insert into Post** button to insert your image inside your post or click to **Use as Featured Image** link to use the image as the main representation of your post. If you wish to make changes to the settings for the files in the media library without inserting any media into your page or post, click on the **Save all changes** button. This will remember the changes you have made for the next time you access the media library.

Alternatively, if you wish to delete the file from your media library, click on the **Delete permanently** link.

### [Add Image To Gallery](#)

The Add Image To Gallery screen looks like this:



Any media you add to a page or post is automatically included in a **Gallery** for that page or post.

You can sort the order of media in the gallery by clicking on any media file, holding down the mouse button and dragging it to a new position in the list. You can also manually enter the order for each media file in the **Order** box.

Clicking on the **Show** link will show you the options as previously explained in the **media library** section.

The gallery settings on this page allow you to link the thumbnails of your media files to either the **image file** (displayed on its own in the web browser) or the **attachment page** which looks and feels like a normal post on your website but contains only the media file.

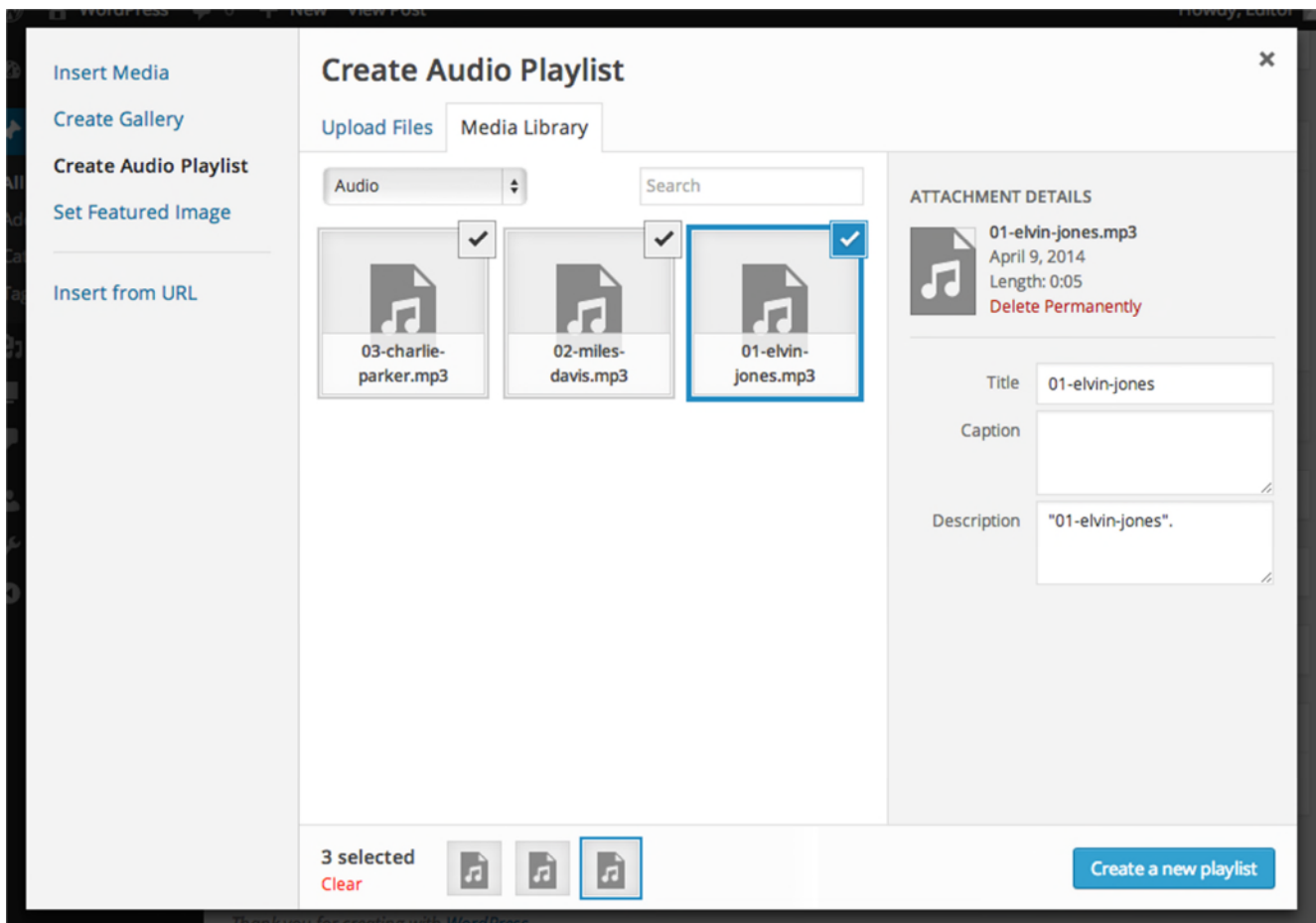
You can also choose to display the images by **menu order** (as they appear in the list above) by **name** or **date**. Choosing **descending** will reverse the order you have chosen. Gallery columns will organize the gallery into the number of columns you specify. For example, if you specify three columns and you have five images on the gallery, the gallery will display a row of three thumbnails followed by a second row of two.

Once you are happy with your settings, click on the **Insert gallery** button to insert the gallery into your page or post.

### Create Audio Or Video Playlist

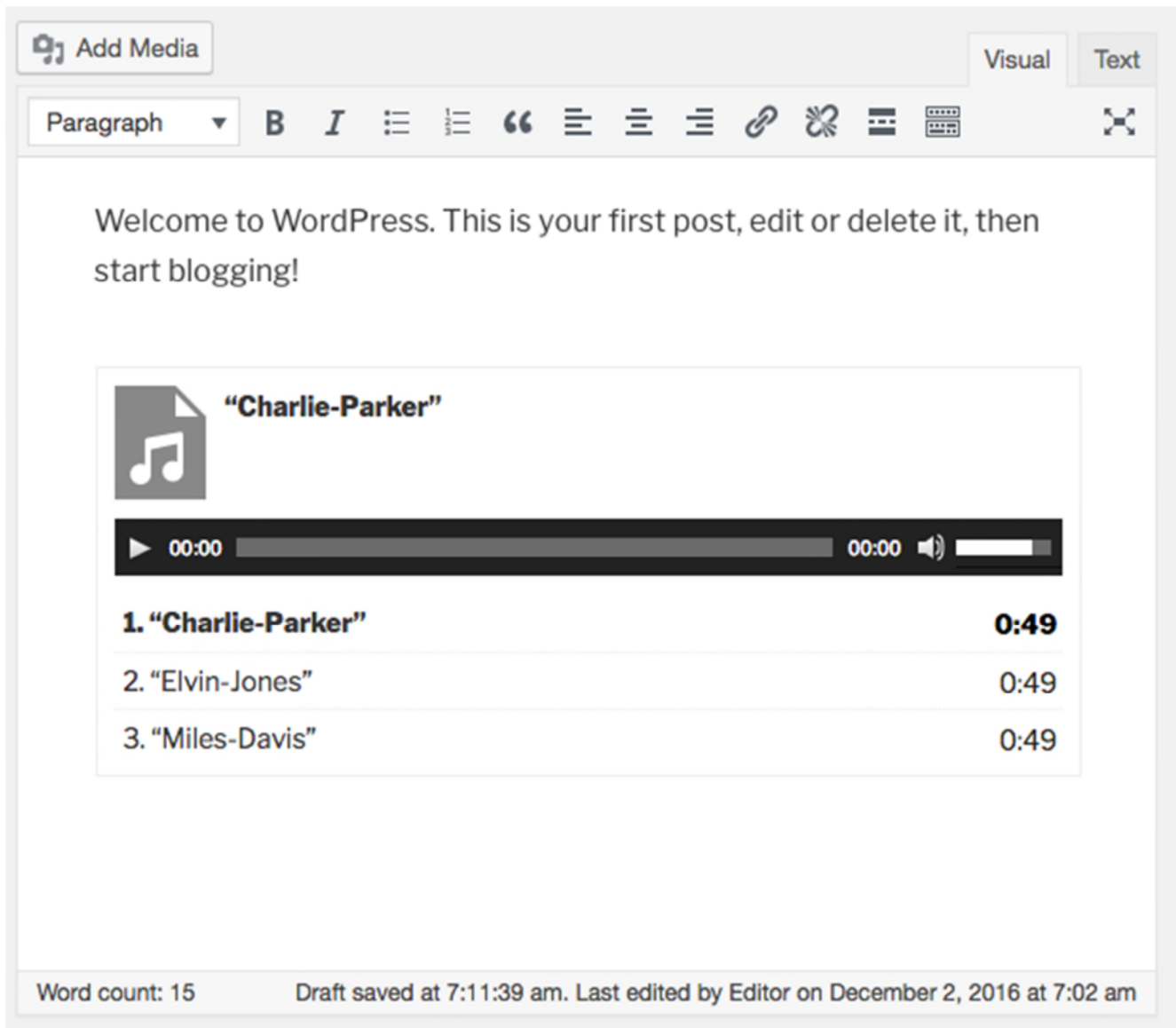
To create a audio or video playlist, simply start by adding audio files to your media files as explained above. Audio and Video files are treated in the same way as image files.

Click on **Create Audio Playlist**. Then select the audio files you want to be part of the playlist.



The screenshot displays the 'Create Audio Playlist' modal window. On the left sidebar, 'Create Audio Playlist' is selected. The main area shows the 'Media Library' tab with a search bar and a filter set to 'Audio'. Three audio files are visible, each with a checkmark indicating selection: '03-charlie-parker.mp3', '02-miles-davis.mp3', and '01-elvin-jones.mp3'. The '01-elvin-jones.mp3' file is highlighted with a blue border. The 'ATTACHMENT DETAILS' panel on the right shows the selected file's metadata: '01-elvin-jones.mp3', 'April 9, 2014', and 'Length: 0:05'. Below this, there are input fields for 'Title' (filled with '01-elvin-jones'), 'Caption', and 'Description' (filled with '"01-elvin-jones"'). At the bottom, a status bar shows '3 selected' and three audio icons. A 'Create a new playlist' button is located in the bottom right corner.

Then click on create a new playlist, and you can now reorder the tracks. After you are happy with the order of the tracks click insert audio playlist.



The screenshot shows the WordPress editor interface. At the top left is an "Add Media" button. On the right are "Visual" and "Text" tabs. Below these is a rich text editor toolbar with options for Paragraph, Bold (B), Italic (I), bulleted list, numbered list, quote, indent, outdent, link, unlink, table, and columns. The main content area contains the text "Welcome to WordPress. This is your first post, edit or delete it, then start blogging!". Below the text is a music player for a playlist titled "Charlie-Parker". The player shows a play button, a progress bar at 00:00, and a volume icon. Below the player is a table listing the playlist items:

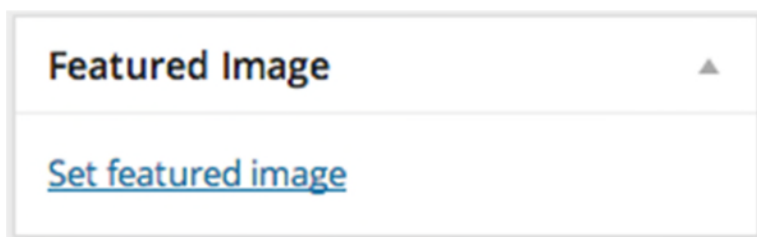
| 1. "Charlie-Parker" | 0:49 |
|---------------------|------|
| 2. "Elvin-Jones"    | 0:49 |
| 3. "Miles-Davis"    | 0:49 |

At the bottom of the editor, it shows "Word count: 15" and "Draft saved at 7:11:39 am. Last edited by Editor on December 2, 2016 at 7:02 am".

The playlist will appear when you publish your page.

### Featured Image

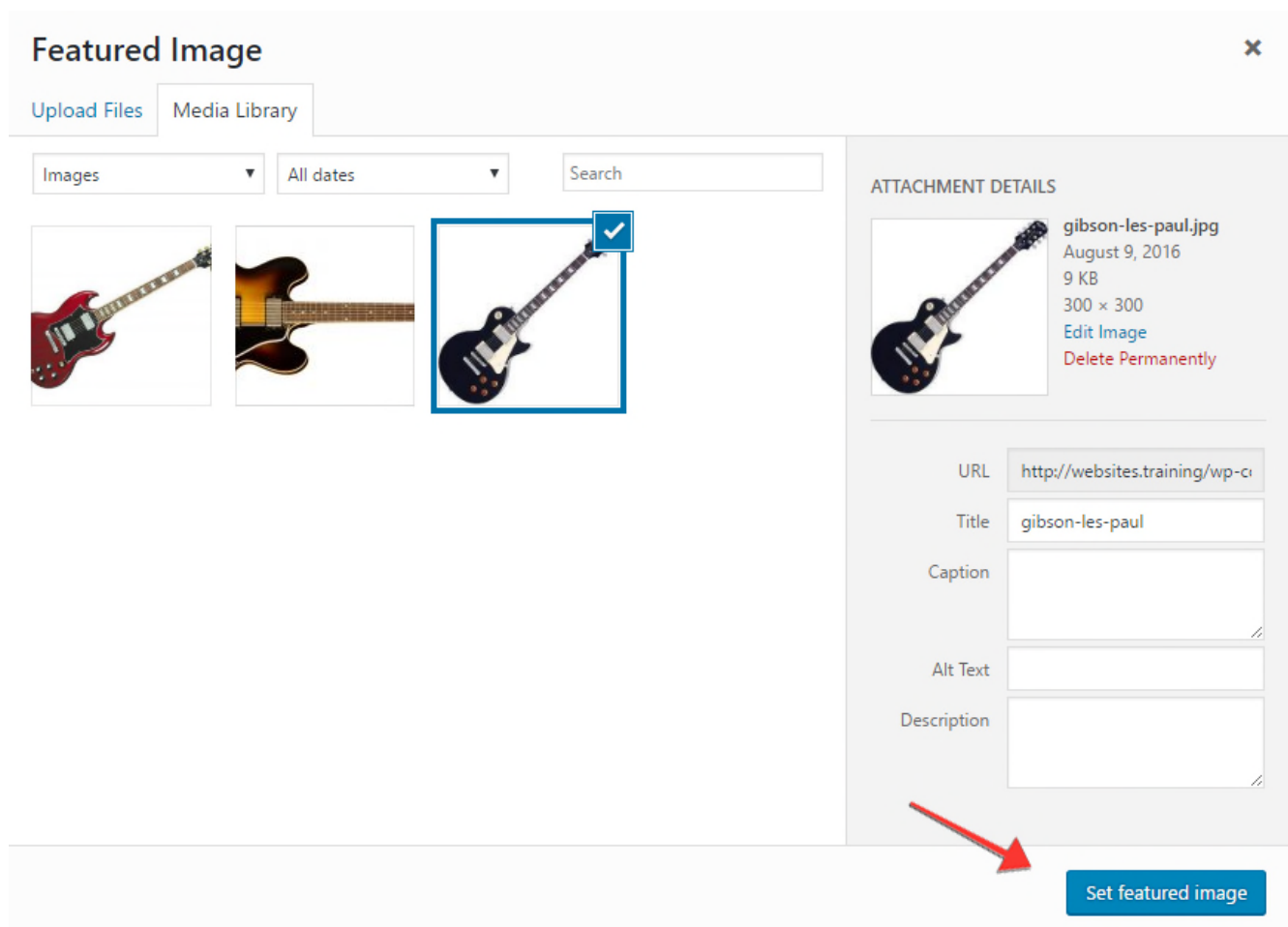
Featured Image Panel looks like this:



To set a **featured image** for a post or page, scroll to the bottom right of the edit screen, and click featured image.

You can either, upload an image from your **computer**, from a **URL**, if you already have uploaded image to this page or post, then you can choose one from the **Gallery**, or you can choose from the **Media Library**.

Once you have chosen an image, you can **edit** the **title**, **alternative text**, **caption** and **description**.



**Featured Image** ✕

Upload Files | Media Library

Images | All dates | Search

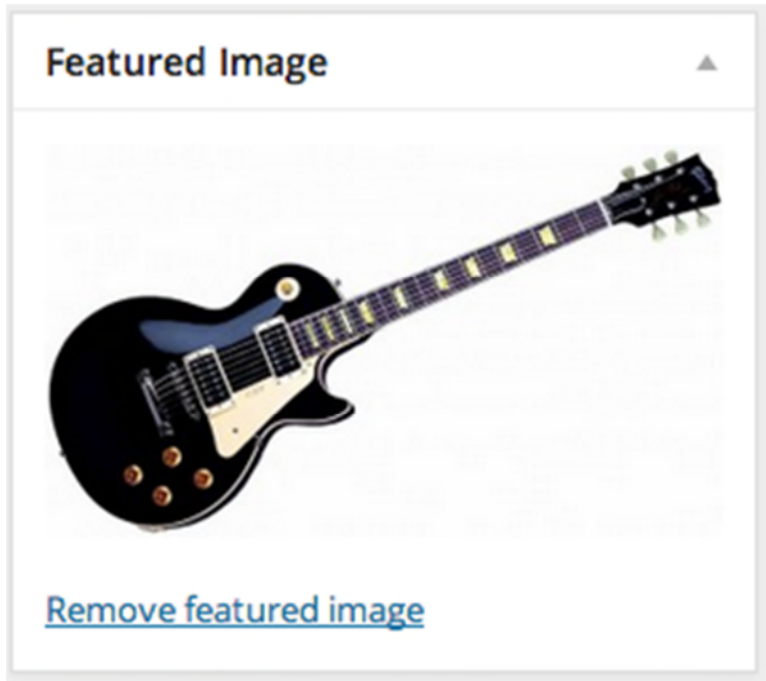
gibson-les-paul.jpg  
August 9, 2016  
9 KB  
300 × 300  
[Edit Image](#)  
[Delete Permanently](#)

URL:   
Title:   
Caption:   
Alt Text:   
Description:

[Set featured image](#)

Scroll down and click - **Use as featured image**.

Your Featured Panel will now look like this:



Then click **update** button to save all changes.

If your website has been set up to use this feature then this image will be used represent this page or post.

### **Adding Other Media**

Adding other media (video, audio, pdf files, word documents) directly into a page or post will display a link on the page to the media you have added. If a user clicks on the link their browser will then display the media using the settings they have specified. Adding video, **audio** and other **media** content works exactly the same regardless of the type of media being added.

### **Embed Media**

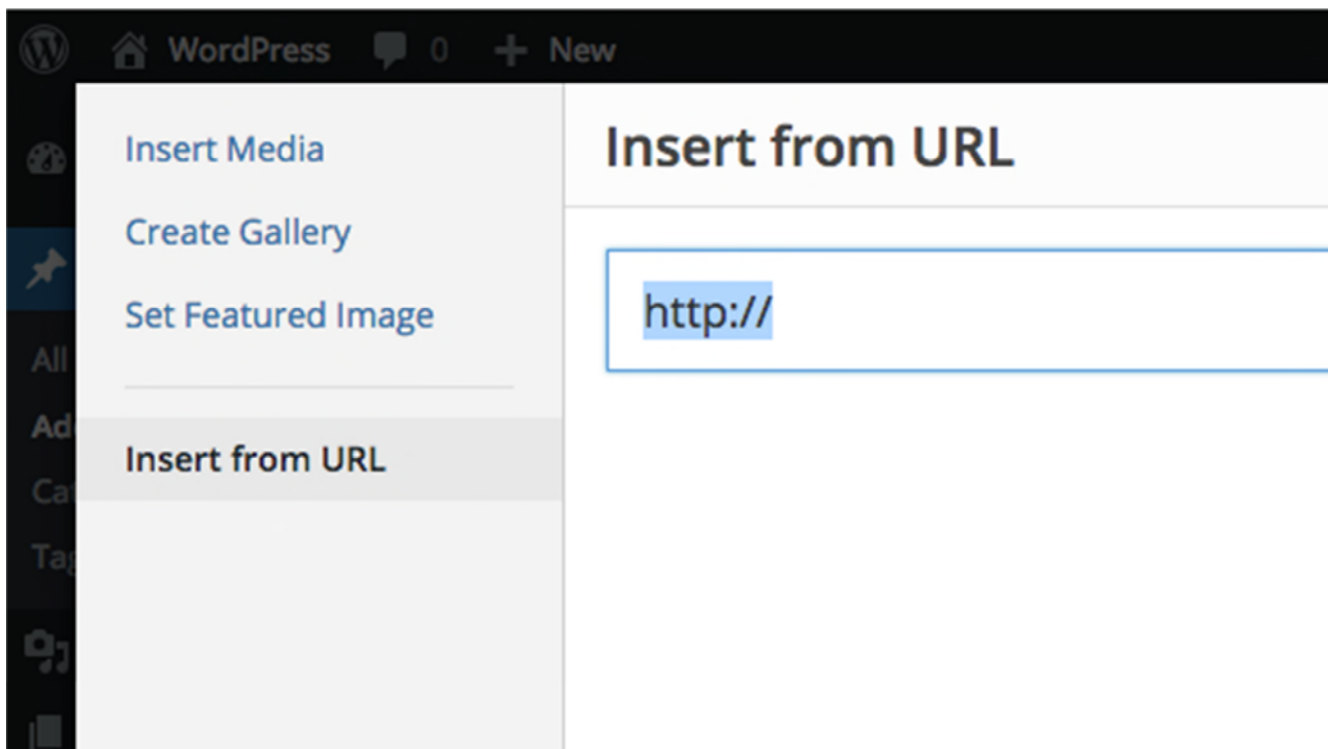
You can easily embed video, images, and other content into your WordPress site from the following sites:

- YouTube
- Vimeo
- Twitter
- blip.tv
- Flickr (both videos and images)

- Viddler
- Hulu
- Qik
- Revision3
- Scribd
- Photobucket
- PollDaddy
- Google Video
- WordPress.tv (only VideoPress-type videos for the time being)

There are three simple ways to do it.

First is by placing the cursor of the mouse to whichever part of the post or page you want the embedded video to appear. Then click **Add Media** and choosing **From URL** tab.



Paste in the **URL of the video** and put a **title** in which you wanted that URL to be link in.





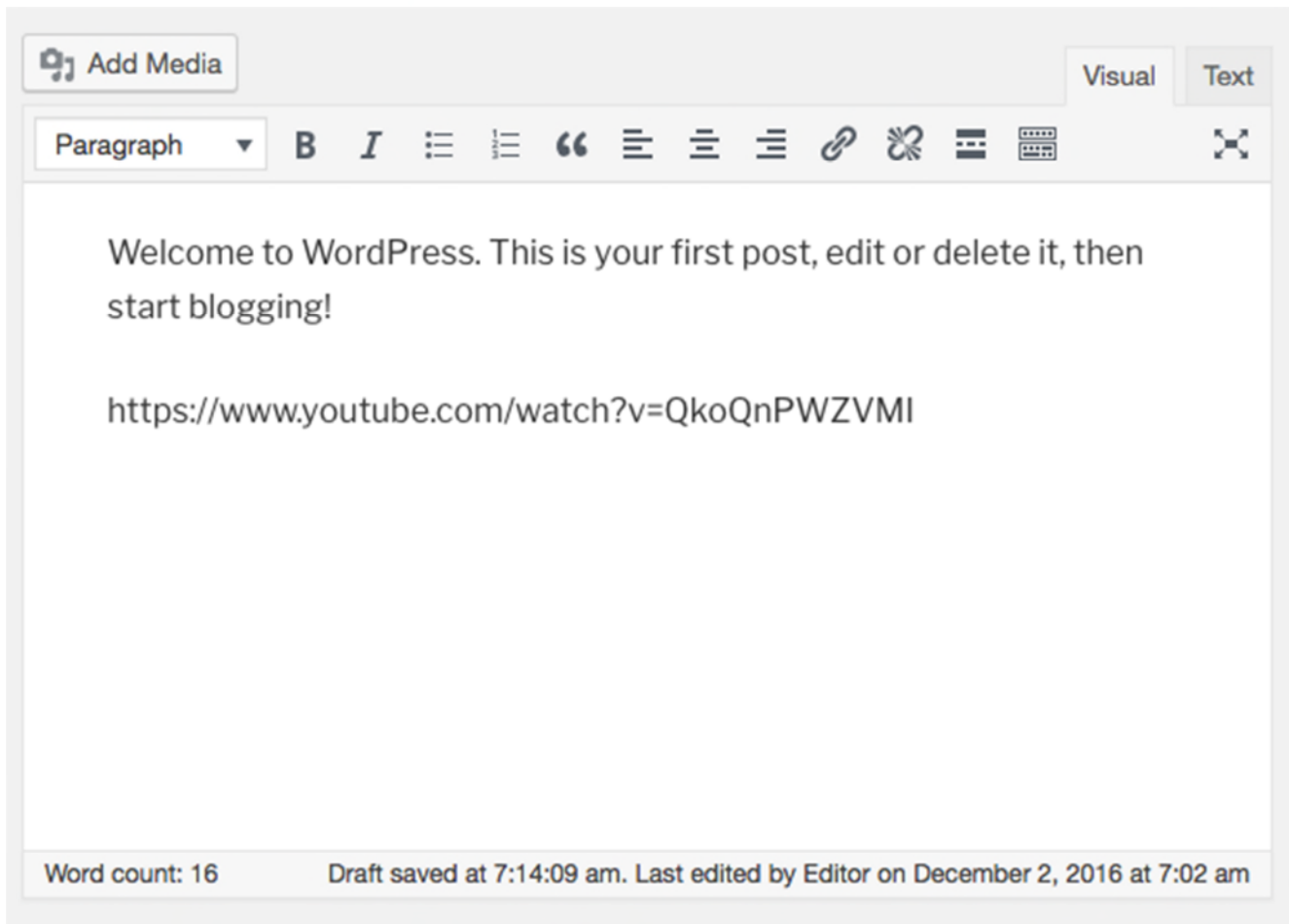
And click **Insert into Post** button, the result of this will be a link leading to the video URL you have just entered.

The second is by using the **Embed** tag. It supports videos, images, text, and more.



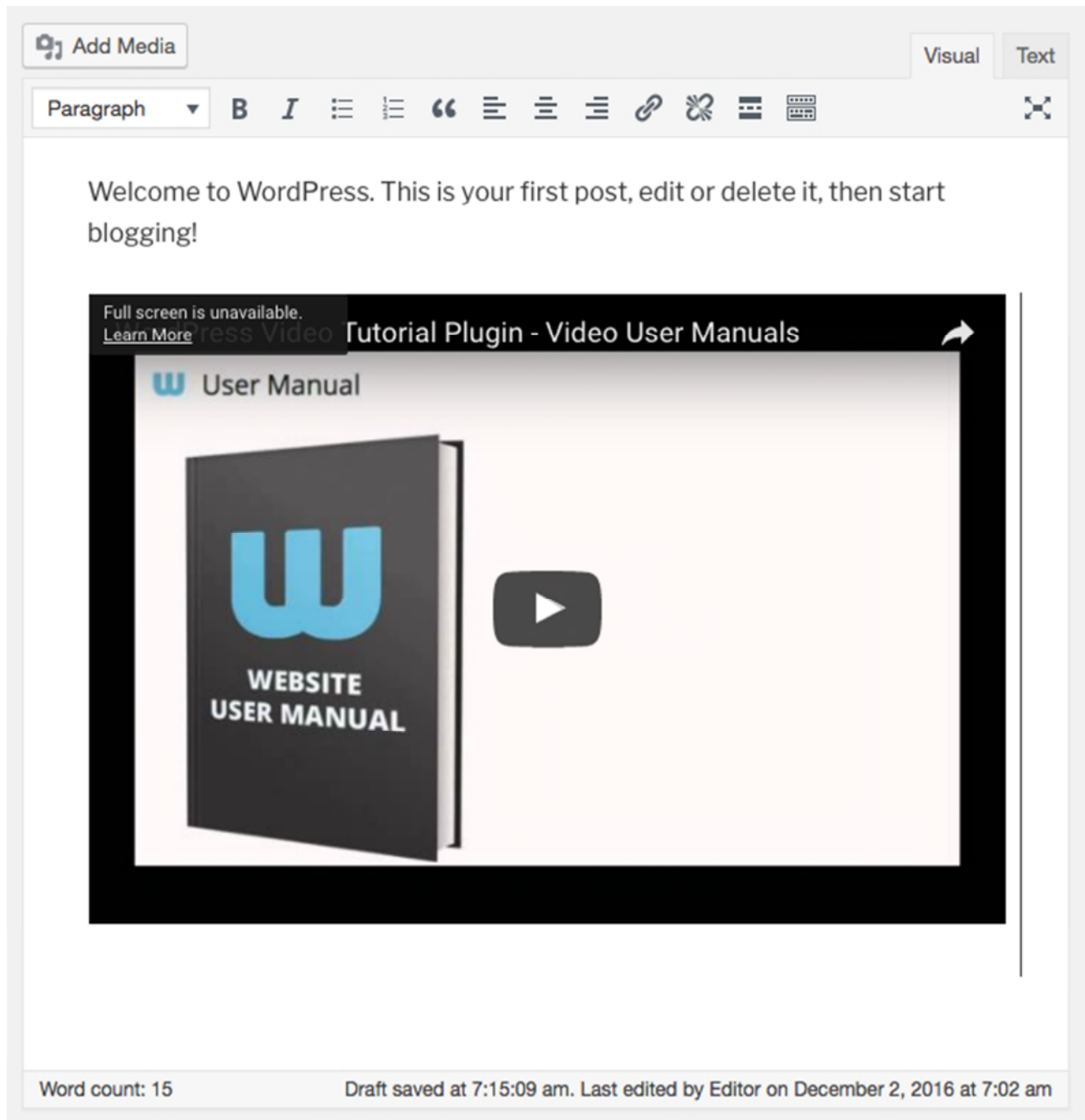
To do it, just copy and paste in the **URL of the video** that you want to embed and **wrap** that **URL** in the **[embed] shortcode**

Lastly, you can simply paste in the **URL of the video** on its own line.



The screenshot shows the WordPress Visual Editor interface. At the top left is an 'Add Media' button. On the top right are 'Visual' and 'Text' tabs, with 'Visual' selected. Below these is a toolbar containing icons for Paragraph (selected), Bold (B), Italic (I), Bulleted List, Numbered List, Quote, Horizontal Line, Link, Unlink, Table, and Embed. The main content area contains the text: 'Welcome to WordPress. This is your first post, edit or delete it, then start blogging!' followed by a URL: 'https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QkoQnPWZVMI'. At the bottom, a status bar displays 'Word count: 16' and 'Draft saved at 7:14:09 am. Last edited by Editor on December 2, 2016 at 7:02 am'.

The system will automatically convert this **URL** to an image, video, slideshow, or status update depending on the type of **media** it is.



Full screen is unavailable. [Learn More](#)

WordPress Video Tutorial Plugin - Video User Manuals

User Manual

WEBSITE USER MANUAL

Word count: 15      Draft saved at 7:15:09 am. Last edited by Editor on December 2, 2016 at 7:02 am

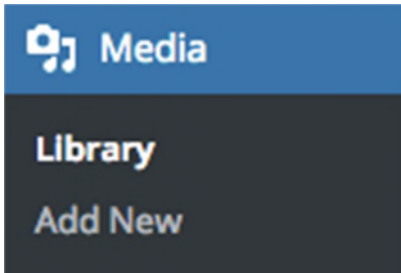
Remember to copy only the video or image URL with **no links** attached.

The end result of this is the actual video embedded in your page or post.

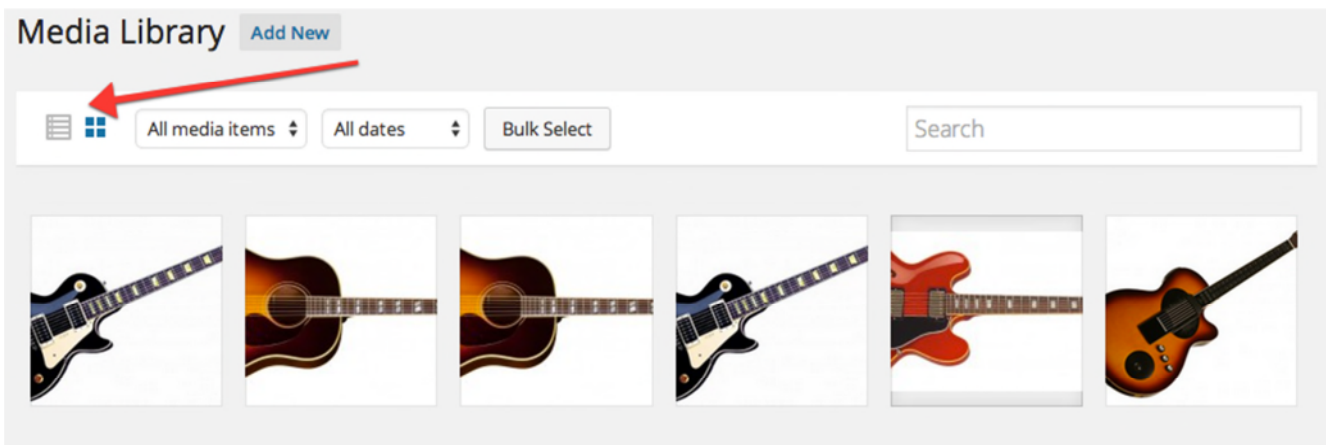
When done editing you may hit **Update**, to save the changes you have done.

## Library

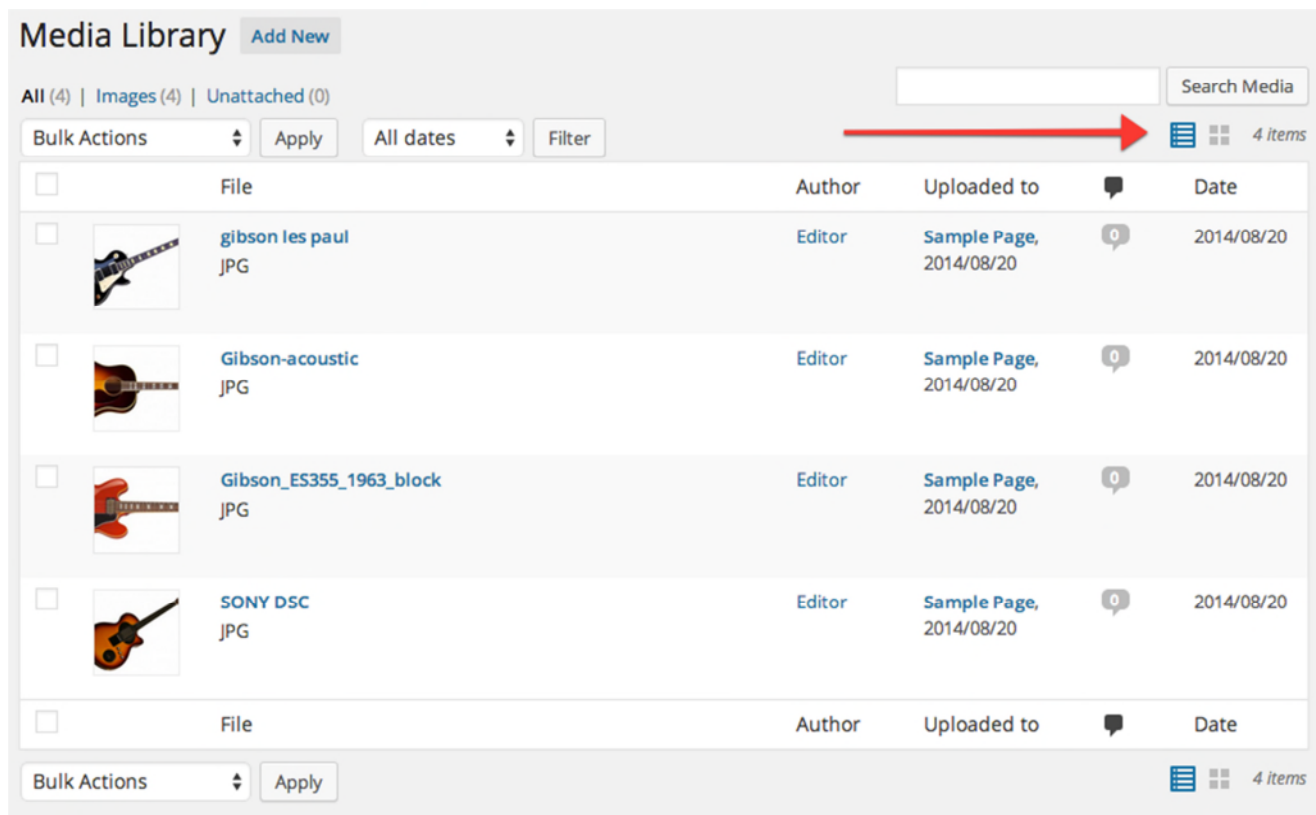
The **Media Library** can be accessed from the Media widget:



By default, the **Media Library** lists all the media that has been uploaded into the system in a Grid View.



You can toggle between the view options from **Grid View** to **List view** by clicking the icons above



The **Media Library** lists all the media that have been uploaded into the system. Whether you upload media directly into **pages** or **posts** or into the **media library**, once any media has been uploaded into the system it will be available for you to use in the media library. Once the media is in the **media library** it can be used on any page or post throughout the site.

At the top left of the **Media Library** screen, your media is sorted into type and tallied to give you a quick reference as to how much media, and what type of media, are available for you to use. Clicking on any of these headings will filter the list to media of that type only. At the top right of the screen there is a handy **Search** bar allowing you to search the **Media Library** for any files containing particular words. Underneath the **Search** bar is the number of **Items** the Media Library currently have.



**Technical:** This search function will search the file **names**, **titles** and **descriptions** of all files in the library.



Directly beneath the media type headings and search bar is the **Bulk Actions** drop down menu, which essentially allows you to delete multiple files at once as previously explained. Next to the **Bulk Actions** menu is a date filter that allows you to filter the media list to media uploaded in a certain month. Simply choose the date you require from the drop down list and click on the **Filter** button.

Below the bulk actions and filter tools is the list of media. The list displays a **thumbnail** of the media file, the file **name** and **type**, the **author** who uploaded the media, any pages or posts the media file is currently **attached** to, any **comments** on those pages or posts, and the **date** the media were uploaded. Media that are not an image will show a generic thumbnail for that media type. For example, Audio will show a thumbnail of musical notes, and Video will show a thumbnail of a clapperboard with a play button.

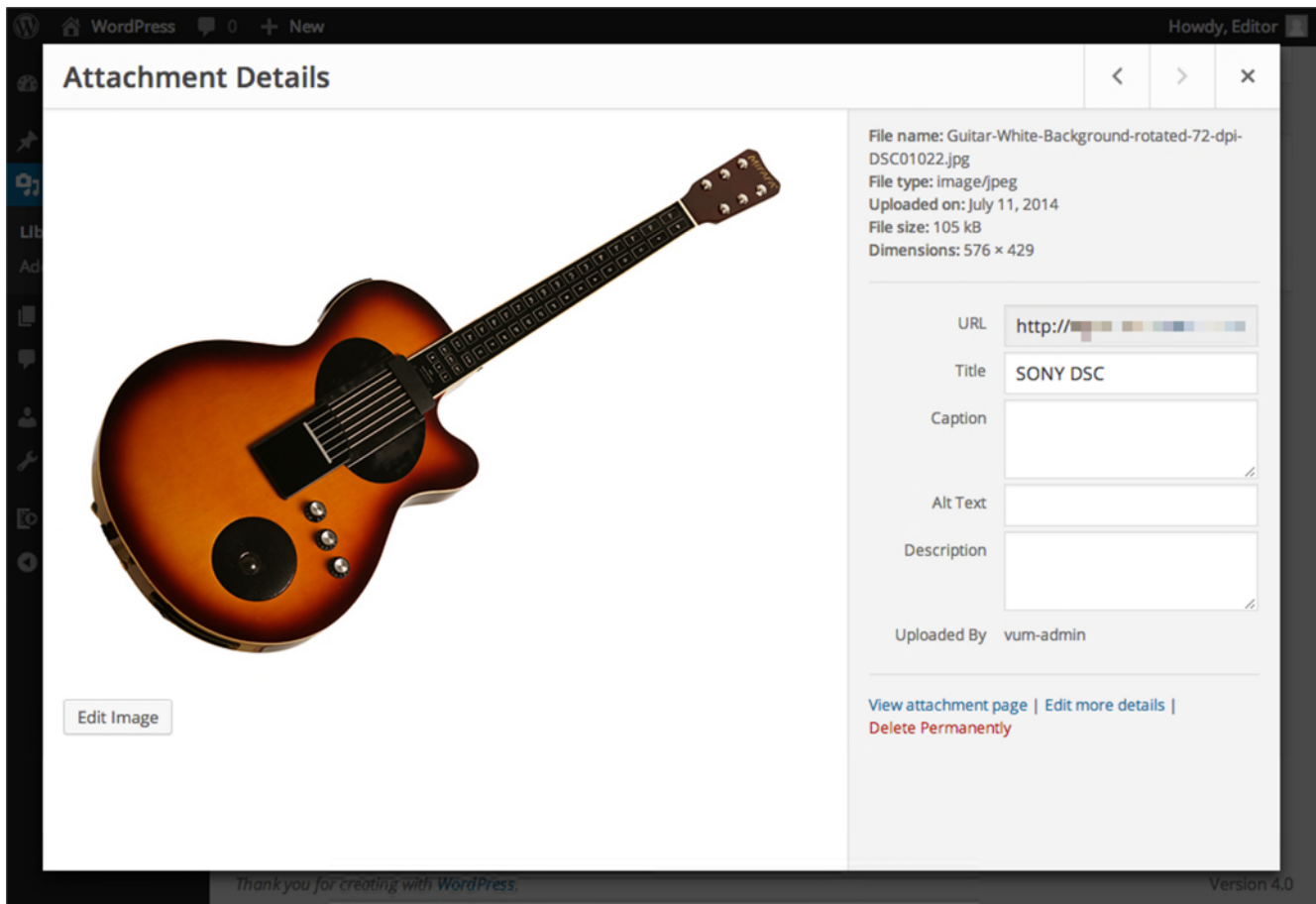
Clicking on the page or post in the "**Attached to**" column will take you to the **Edit** screen for that page or post.

Clicking on the **comments** icon will take you to the Edit screen, which is covered in more detail later.

Placing the mouse over the media file thumbnail or name will display the Options menu, allowing you to **Edit** or **Delete Permanently** the media file or **View** the media file as its own post.

### **Edit**

Clicking on a **thumbnail** on **Grid View** will pop-up a new window and allow you to edit your media details. Once you've made your changes, you can click the "x" button on the top right hand of the page and your changes will be saved automatically.



The screenshot shows the WordPress 'Attachment Details' interface. On the left, there is a large image of a sunburst electric guitar. Below the image is an 'Edit Image' button. On the right, there is a metadata panel with the following information:

- File name: Guitar-White-Background-rotated-72-dpi-DSC01022.jpg
- File type: image/jpeg
- Uploaded on: July 11, 2014
- File size: 105 kB
- Dimensions: 576 × 429

Below the metadata, there are input fields for:

- URL:
- Title:
- Caption:
- Alt Text:
- Description:

At the bottom of the metadata panel, it says 'Uploaded By vum-admin'. Below that, there are links: 'View attachment page | Edit more details | Delete Permanently'.

At the bottom of the WordPress interface, there is a footer that says 'Thank you for creating with WordPress.' and 'Version 4.0'.


Clicking on **Edit on List View**, or in fact the media file **name** or **thumbnail**, will take you to the **Edit Media** screen, which looks like this:

Screen Options ▾ Help ▾

Edit Media [Add New](#)

gibson-les-paul

Permalink: [http://websites.training/?attachment\\_id=44](http://websites.training/?attachment_id=44)



[Edit Image](#)

Caption

Alternative Text

Save ▾

Uploaded on: Aug 9, 2016 @ 02:35

File URL:  
<http://websites.training/wp-content/upl>

File name: gibson-les-paul.jpg

File type: JPG

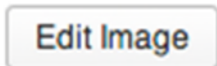
File size: 9 KB

Dimensions: 300 × 300

[Delete Permanently](#) [Update](#)

At the top of the **Edit Media** screen, you will find a larger thumbnail of the media file, the file name, type, and the date when it was uploaded.

Click on the **Edit Image** button (*button shown below*), and it will lead you to an image editor. This section is further explained when you click on the Next link below.



The fields you can edit are the **Title**, **Caption** and **Description**.

Once you are happy with your changes, click on the **Update Media** button.

### **Cropping Or Scaling An Image**

The Edit Media Toolbar





Crop



Rotate Counter Clockwise



Rotate Clockwise



Flip Vertically



Flip Horizontally



Undo




Redo


To crop an image, click and drag the mouse to the image to select the desired part. If satisfied with the desired part, click the crop icon in the Edit Media toolbar.

You may click the help link beside the image crop title to help you with cropping the image.

Edit Media [Add New](#) Screen Options ▾ Help ▾

Permalink: [http://websites.training/?attachment\\_id=44](http://websites.training/?attachment_id=44)





#### Scale Image ?

Original dimensions 300 × 300

New dimensions:

×

#### Image Crop ?


Aspect ratio:

:

Selection:


×

#### Thumbnail Settings ?



Current thumbnail

#### Save

 Uploaded on: Aug 9, 2016 @ 02:35

File URL:

File name: gibson-les-paul.jpg

File type: JPG

File size: 9 KB

Dimensions: 300 × 300

When you wish to scale an image, click Scale Image on the right part of the page.

### Scale Image ?

*You can proportionally scale the original image. For best results, scaling should be done before you crop, flip, or rotate. Images can only be scaled down, not up.*

Original dimensions 981 × 572

×

Change dimensions according to your desired size and hit the Scale button.

When done editing, you may hit Save and Update Media, to save the changes you have made.

### Other Editing Image Icons

Other editing icons for images include rotating counter-clockwise and clockwise, flipping vertically and horizontally, undo and redo.



You may rotate an image, either counter-clockwise or clockwise, with the help of the second and the third icon from the left of the editing image toolbar.

And you may flip an image, either vertically or horizontally, with the help of the fourth and fifth icon from the left of the editing image toolbar.

While the two other icons left were helpful, if you wish to undo or redo an editing action that you have just made.

Thumbnail Settings gives you an option on where do you want to apply the changes you made with the image.

### Thumbnail Settings ?

*You can edit the image while preserving the thumbnail. For example, you may wish to have a square thumbnail that displays just a section of the image.*



Current thumbnail

Apply changes to:

- All image sizes
- Thumbnail
- All sizes except thumbnail

When done editing, you may hit Save and Update Media, to save the changes you have done.

#### Delete

Clicking on the **Delete Permanently** option under any media file title will delete the media file permanently.



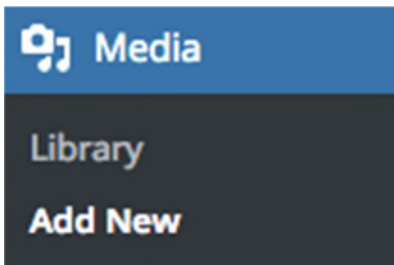
**Caution:** Once a media file has been deleted, you cannot get it back.

#### View

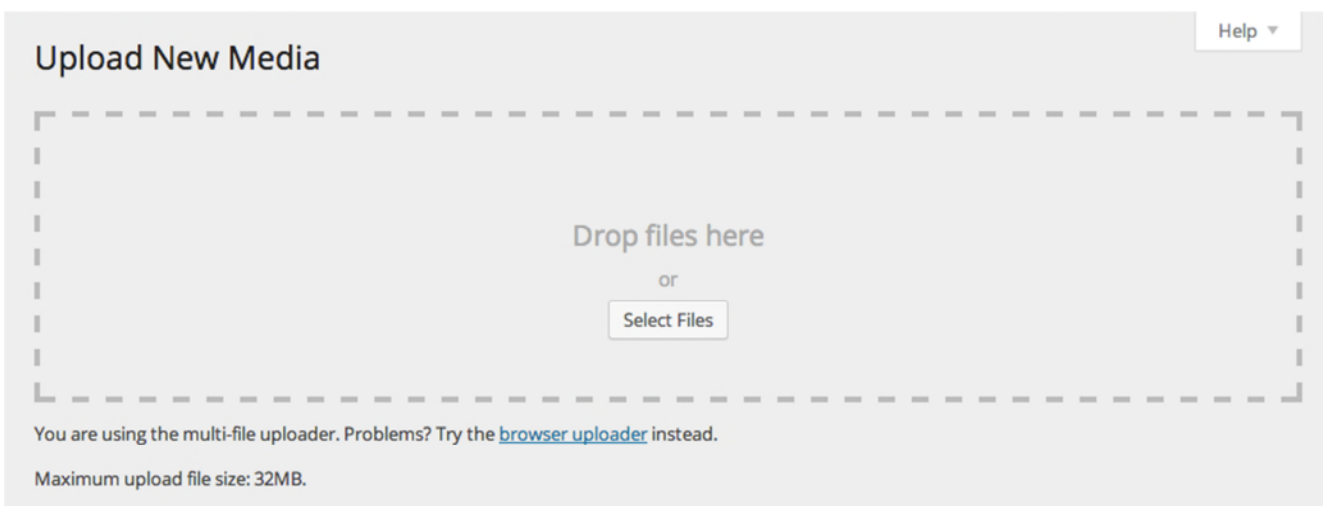
Clicking on **View** will show you the media file as its own **post** on your website.

### Add New

You can add new media directly to the media library by clicking on **Add New** in the **Media** widget:



The Add New Media, or **Upload New Media** screen looks like this:



To add new media either click on the **Select Files** button or drag and drop the media file that you wanted to upload. This functions exactly the same as adding media directly to a page or post.

Once you have uploaded your file you will be able to set the Title, Caption and Description for the file:

**Caption**  
gibson les paul

**Alternative Text**  
gibson les paul

**Description**

**b** **i** link b-quote del ins img ul ol li code close tags

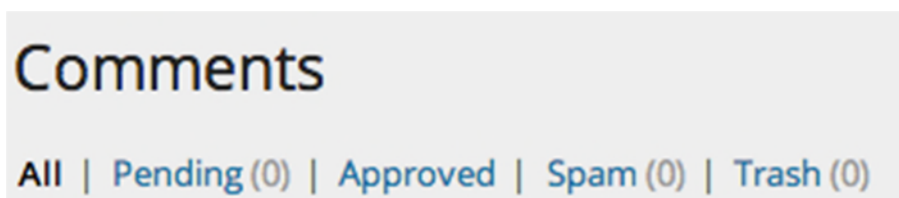
gibson les paul is amazing

Enter the **Title**, **Caption** and **Description** into the appropriate fields and click on the **Save all changes** button to save your changes in the media library.

## Comments



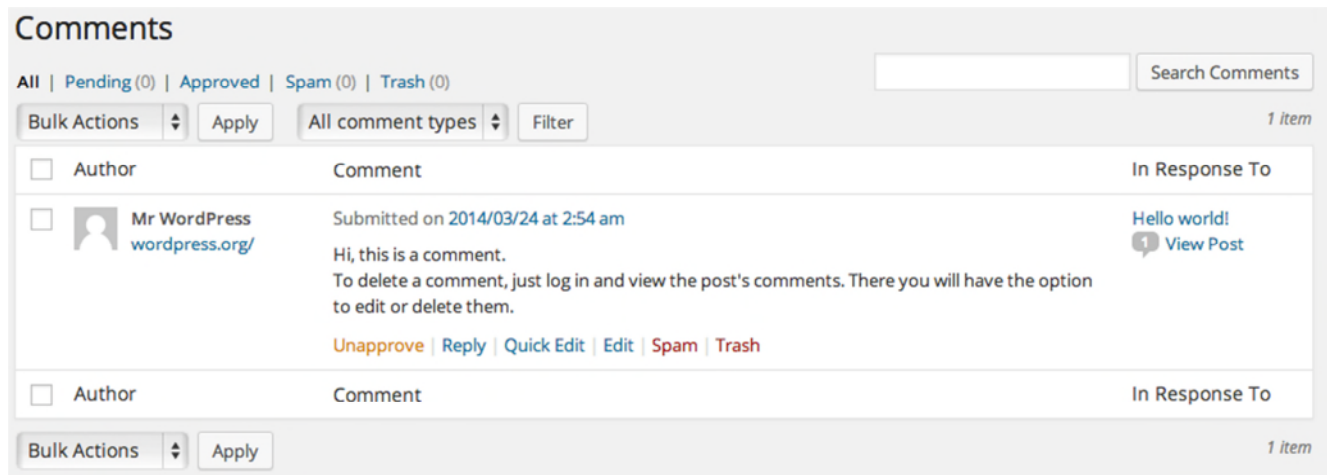
Visitors to your site can make comments on pages or posts. Comments are a good way to encourage user contributions to your site and help foster a sense of community. Comments may or may not be enabled on your site depending on how it has been developed.



**NB:** If you are unsure about whether or not comments are enabled, consult with your web developer or IT department.

If comments are enabled then you can **view**, **edit** and reply to comments by clicking on the **Comments** widget in the sidebar. You can also mark comments as **spam**, **approve** or **unapprove** them and **delete** them.

The **Edit Comments** screen looks like this:



This screen displays any comments made by visitors on your website. At the top left of the screen your comments are sorted into status and tallied. At the top right is the **Search** tool. Under the Search tool is the **Total** number of Comments.

Underneath the tally headings are the familiar **Bulk Actions** and **Filter** tools. The filter tool allows you to view **comments**, **pings** or both in the table list.

The table of comments displays the Author, that is the actual visitor to your website who made the comment, the comment itself and the post or page the comment was made on.

Placing the mouse over any comment in the list will display a menu of options. The comments menu options are:

- Approve/Unapprove**
- Reply**
- Quick Edit**
- Edit**
- Spam**, and
- Trash**

### Approve/Unapprove

If a comment is **approved** it will be visible to the public on your website. Depending on the nature and/or subject matter of the comment you may want to prevent it from being displayed on the website until further consideration by yourself or a colleague. If you "**Unapprove**" a comment it will be marked as **pending**. This means the comment remains in the system but is not published on the website until it is approved.

### Spam

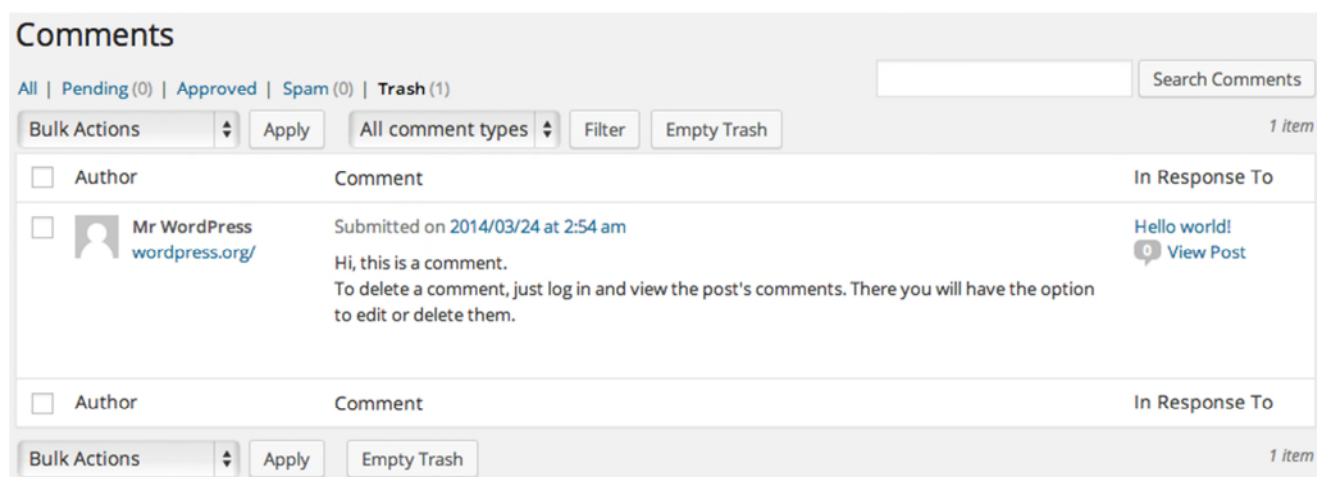
If a comment is considered **spam** it may automatically end up in the spam section, depending on how your site has been developed. If you think a comment is spam and it has been approved, or is marked as "pending", you can mark it as "**spam**" and the system will hold the comment in the spam section until further action. From the spam section you can approve comments to be published or delete them. This works in a similar way to the spam filters in many popular email programs.

### Trash

Clicking on the **Trash** option under any comment will move that comment to the **Trash** link located above, next to the **Spam** link.

Click the **Trash** link to locate all the items that you have deleted for the past 30 days.

Hover your mouse over to the title of the **comment** that you want to delete or restore, and a sub-menu of options will appear below.



Choose **Restore** to recover back your deleted comment or choose **Delete Permanently** to delete the comment forever.

### Edit

The **Edit Comment** screen looks like this:



Help ▾

## Edit Comment

Permalink: <http://websites.training/?p=1#comment-2>

**Author**


Name:

Email:

URL:

**Status**

Approved  
 Pending  
 Spam

 Submitted on: Aug 9, 2016 @ 03:41 [Edit](#)

In response to: [Hello world!](#)

[Move to Trash](#) [Update](#)

**Rich Text Editor**

**b** *i* [link](#) **b-quote** **del** **ins** **img** **ul** **ol** **li** **code** **close tags**

This is a sample comment

This screen allows you to edit the comment, including the **author's name**, **email** and **URL**, as well as the body of the **comment**. You can also change the status of the comment by using the radio buttons in the right-hand side **Status** widget.

To save your changes, click on the **Update Comment** button or click on the **Move to Trash** link to move the comment to Trash.

### Quick Edit


The Quick Edit comment screen looks like this:

| <input type="checkbox"/> Author                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Comment                                                                                                                            | In Response To                                |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Name <input type="text" value="Sample Comment"/> E-mail <input type="text" value="norman@videousermanL"/> URL <input type="text"/> |                                               |
| <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px;"> <div style="border-bottom: 1px solid #ccc; padding-bottom: 5px;"> <span>b</span> <span>i</span> <span>link</span> <span>b-quote</span> <span>del</span> <span>ins</span> <span>img</span> <span>ul</span> <span>ol</span> <span>li</span> <span>code</span> <span>close tags</span> </div> <div style="padding: 5px;"> <p>This is a sample comment</p> </div> </div> |                                                                                                                                    |                                               |
| <input type="button" value="Cancel"/>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                    | <input type="button" value="Update Comment"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Author                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Comment                                                                                                                            | In Response To                                |

This screen allows you to edit the **author's name**, **email** and **URL** as well as the body of the **comment** from within the comments list table, without loading a whole new page.

## Reply

The Reply To Comment screen looks like this:

| <input type="checkbox"/> Author                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Comment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | In Response To                                                                                                                            |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | <div style="display: flex; align-items: flex-start;"> <div style="margin-right: 10px;"> <br/>           Mr WordPress<br/> <a href="http://wordpress.org/">wordpress.org/</a> </div> <div> <p>Submitted on <span style="color: blue;">2014/03/24 at 2:54 am</span></p> <p>Hi, this is a comment.</p> <p>To delete a comment, just log in and view the post's comments. There you will have the option to edit or delete them.</p> </div> </div> | <p>Hello world!</p> <p><span style="border: 1px solid #ccc; border-radius: 50%; padding: 2px 5px;">1</span> <a href="#">View Post</a></p> |
| <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px;"> <p><b>Reply to Comment</b></p> <div style="border-bottom: 1px solid #ccc; padding-bottom: 5px;"> <span>b</span> <span>i</span> <span>link</span> <span>b-quote</span> <span>del</span> <span>ins</span> <span>img</span> <span>ul</span> <span>ol</span> <span>li</span> <span>code</span> <span>close tags</span> </div> <div style="padding: 5px; min-height: 100px;"> </div> </div> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                           |
| <input type="button" value="Cancel"/>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | <input type="button" value="Reply"/>                                                                                                      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Author                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Comment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | In Response To                                                                                                                            |

This screen allows you to reply to any comment on your website. Simply enter your reply in the bottom half of the **editor** and click on the **Reply** button or the **Cancel** button to cancel your reply. Once you submit a reply it will be published on you website for the public to view.



## Tools

### Press This

Some of the following information has been sourced from Lorelle on WordPress:

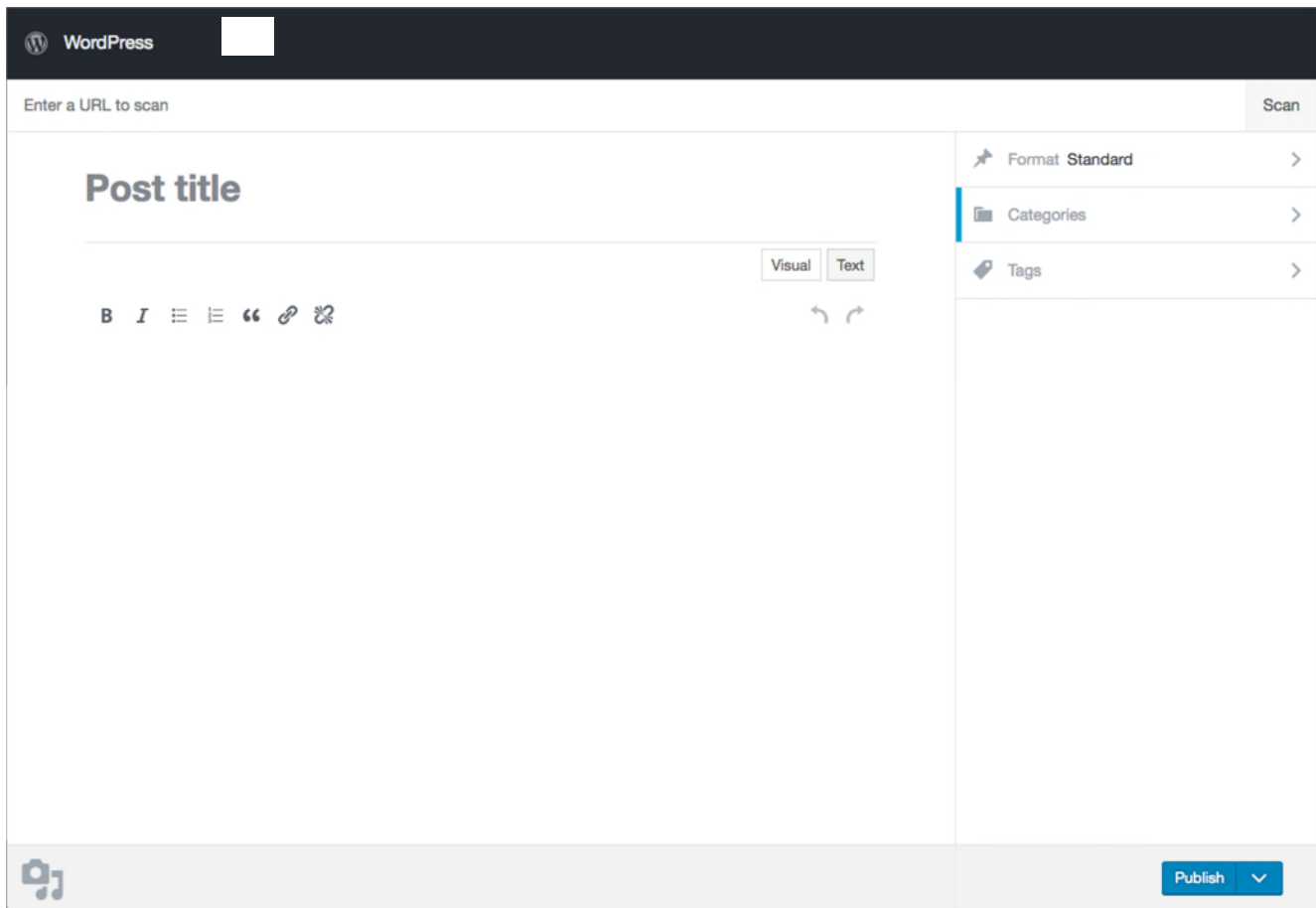
<http://lorelle.wordpress.com/2005/09/15/wordpress-power-user-features-just-press-it/>

**Press This** is a bookmarklet: a little application that runs in your web browser (Internet Explorer, Firefox, Safari) and lets you grab bits of websites and publish them on your website.

You need to save the **Press This** application to your bookmarks or favorites before you can use it.

Then, when you are visiting a site you want to post about on your website, just click the **Press This** link in your favorites or bookmarks and a window will pop up with either your website's **login** or, if you are already logged in, a condensed version of the Write Post screen. Inside will be the title filled out with the title of the website you are visiting (if there is one) and a link in the **Editing** text area. You just fill in the text, mark the categories, then save it as a **draft** or **private** or **publish** it.

The **Press This** screen looks like this:



**NB:** Before using **Press This** you should consult with your web developer or IT department and you should seek legal advice regarding using content from other websites on your own site.